



# North Dakota Community Readiness Survey, 2022

Mike Dorssom, M.A., Associate Research Scientist

With assistance of  
Brian Harnisch, M.B.A., Senior Research Scientist  
Angelique Phillips, Project Coordinator

Wyoming Survey & Analysis Center  
University of Wyoming  
1000 E. University Avenue, Department 3592  
Laramie, Wyoming 82071  
307.766.2189 | [wysac@uwyo.edu](mailto:wysac@uwyo.edu)  
[www.uwyo.edu/wysac](http://www.uwyo.edu/wysac)

WYSAC Technical Report No. SRC-2206

## ABOUT THIS REPORT

This publication was produced for the North Dakota Department of Health and Human Services, Behavioral Health Division

## CITATION

WYSAC (2022). *North Dakota Community Readiness Survey, 2022* by Dorssom, M. (WYSAC Technical Report No. SRC-2206). Laramie: Wyoming Survey & Analysis Center, University of Wyoming.

*Short Reference: WYSAC (2022), North Dakota Community Readiness Survey, 2022.*

© 2022 WYOMING SURVEY & ANALYSIS CENTER

# Contents

Contents.....	3
List of Figures .....	4
List of Tables.....	5
Introduction .....	10
Methods.....	11
Questionnaire Development .....	11
Sampling Frame, Sample Design, and Sample Size .....	13
Mode of Data Collection .....	14
Survey Administration.....	14
Response Rates and Margins of Error.....	15
Data Compilation and Analysis.....	15
Key Findings.....	17
Legalization of Marijuana.....	17
Attitudes on Alcohol and Youth.....	18
Cultural Acceptance of Youth Alcohol Use .....	18
Support and Opposition to Alcohol Prevention Laws .....	22
Perceived Difficulty of Engaging in Alcohol-Related Activities.....	25
Importance of Alcohol Prevention .....	29
Attitudes on Flavored Tobacco .....	30
Complete Survey Results.....	32
State-wide Estimates.....	32
State-wide and Population Density Area Estimates .....	80

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1: North Dakota Human Service Regions ..... 13

Figure 2: North Dakotans’ Support/Opposition to Legalizing Marijuana..... 17

Figure 3: Youth Alcohol Use as a Perceived Problem in the Community ..... 18

Figure 4: North Dakotans’ Agreement/Disagreement about the Acceptability of Youth Drinking at Parties. .... 19

Figure 5: North Dakotans’ Agreement/Disagreement about Acceptability of Youth Drinking as Long as They Do Not Drive..... 19

Figure 6: North Dakotans’ Agreement/Disagreement about Youth Growing Out of Alcohol and Drug Experimentation..... 20

Figure 7: North Dakotans’ Agreement/Disagreement about Teenage Drinking as an Acceptable Behavior..... 21

Figure 8: North Dakotans’ Agreement/Disagreement about whether Law Enforcement Should Spend More Time Enforcing Minimum Drinking Age ..... 21

Figure 9: North Dakotans’ Agreement/Disagreement to the Idea that a Law Should Prohibit Parents from Giving Alcohol to Their Children ..... 22

Figure 10: North Dakotans’ Support/Opposition to Minimum Legal Drinking Age of 21. .... 23

Figure 11: North Dakotans’ Support/Opposition to Penalties for Adults Who Provide Alcohol to Youth..... 23

Figure 12: North Dakotans’ Support/Opposition to Compliance Checks ..... 24

Figure 13: North Dakotans’ Support/Opposition to Requiring Youth Who Receive a MIP to Participate in Early Intervention Program ..... 24

Figure 14: Perceived Difficulty of Youth Buying Alcohol at Stores..... 25

Figure 15: Perceived Difficulty of Youth Having an Older Person Buy Alcohol for Them. .... 26

Figure 16: Perceived Difficulty of Youth Obtaining Alcohol by Ordering a Drink at a Bar. .... 26

Figure 17: Perceived Difficulty of Youth Sneaking Alcohol from Home or Friend’s Home..... 27

Figure 18: Perceived Difficulty of Youth Getting Alcohol from Their Parents..... 28

Figure 19: Perceived Difficulty of Youth Getting Alcohol from Other Family Members..... 28

Figure 20: Perceived Importance of Alcohol and Drug Use Prevention..... 29

Figure 21: North Dakotans’ Support/Opposition to Laws that Restrict the Sale of Flavored Tobacco Products to Adult-Only Stores ..... 30

Figure 22: North Dakotans’ Support/Opposition to Laws that Restrict the Sale of Flavored Tobacco Products Where They Live..... 31

Figure 23: North Dakotans’ Agreement/Disagreement That They are Concerned that Tobacco Companies Add Flavors to Tobacco ..... 31

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1. 2022 North Dakota Community Readiness Survey Facts..... 10

Table 2. Completions by Region. .... 15

Table 3 Alcohol Use in Community as a Problem among Adults ..... 33

Table 4 Alcohol Use in Community as a Problem among Youth..... 33

Table 5 Tobacco Use in Community as a Problem among Adults..... 34

Table 6 Tobacco Use in Community as a Problem among Youth..... 34

Table 7 Marijuana Use in Community as a Problem among Adults ..... 35

Table 8 Marijuana Use in Community as a Problem among Youth ..... 35

Table 9 Inhalants Use in Community as a Problem among Adults..... 36

Table 10 Inhalants Use in Community as a Problem among Youth..... 36

Table 11 Cocaine Use in Community as a Problem among Adults ..... 37

Table 12 Cocaine Use in Community as a Problem among Youth ..... 37

Table 13 Heroin Use in Community as a Problem among Adults..... 38

Table 14 Heroin Use in Community as a Problem among Youth ..... 38

Table 15 Ecstasy Use in Community as a Problem among Adults ..... 39

Table 16 Ecstasy Use in Community as a Problem among Youth ..... 39

Table 17 Methamphetamine Use in Community as a Problem among Adults..... 40

Table 18 Methamphetamine Use in Community as a Problem among Youth..... 40

Table 19 Over-the-Counter Drugs Use in Community as a Problem among Adults..... 41

Table 20 Over-the-Counter Drugs Use in Community as a Problem among Youth..... 41

Table 21 Prescription Drugs Use in Community as a Problem among Adults..... 42

Table 22 Prescription Drugs Use in Community as a Problem among Youth ..... 42

Table 23 Synthetic Drugs Use in Community as a Problem among Adults..... 43

Table 24 Synthetic Drugs Use in Community as a Problem among Youth ..... 43

Table 25 Intravenous (IV) Drugs Use in Community as a Problem among Adults ..... 44

Table 26 Intravenous (IV) Drugs Use in Community as a Problem among Youth ..... 44

Table 27 Contribution of Drugs/Alcohol to Crashes/Injuries ..... 45

Table 28 Contribution of Drugs/Alcohol to Crimes ..... 45

Table 29 Contribution of Drugs/Alcohol to Health Problems ..... 46

Table 30 Contribution of Drug Use to the Spread of Disease ..... 46

Table 31 Okay for Youth to Drink at Parties if they Don’t Get Drunk ..... 47

Table 32 Okay for Youth to Drink if they Don’t Drive ..... 47

Table 33 Okay for Youth to Smoke Cigarettes..... 48

Table 34 Okay for Youth to Use E-cigarettes..... 48

Table 35 Youth Will Grow Out of Experimentation with Alcohol/Drugs ..... 49

Table 36 Okay for Parents to Give Others’ Kids Alcohol..... 49

Table 37 Teen Drinking Accepted in Community..... 50

Table 38 Okay to Drive Under the Influence ..... 50

Table 39 Okay to Ride with Someone Under the Influence ..... 51

Table 40 More Time Enforcing Minimum Drinking Age..... 51

Table 41 Schools Dealing with Alcohol/Drug Problems ..... 52

Table 42 Reduce Alcohol/Drug Problems Through Prevention..... 52

Table 43 Alcohol/Drug Prevention Programs are a Good Investment..... 53

Table 44 Alcohol/Drug Prevention Programs are Responsibility of Community ..... 53

Table 45 PSAs Change Attitudes About Alcohol/Drug use..... 54

Table 46 Taxes on Alcohol Should be Increased..... 54

Table 47 Taxes on Tobacco Products Should be Increased ..... 55

Table 48 E-cigarettes Should be Taxed Same as Other Tobacco..... 55

Table 49 Drinking and Driving Enforced in Community ..... 56

Table 50 Should Prohibit Giving Alcohol to Own Children..... 56

Table 51 Servers/Bartenders Should be Specially Trained..... 57

Table 52 Support/Oppose Minimum Legal Drinking Age of 21 ..... 57

Table 53 Support/Oppose Penalties for Adults that Buy Alcohol for Youth..... 58

Table 54 Support/Oppose Compliance Checks ..... 58

Table 55 Support/Oppose Restrictions on Alcohol Discounts..... 59

Table 57 Support/Oppose DUI Checkpoints..... 59

Table 58 Support/Oppose Legalization of Marijuana for Personal Use..... 60

Table 59 Difficulty of Youth Buying Alcohol..... 62

Table 60 Difficulty of Youth Getting an Adult to Buy Them Alcohol..... 63

Table 61 Difficulty of Youth Ordering a Drink at a Bar..... 63

Table 62 Difficulty of Youth Sneaking Alcohol From Home ..... 64

Table 63 Difficulty of Youth Getting Alcohol From Parents..... 64

Table 64 Difficulty of Youth Getting Alcohol From Other Family Member..... 65

Table 65 Difficulty of Youth Buying Tobacco Products ..... 65

Table 66 Difficulty of Accessing Marijuana for a Medical Purpose..... 66

Table 67 Difficulty of Accessing Marijuana for Personal Use..... 66

Table 68 Difficulty of Accessing Inhalants ..... 67

Table 69 Difficulty of Accessing Cocaine..... 67

Table 70 Difficulty of Accessing Heroin ..... 68

Table 71 Difficulty of Accessing Ecstasy..... 68

Table 72 Difficulty of Accessing Methamphetamine ..... 69

Table 73 Difficulty of Accessing Over-the-Counter Drugs ..... 69

Table 74 Difficulty of Accessing Prescription Drugs ..... 70

Table 75 Difficulty of Accessing Synthetic Drugs ..... 70

Table 76 Difficulty of Accessing Intravenous (IV) Drugs..... 71

Table 77 Preventing Alcohol/Drug Use among Youth is Important ..... 71

Table 78 Sufficient Alcohol/Drug Abuse Prevention Programs in Community ..... 72

Table 79 Leaders in Community Want to Reduce Alcohol/Drug Use/Abuse ..... 72

Table 80 Know Where to Go For Help with Drug/Alcohol Abuse ..... 73

Table 81 Community Policies Address Misuse of Alcohol/Drugs..... 73

Table 82 Community Takes Action to Prevent Misuse of Alcohol/Drugs..... 74

Table 83 Age..... 75

Table 84 Gender..... 75

Table 85 Race/Ethnic Background ..... 76

Table 86 Hispanic Origin ..... 76

Table 87 Employment..... 77

Table 88 Employment Sector ..... 78

Table 89 Children ..... 79

Table 90 Alcohol Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA ..... 81

Table 91 Alcohol Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA..... 82

Table 92 Tobacco Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA..... 83

Table 93 Tobacco Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA..... 84

Table 94 Marijuana Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA..... 85

Table 95 Marijuana Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA ..... 86

Table 96 Inhalants Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA..... 87

Table 97 Inhalants Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA..... 88

Table 98 Cocaine Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA ..... 89

Table 99 Cocaine Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA ..... 90

Table 100 Heroin Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA..... 91

Table 101 Heroin Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA..... 92

Table 102 Ecstasy Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA..... 93

Table 103 Ecstasy Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA ..... 94

Table 104 Methamphetamine Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA..... 95

Table 105 Methamphetamine Use in Community as a Problem Among youth by PDA ..... 96

Table 106 Over-the-Counter Drugs Use in Community as a Problem Among adults by PDA... 97

Table 107 Over-the-Counter Drugs Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA... 98

Table 108 Prescription Drugs Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA..... 99

Table 109 Prescription Drugs Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA..... 100

Table 110 Synthetic Drugs Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA..... 101

Table 111 Synthetic Drugs Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA ..... 102

Table 112 Intravenous (IV) Drugs Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA.. 103

Table 113 Intravenous (IV) Drugs Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA ... 104

Table 114 Contribution of Drugs/Alcohol to Crashes/Injuries by PDA ..... 105

Table 115 Contribution of Drugs/Alcohol to Crimes by PDA ..... 106

Table 116 Contribution of Drugs/Alcohol to Health Problems by PDA ..... 107

Table 117 Contribution of Drug Use to the Spread of Disease by PDA ..... 108

Table 118 Okay for Youth to Drink at Parties Without Getting Drunk by PDA..... 109

Table 119 Okay for Youth to Drink if they Don't Drive by PDA ..... 110

Table 120 Okay for Youth to Smoke Cigarettes by PDA..... 111

Table 121 Okay for Youth to Use E-cigarettes by PDA..... 112

Table 122 Youth Will Grow Out of Experimentation with Alcohol/Drugs by PDA ..... 113

Table 123 Okay for Parents to Give Others' Kids Alcohol by PDA ..... 114

Table 124 Teen Drinking Accepted in Community by PDA..... 115

Table 125 Okay to Drive Under the Influence by PDA ..... 116

Table 126 Okay to Ride with Someone Under the Influence by PDA..... 117

Table 127 More Time Enforcing Minimum Drinking Age by PDA..... 118

Table 128 Schools Dealing with Alcohol/Drug Problems by PDA ..... 119

Table 129 Reduce Alcohol/Drug Problems Through Prevention by PDA..... 120

Table 130 Alcohol/Drug Prevention Programs are Good Investment by PDA..... 121

Table 131 Alcohol/Drug Prevention Programs are Responsibility of Community by PDA ..... 122

Table 132 PSAs Change Attitudes About Alcohol/Drug use by PDA..... 123

Table 133 Taxes on Alcohol Should be Increased by PDA..... 124

Table 134 Taxes on Tobacco Products Should be Increased by PDA ..... 125

Table 135 E-cigarettes Should be Taxed Same as Other Tobacco by PDA..... 126

Table 136 Drinking and Driving Enforced in Community by PDA ..... 127

Table 137 Should Prohibit Giving Alcohol to Own Children by PDA..... 128

Table 138 Servers/Bartenders Should be Specially Trained by PDA ..... 129

Table 142 Support/Oppose Minimum Legal Drinking Age of 21 by PDA ..... 130

Table 143 Support/Oppose Penalties for Adults that Buy Alcohol for Youth by PDA..... 131

Table 144 Support/Oppose Compliance Checks by PDA..... 132

Table 145 Support/Oppose Restrictions on Alcohol Discounts by PDA..... 133

Table 147 Support/Oppose DUI Checkpoints by PDA ..... 134

Table 148 Support/Oppose Legalizing Marijuana for Personal Use by PDA..... 135

Table 149 Difficulty of Youth Buying Alcohol by PDA..... 140

Table 150 Difficulty of Youth Getting Adult to Buy Them Alcohol by PDA ..... 141

Table 151 Difficulty of Youth Ordering a Drink at a Bar by PDA..... 142

Table 152 Difficulty of Youth Sneaking Alcohol From Home by PDA..... 143

Table 153 Difficulty of Youth Getting Alcohol From Parents by PDA..... 144

Table 154 Difficulty of Youth Getting Alcohol From Other Family Member by PDA..... 145

Table 155 Difficulty of Youth Buying Tobacco Products by PDA ..... 146



Table 156 Difficulty of Accessing Marijuana for a Medical Purpose by PDA..... 147

Table 157 Difficulty of Accessing Marijuana for Personal Use by PDA..... 148

Table 158 Difficulty of Accessing Inhalants by PDA ..... 149

Table 159 Difficulty of Accessing Cocaine by PDA..... 150

Table 160 Difficulty of Accessing Heroin by PDA ..... 151

Table 161 Difficulty of Accessing Ecstasy by PDA..... 152

Table 162 Difficulty of Accessing Methamphetamine by PDA..... 153

Table 163 Difficulty of Accessing Over-the-Counter Drugs by PDA ..... 154

Table 164 Difficulty of Accessing Prescription Drugs by PDA ..... 155

Table 165 Difficulty of Accessing Synthetic Drugs by PDA ..... 156

Table 166 Difficulty of Accessing Intravenous (IV) Drugs by PDA..... 157

Table 167 Preventing Alcohol/Drug Use Among Youth is Important by PDA ..... 158

Table 168 Sufficient Alcohol/Drug Abuse Prevention Programs in Community by PDA ..... 159

Table 169 Leaders in Community Want to Reduce Alcohol/Drug Use/Abuse by PDA ..... 160

Table 170 Know Where to Go For Help with Drug/Alcohol Abuse by PDA ..... 161

Table 171 Community Policies Address Misuse of Alcohol/Drugs by PDA..... 162

Table 172 Community Takes Action to Prevent Misuse of Alcohol/Drugs by PDA..... 163

Table 173 Age by PDA..... 165

Table 174 Gender by PDA..... 165

Table 175 Race/Ethnic Background by PDA..... 166

Table 176 Hispanic Origin by PDA ..... 167

Table 177 Employment by PDA..... 168

Table 173 Employment Sector by PDA ..... 169

Table 174 Children by PDA ..... 170

# Introduction

The Wyoming Survey & Analysis Center (WYSAC) at the University of Wyoming (UW) completed a survey of North Dakota residents measuring community- and state-level attitudes toward and awareness of drugs and alcohol use. The survey was commissioned by the North Dakota Department of Health and Human Services, Behavioral Health Division, envisioning a study designed to assess the public’s support for drug and alcohol abuse prevention initiatives. This is the fourth iteration of this state-wide survey conducted by WYSAC, allowing for change to be tracked over time. As was the case with the surveys conducted in 2015, 2017, and 2019 the results will be used to inform policymaking efforts and to provide information to the public in social marketing and public service announcements.

**Table 1. 2022 North Dakota Community Readiness Survey Facts**

**Start and End Dates**

May, 2022 – Sept., 2022

**Completed Surveys**

1802 Total

Online – 1115 (62%)

Paper - 687 (38%)

**Valid Response Rate**

22.7%

**Questionnaire Length**

4 pages, 92 items

**Margin of Error State-wide**

± 2.3 Percentage Points at 95% Confidence

**Margin of Error Regional**

From ± 6.0 to ± 8.6 Percentage Points at 95% Confidence

# Methods

## *Questionnaire Development*

The Community Readiness Survey (CRS) was first developed and administered in North Dakota in 2008. A large portion of the questionnaire came from the Minnesota Institute of Public Health's survey of the same name (Beebe, Harrison, Sharma, Hedger, 2001)<sup>1</sup>. The North Dakota Department of Health and Human Services, Behavioral Health Division (DHHS) adapted the Minnesota survey to account for specific local data needs and prevention topics. After the 2008 study, DHHS worked closely with the Native American Tribal organizations within the state to create a tribal-specific form of the CRS, called the Tribal Readiness Survey.

For the more current iterations of the CRS, the DHHS formed a workgroup consisting of DHHS staff and the evaluation team of the North Dakota Strategic Prevention Framework State Incentive Grant (SPF SIG). This workgroup reviewed both the 2008 CRS and the TRS. These surveys served as the basis for the 2015, 2017, 2019, and 2022 CRSs. The workgroup retained the content of previous iterations and updated the survey instrument slightly to meet current needs and better correlate the CRS and the TRS. WYSAC sought and obtained the University of Wyoming Institutional Review Board approval for the survey.

After the questionnaire received final approval from DHHS, the survey instrument was formatted into an Optical Mark Recognition (OMR) scannable document using Teleform software and programmed for online survey administration.

Revisions occurred for the 2017 survey instrument, including the removal of question 6G ("Do you support or oppose each of the following measures: Legalizing marijuana use for medical purposes if a doctor prescribes it") and the splitting of a single item (Q8A: In your opinion, how difficult is access to each of the following substances for adults or youth in your community? – Marijuana) into two distinct items (Q8A: In your opinion, how difficult is access to each of the following substances for adults or youth in your community? – Marijuana for medical use if a doctor prescribes it; and Q8B: In your opinion, how difficult is access to each of the following substances for adults or youth in your community? – Marijuana for personal use).

Revisions also occurred for the 2022 instrument, most notably the removal of a series of questions regarding level of support for bans on liquor advertisements on TV, beer and wine

---

<sup>1</sup>Beebe, T. J., Harrison, P. A., Sharma, A., & Hedger, S. (2001). The Community Readiness Survey Development and Initial Validation. *Evaluation Review*, 25(1), 55–71. <http://doi.org/10.1177/0193841X0102500103>

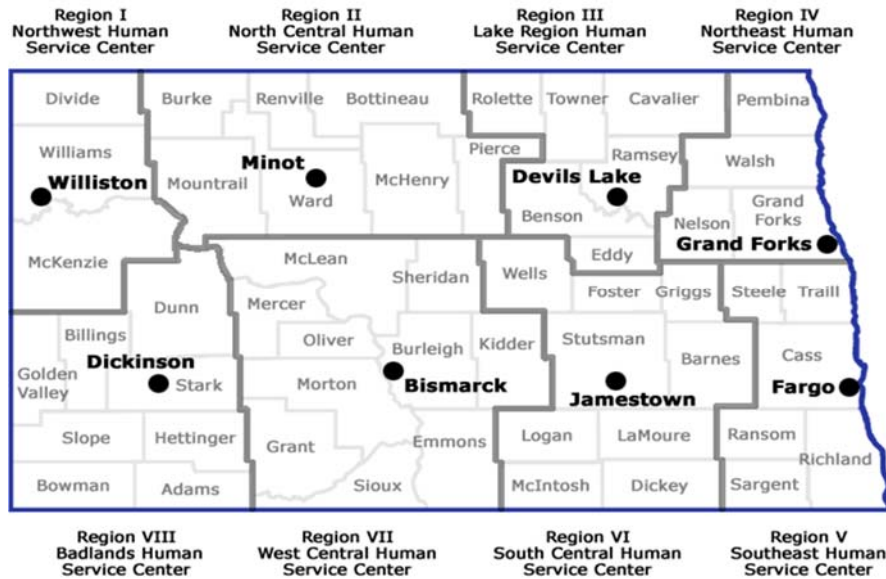
advertisements on TV, and billboard alcohol advertisements (2019 – Q5). A question measuring level of agreement with the statement, “The minimum age of purchase and possession of tobacco products should be raised to age 21” (2019 – Q4\_e) was moved to a block of questions measuring support for various measures, “Do you support or oppose each of the following measures...The law which requires youth to be age 21 to purchase and possess tobacco products.” (2022 – Q5J). Finally, multiple new questions were added to the 2022 survey instrument including a series of questions measuring support of measures and ordinances related to “Minor in Possession” and flavored tobacco products (see Q5G – Q5I), and agreement with a statement regarding flavored tobacco products (see Q8G).

## Sampling Frame, Sample Design, and Sample Size

The sampling frame for this survey consisted of all North Dakota households with mailable addresses.

The specifications of the survey called for confidence intervals of about  $\pm 3$  percentage points at the state level and  $\pm 7$  percentage points at the human service regions level, with 95% confidence. This translated to about 200 completed surveys at the regional level for a total of 1600 completed surveys statewide. Anticipating a response rate of about 20%, to meet the target number of completed surveys, WYSAC obtained a disproportionately stratified probability sample of 8,800 mailable addresses. The sample was stratified according to the North Dakota Human Service geographic regions (see Figure 1).

**Figure 1: North Dakota Human Service Regions**



Source: North Dakota Department of Health and Human Services

WYOMING SURVEY & ANALYSIS CENTER

The researchers purchased the sample of 8,800 mailable addresses from the Marketing Systems Group (Genesys), a leading national vendor specializing in the generation of scientific samples. The sample drew from the U.S. Postal Service delivery sequence file, which included all mailable addresses in North Dakota (both physical and post office boxes). This sampling frame provided the most complete coverage available, as every household that receives mail had an opportunity to be included in the survey sample. There was no random selection of respondents

within households; any adult household member who agreed to participate could complete the survey.

## *Mode of Data Collection*

As was the case in 2015, 2017, and 2019, a mixed-mode of data collection was decided upon for this project. Potential respondents were given the option to complete the survey online or use the paper copy mailed to them. With the ever-growing internet connectivity of households, including the online option to complete surveys has become routine when using address-based samples. Using mixed-modes of data collection is intended to “minimize total survey error as much as possible within resource and time constraints”.<sup>2</sup>

## *Survey Administration*

Survey administration protocols replicated those employed in 2019. Data collection began in late May, 2022 and closed on September 30, 2022. A \$2 non-contingent cash incentive was included in the mailings.

The survey administration protocols included the following steps:

- First, a letter was mailed to all households drawn into the sample. This letter was authored and signed by the North Dakota Department of Health and Human Services. It explained the purpose and importance of the survey, and solicited participation. The URL address of the online version of the survey and a unique access code was provided. This first mailing went out on May 31<sup>st</sup>, 2022. It was in this mailing that the \$2 bill was included.
- After enough time for the returned mail to be processed (about three weeks) the paper version of the survey was mailed to all who had not responded online. This mailing included a postage-paid return envelope and was accompanied by a reminder letter, authored by WYSAC. The option to complete the survey online was once again offered.
- In mid-July, 2022, a reminder letter was mailed to all households who had not responded with completed surveys.
- The final mailing occurred on August 22<sup>nd</sup>, 2022. It contained a replacement copy of the paper questionnaire, a reminder letter authored by WYSAC, and a postage paid return envelope.

---

<sup>2</sup> Dillman, Don A., Smith J. D., Christian L.M. (2014) Internet, Phone, Mail, and Mixed-Mode Surveys. The Tailored Design. John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

The return address for all outgoing mail used the logo of the North Dakota Department of Health and Human Services, c/o the WYSAC return mailing address.

## *Response Rates and Margins of Error*

By the close of data collection, a total of 1,802 completed surveys were obtained. Of those, 1115 were completed online and 687 by mail/paper version. The number of completions by region ranged from 131 to 267 and response rates ranged from 14.3% to 26.4% respectively, as shown in Table 2.

Random samples of 1,802 yield margins of error of  $\pm 2.3$  percentage points with 95% confidence. Random samples within the different Human Service Regions of about 200 yield margins of error of about  $\pm 6.5$  percentage points with 95% confidence.

**Table 2. Completions by Region.**

Region	Total	RR	MOE
R1=North West	<b>131</b>	14.3%	$\pm 8.6$
R2=North Central	<b>227</b>	22.6%	$\pm 6.5$
R3=Lake Region	<b>221</b>	22.2%	$\pm 6.6$
R4=North East	<b>220</b>	22.2%	$\pm 6.6$
R5=South East	<b>265</b>	26.4%	$\pm 6.0$
R6=South Central	<b>265</b>	26.0%	$\pm 6.0$
R7=West Central	<b>267</b>	25.6%	$\pm 6.0$
R8=Badlands	<b>204</b>	21.5%	$\pm 6.9$
<b>Total</b>	<b>1802*</b>	22.7%	$\pm 2.3$

*\*There were 2 survey responses with region identifying information removed by respondent.*

WYOMING SURVEY & ANALYSIS CENTER

## *Data Compilation and Analysis*

Upon completion of the data collection, the research team scanned the completed paper version using Teleform software and verified the data entry. Responses to open-ended questions were manually typed and added to the database. The team then merged the paper-survey data file with the data collected online, and checked the data file for consistency. Finally, the researchers added the data sets from 2015, 2017, and 2019 to the 2022 data file to enable the analysis of changes over time.

The research team weighted the data on age, gender, and county population to bring the sample distribution of these demographic characteristics in line with their actual distribution in the North Dakota population. "Weighting is a correction technique used by survey researcher. It refers to statistical adjustments that are made to survey data after they have been collected in

order to improve the accuracy of the survey estimates”<sup>3</sup> Using weighted data during analysis is essential in generalizing findings from the survey respondents to the overall North Dakota population.

In the *State-wide Estimates* section of this report for all survey items statewide estimates are presented for all four years. All percentage distributions are calculated using weighted data. In addition, the 2015 (baseline) and 2022 findings were tested for statistical significance of the differences observed. Where statistical significance was found ( $p < 0.05$ ; overall Pearson Chi-square test), a notation is included below the respective table.

In the *Population Density Area Estimates* section of this report, for all survey items, results are presented for 2022 state-wide, and all four years for three population density areas – urban, rural, and frontier, side by side. To calculate the population density area estimates additional weighting variables were calculated using the population distribution by age and gender within each area. All percentage distributions were calculated using weighted data. In addition, the differences observed by population density area for 2022 were tested for statistical significance. Where statistical significance was found ( $p < 0.05$ ; overall Pearson Chi-square test), a notation is included below the respective table.

The three population density areas were defined using the following criteria:

1. If the respondent lived in a county that had a population density of less than six people per square mile, then they were considered to have a Frontier address.
2. Respondents who lived in counties with population densities of 6 or more people per square mile were classified as living at a Rural or Urban address.
  - a. Cities with populations of 15,000 people or more were considered to be Urban. These cities included: Minot, Grand Forks City, Fargo, West Fargo, Jamestown, Bismarck, Mandan, Dickinson, and Williston. Respondents with zip codes in these cities are considered to have an Urban address.
  - b. People living outside of the identified cities or who lived in these higher density counties are considered to have a Rural address.

There were no population changes within the state with enough magnitude to change the classification of an area from 2015 to 2022; results are directly comparable.

---

<sup>3</sup> Encyclopedia of Survey Research Methods. (2008) volume 2. Editor. Paul Lavrakas. SAGE Publications, Inc.



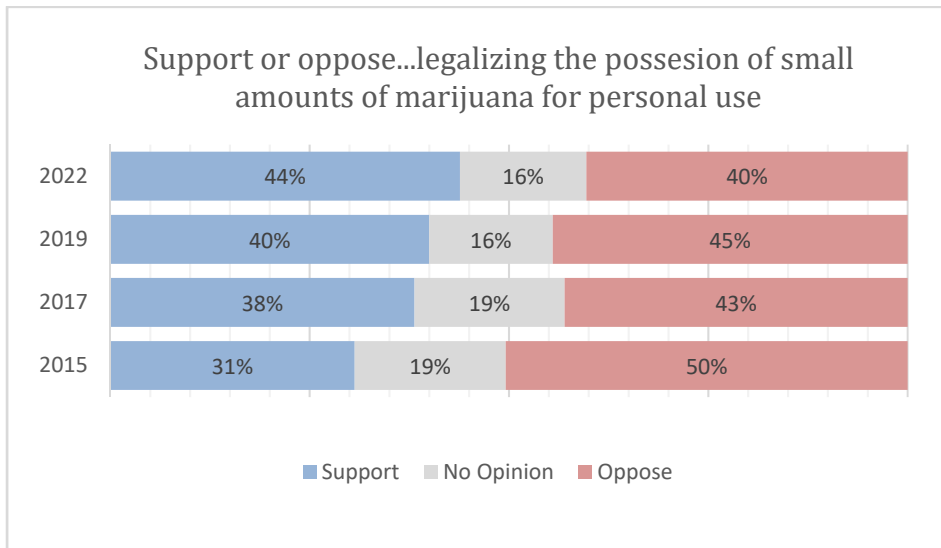
# Key Findings

The discussion of key findings is focused on the two major themes explored in the previous iteration of this study, along with a deeper look into the questions added for the 2022 survey. Firstly, attitudes about the legalization of marijuana are discussed, as there continues to be significant change on the subject since 2015. The following section of the report focuses on attitudes regarding *alcohol and youth*. Finally, we take a closer look at the 2022 data regarding level of support for new measures regarding flavored tobacco. All differences observed between the results from 2015 and those from 2022 were tested for statistical significance using the Pearson Chi-Square test of Independence. In instances that statistical significance was established, it is noted in the narrative.

## *Legalization of Marijuana*

The opinion of North Dakotans regarding the legalization of small amounts of marijuana for personal use have changed since 2015. In 2022, there was a statistically significant increase from 31% in 2015 to 44% (2022) for those in support of legalizing small amounts of marijuana for personal use. As a result, the percentage of individuals against personal use legalization decreased over time from 50% to 40% as did the percentage reporting no opinion on the issue.

**Figure 2: North Dakotans’ Support/Opposition to Legalizing Marijuana**

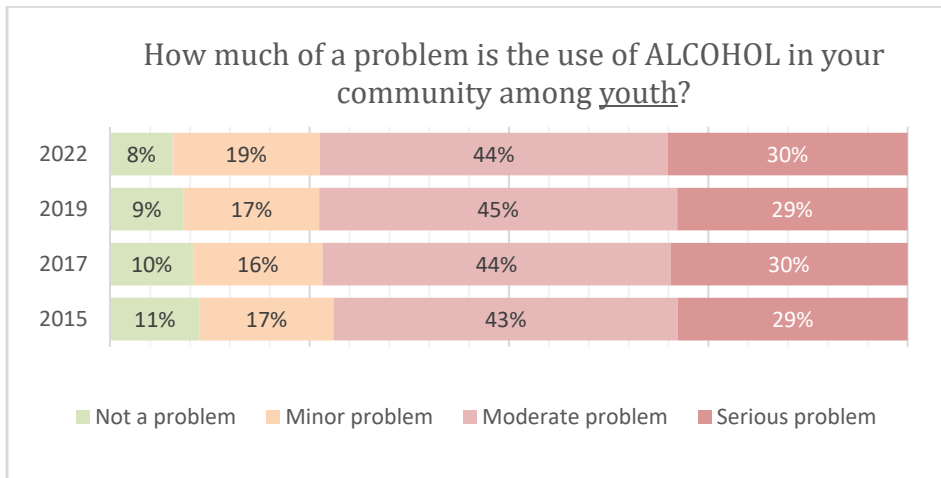


## Attitudes on Alcohol and Youth

Many questions from the survey focused on alcohol issues as they relate to youth in North Dakota communities. Note that for all agree/disagree items presented in this section, response categories were collapsed from a 5-point scale to a 3-point scale.

When asked how much of a problem alcohol is in the community among youth, the opinion of North Dakotans had not changed much since 2015. Figure 3 below shows that throughout the most recent four iterations of the Community Readiness survey, the majority of North Dakota residents feel that alcohol use among youth was a moderate or serious problem.

**Figure 3: Youth Alcohol Use as a Perceived Problem in the Community**



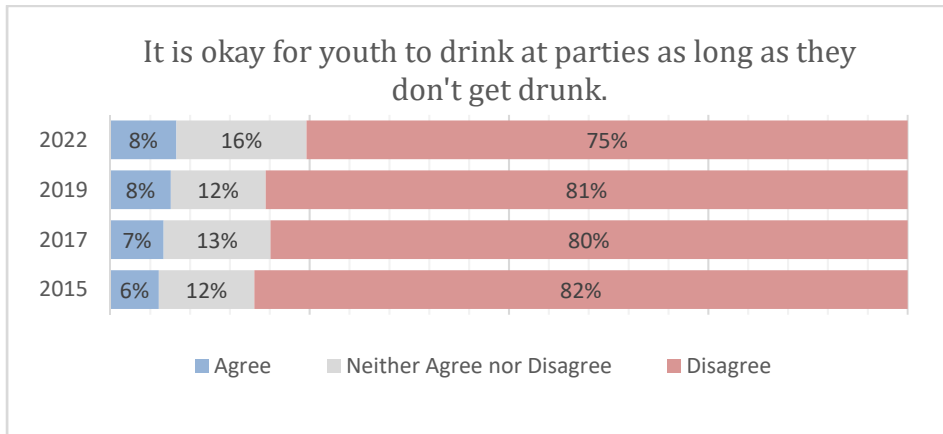
### Cultural Acceptance of Youth Alcohol Use

The survey asked respondents how much they agree or disagree with a series of statements, many of which relate to youth and alcohol use. Figures 4-9 below are specific to these statements. Seen in each of the following figures, the survey results have been consistent over time, however we do see statistically significant changes in many items between 2015 and 2022.

As displayed in Figure 4, there has been a statistically significant change since 2015 on whether North Dakotans agree or disagree that “It is okay for youth to drink at parties as long as they don’t get drunk,” with 82% disagreeing with the statement in 2015 and 75% disagreeing in 2022. We see the biggest change over time in the percentage of respondents staying neutral on the topic (12% in 2015 vs. 16% in 2022 indicating that they neither agree nor disagree with the statement; Q3a).

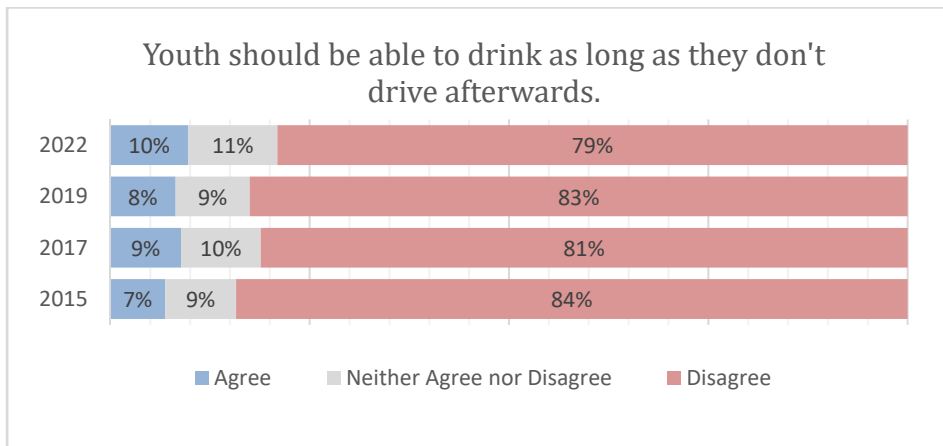
With a very similar distribution, the vast majority (over 79%) of North Dakotans disagree with the statement, “Youth should be able to drink as long as they don’t drive afterwards.” There were, however, indications ( $p < 0.05$  based on Chi-Square test of independence) that more adults “Agree[d]” with the statement in 2022 than 2015 with 7% either Strongly Agree or Agree in 2015 and 10% Strongly Agree or Agree in 2022 (Q3B, presented in Figure 5).

**Figure 4: North Dakotans’ Agreement/Disagreement about the Acceptability of Youth Drinking at Parties.**



NOTE: Disagree includes the response choices of *Disagree* and *Strongly disagree* combined. Agree includes the response choices *Agree* and *Strongly agree* combined.

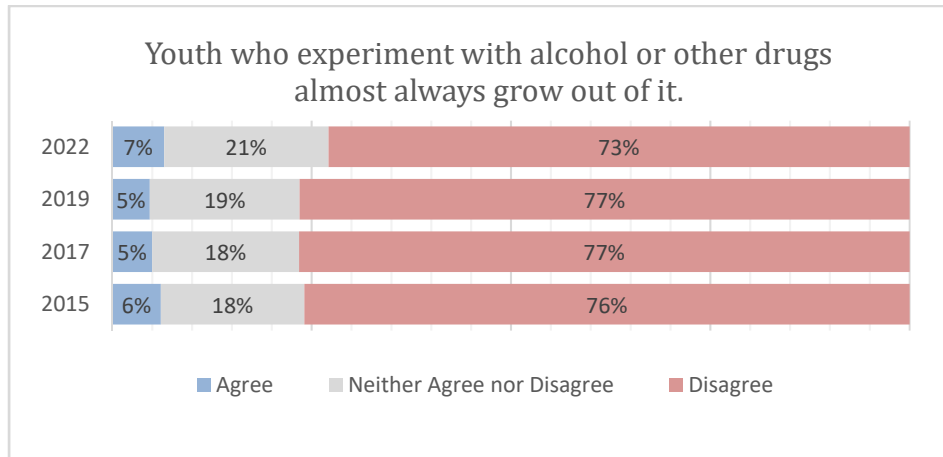
**Figure 5: North Dakotans’ Agreement/Disagreement about Acceptability of Youth Drinking as Long as They Do Not Drive.**



NOTE: Disagree includes the response choices of *Disagree* and *Strongly disagree* combined. Agree includes the response choices *Agree* and *Strongly agree* combined.

Less North Dakota residents disagree that “Youth who experiment with alcohol or other drugs almost always grow out of it” in 2022 (73%) than did so in 2015 (76%). Note, however, that Figure 6 shows a great deal of consistency between 2015, 2017, 2019, and 2022 regarding this opinion.

**Figure 6: North Dakotans’ Agreement/Disagreement about Youth Growing Out of Alcohol and Drug Experimentation.**

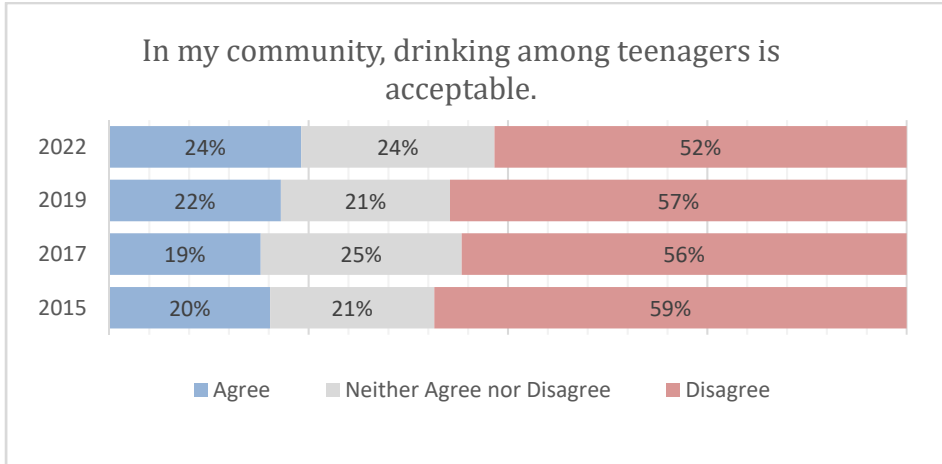


NOTE: Disagree includes the response choices of *Disagree* and *Strongly disagree* combined. Agree includes the response choices *Agree* and *Strongly agree* combined.

Figure 7 on the next page, shows that just over half (52%) of North Dakotans in 2022 disagree that, “In my community, drinking among teenagers is acceptable,” compared to 57% in 2019 and 59% in 2015. More North Dakota residents feel that teenage drinking is acceptable in their community in 2022 than did so in previous years.

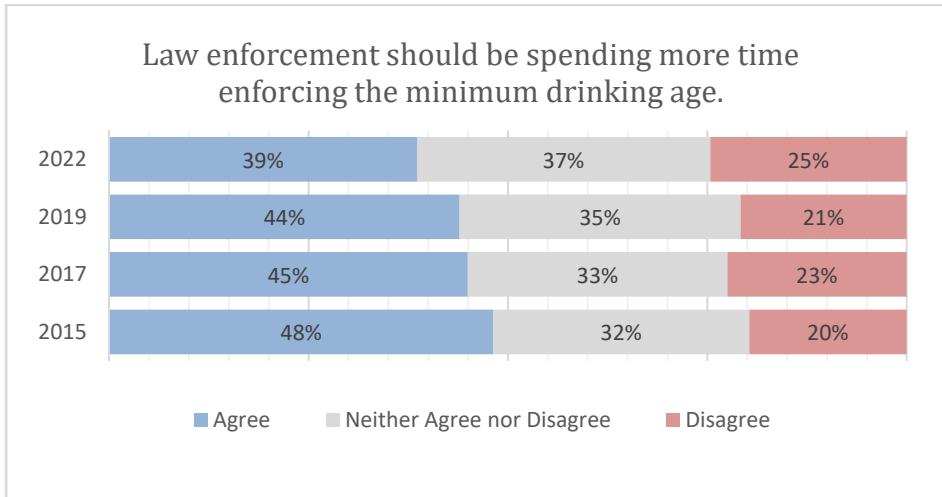
We also see, in Figure 8, that less and less people over time agree that that, “Law enforcement should be spending more time enforcing the minimum drinking age.” Both of the items on the following page have seen statistically significant change between 2015 and 2022 ( $p < 0.05$  based on Chi-Square test of independence).

**Figure 7: North Dakotans’ Agreement/Disagreement about Teenage Drinking as an Acceptable Behavior**



NOTE: Disagree includes the response choices of *Disagree* and *Strongly disagree* combined. Agree includes the response choices *Agree* and *Strongly agree* combined.

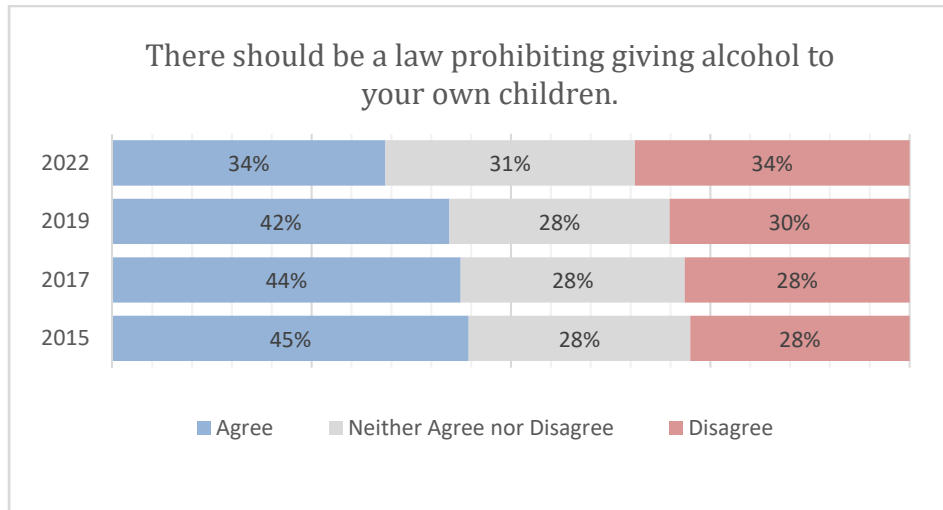
**Figure 8: North Dakotans’ Agreement/Disagreement about whether Law Enforcement Should Spend More Time Enforcing Minimum Drinking Age**



NOTE: Disagree includes the response choices of *Disagree* and *Strongly disagree* combined. Agree includes the response choices *Agree* and *Strongly agree* combined.

From 2015 through 2019, more North Dakotans agreed that “There should be a law prohibiting giving alcohol to your own children,<sup>4</sup>” than disagreed. We see that in 2022, there are equal numbers that agree and disagree with that statement. Again, the difference between 2015 and 2022 is statistically significant ( $p < 0.05$  based on Chi-Square test of independence, Figure 9).

**Figure 9: North Dakotans’ Agreement/Disagreement to the Idea that a Law Should Prohibit Parents from Giving Alcohol to Their Children**



NOTE: Disagree includes the response choices of *Disagree* and *Strongly disagree* combined. Agree includes the response choices *Agree* and *Strongly agree* combined.

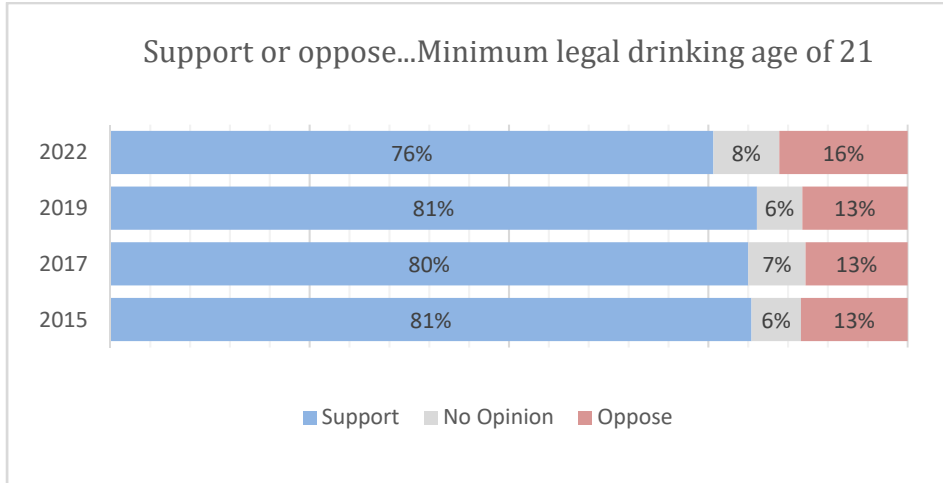
### Support and Opposition to Alcohol Prevention Laws

Question 5 of the 2022 survey asked whether respondents agreed or disagreed with a variety of measures related to alcohol and youth. Results are presented in Figures 10 through 13 for questions specific to alcohol and youth.

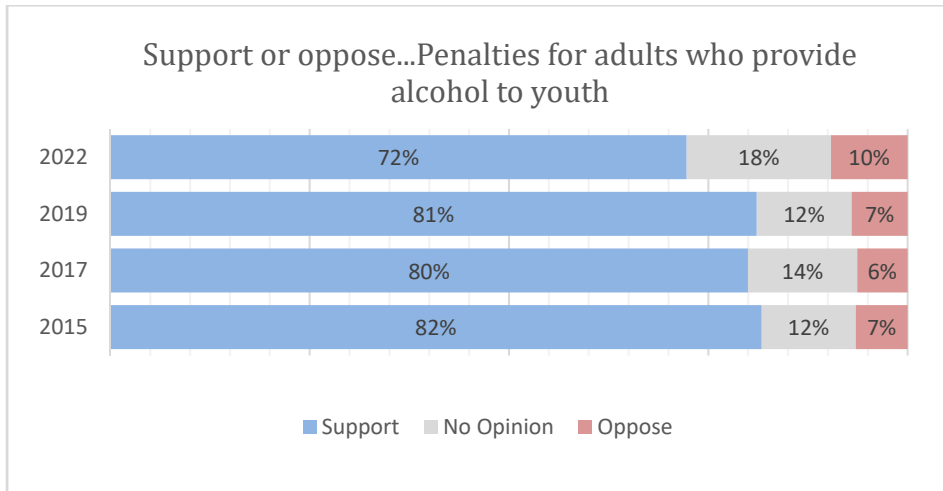
As can be seen in Figures 10 and 11, North Dakotans’ support for a minimum legal drinking age of age 21 and penalties for adults who provide alcohol to youth had stayed relatively unchanged from 2015 through 2019. In 2022, we see statistically significant reduced support for both measures (from 81% support for the minimum drinking age of 21 in 2015 to 76% in 2022, and from 82% support for penalties for adults who supply alcohol to youth in 2015 to 72% in 2022;  $p < 0.05$  based on Chi-Square test of independence).

<sup>4</sup> The current North Dakota Century Code (North Dakota Cen. Code Ann. Section 5-01-08(1) & 5-02-06(1)) prohibits minors of less than age 21 from manufacturing, purchasing, possessing, consuming, or being under the influence of alcohol. It provides no exceptions for parents to provide alcohol to their children.

**Figure 10: North Dakotans’ Support/Opposition to Minimum Legal Drinking Age of 21.**

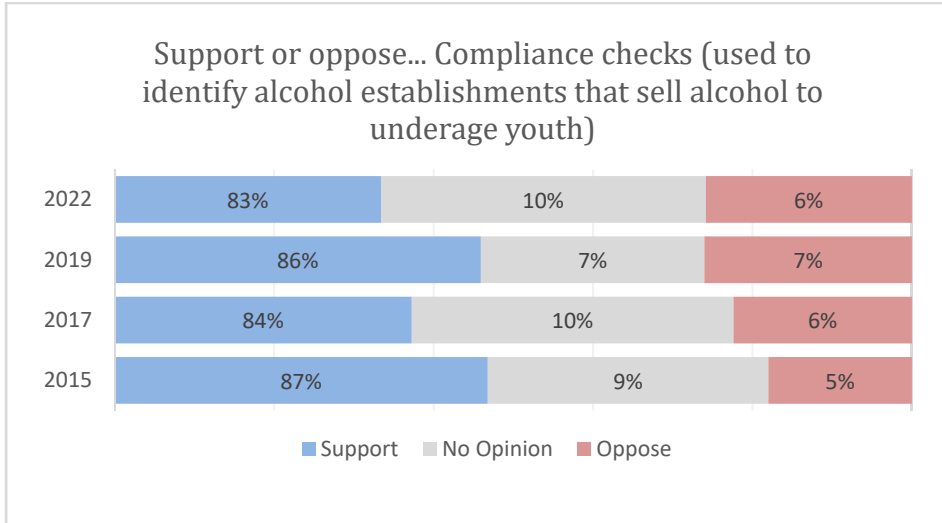


**Figure 11: North Dakotans’ Support/Opposition to Penalties for Adults Who Provide Alcohol to Youth**



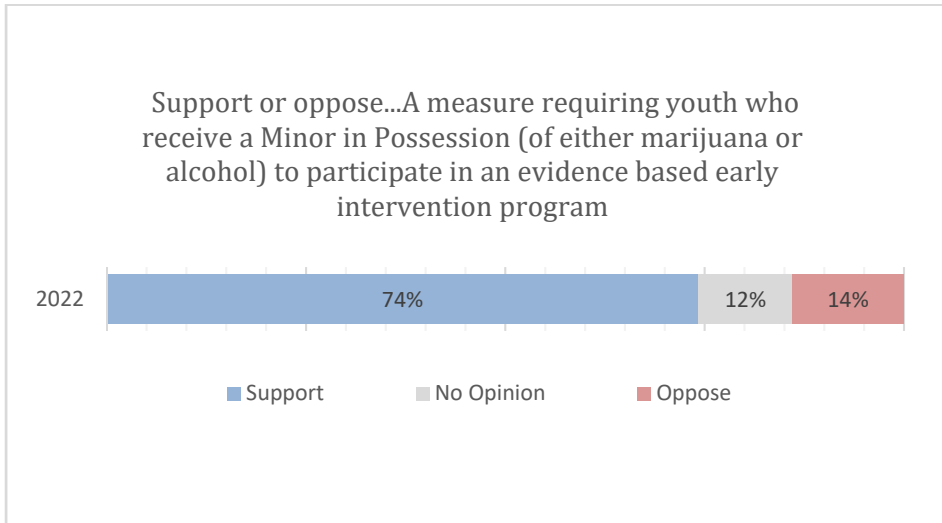
Support for compliance checks (used to identify alcohol establishments that sell alcohol to underage youth) has remained consistent since 2015, but as Figure 12 shows, the measure has its smallest percentage of support in 2022 at 83%.

**Figure 12: North Dakotans' Support/Opposition to Compliance Checks**



New for 2022 was a question asking how much the respondent supported or opposed a measure requiring youth who receive a Minor in Possession (of either marijuana or alcohol) to participate in an evidence based early intervention program. Seventy-four percent of respondents support such a measure.

**Figure 13: North Dakotans' Support/Opposition to Requiring Youth Who Receive a MIP to Participate in Early Intervention Program**





## Perceived Difficulty of Engaging in Alcohol-Related Activities

The survey asked a series of questions (6A – 6F) that focus on how respondents perceive the difficulty that youth have in engaging in alcohol-related activities. The scale used is from “Not at all difficult” to “Extremely difficult,” and the results from all four iterations of the survey are listed below.

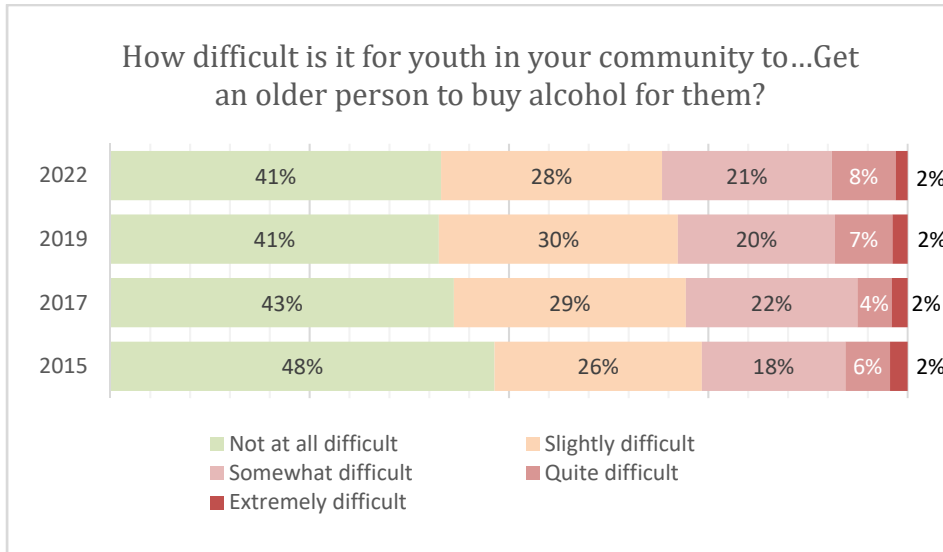
North Dakotans feel that it is more difficult than not, for youth to buy beer, wine, or hard liquor at stores. As seen in Figure 14, the majority of respondents assessed the difficulty level as somewhat, quite, or extremely difficult.

**Figure 14: Perceived Difficulty of Youth Buying Alcohol at Stores.**



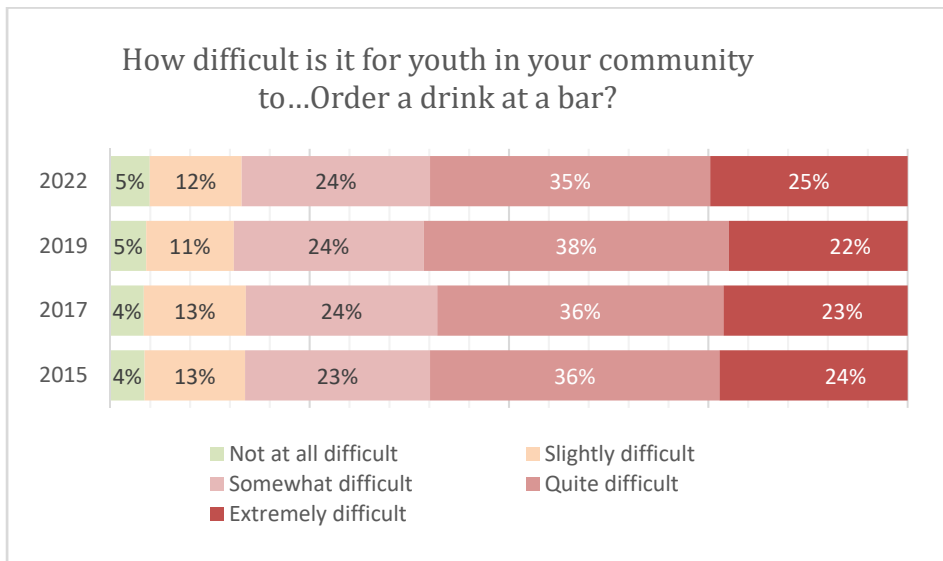
As can be seen in Figure 15, North Dakotans view it as easier for young people to get an older person to buy alcohol for them than to purchase alcohol from a store or bar (Figure 16). There has been a notable, statistically significant decrease from 2015 to 2022 in the number of those who feel it is “not at all difficult” ( $p < 0.05$  based on Chi-Square test of independence).

**Figure 15: Perceived Difficulty of Youth Having an Older Person Buy Alcohol for Them.**



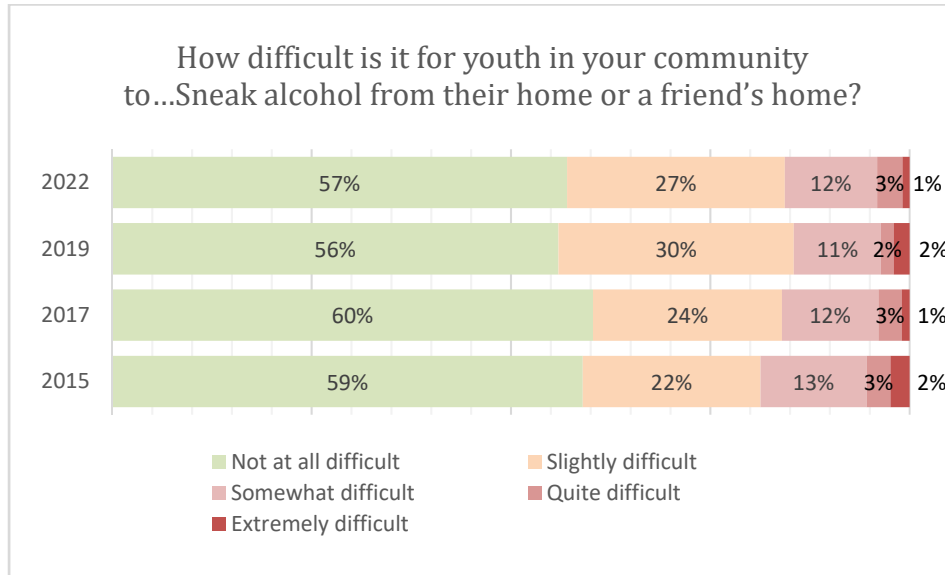
Eighty-four percent of the respondents perceived ordering an alcoholic drink from a bar was at least somewhat difficult for youth in their community. Figure 16 shows that few North Dakotans, approximately one in six, feel it is slightly or not difficult at all for youth to order a drink at a bar.

**Figure 16: Perceived Difficulty of Youth Obtaining Alcohol by Ordering a Drink at a Bar.**



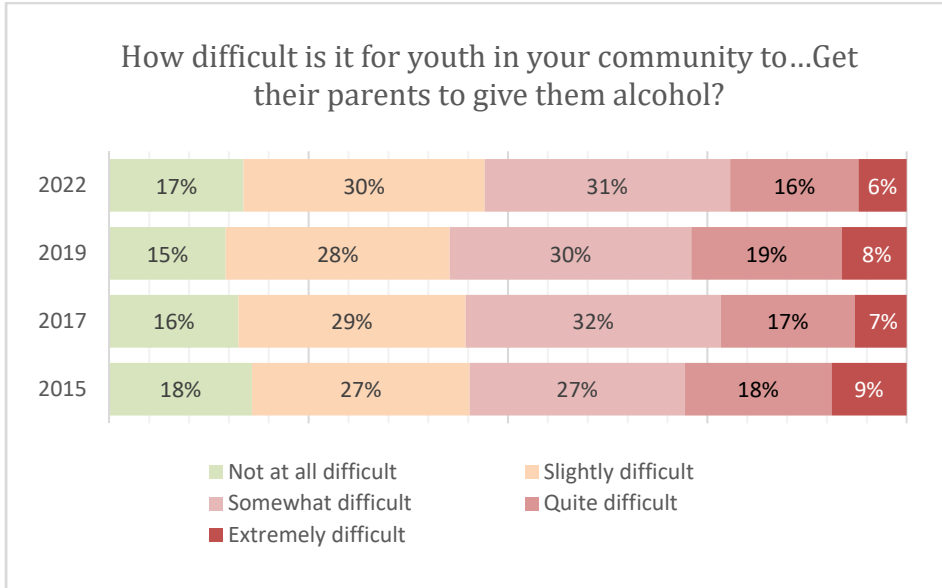
Sneaking alcohol from their home or a friend’s house is seen as the easiest way for youth to obtain alcohol, with the majority of North Dakotans perceiving this activity as “Not at all difficult” (Figure 17, next page).

**Figure 17: Perceived Difficulty of Youth Sneaking Alcohol from Home or Friend’s Home.**

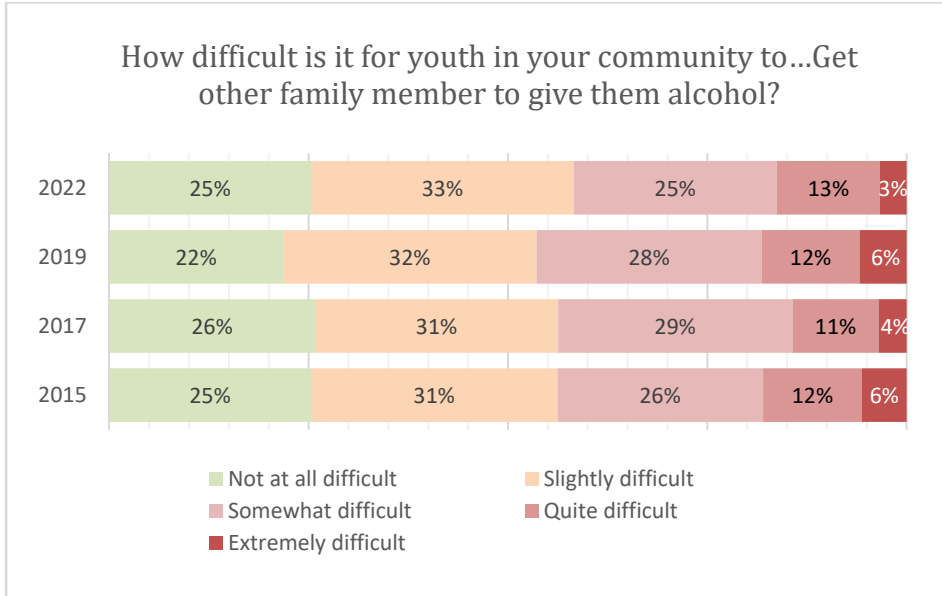


A more even distribution of responses is evident when assessing how difficult it is to get alcohol from parents and other family members. Figures 18 and 19 show that North Dakotans feel it is harder for youth to get their parents to give them alcohol than it is to get alcohol from other family members, but less than 10% feel that it is “Extremely difficult” to get alcohol from either family group.

**Figure 18: Perceived Difficulty of Youth Getting Alcohol from Their Parents.**



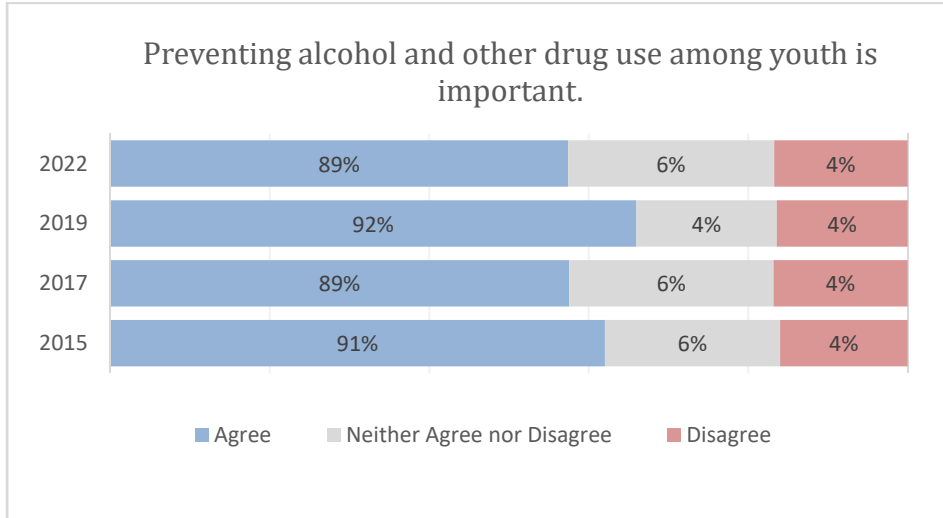
**Figure 19: Perceived Difficulty of Youth Getting Alcohol from Other Family Members.**



## Importance of Alcohol Prevention

The overwhelming majority (89%) of North Dakotans feel that “Preventing alcohol and other drug use among youth is important.” This perception has changed little since 2015.

**Figure 20: Perceived Importance of Alcohol and Drug Use Prevention.**

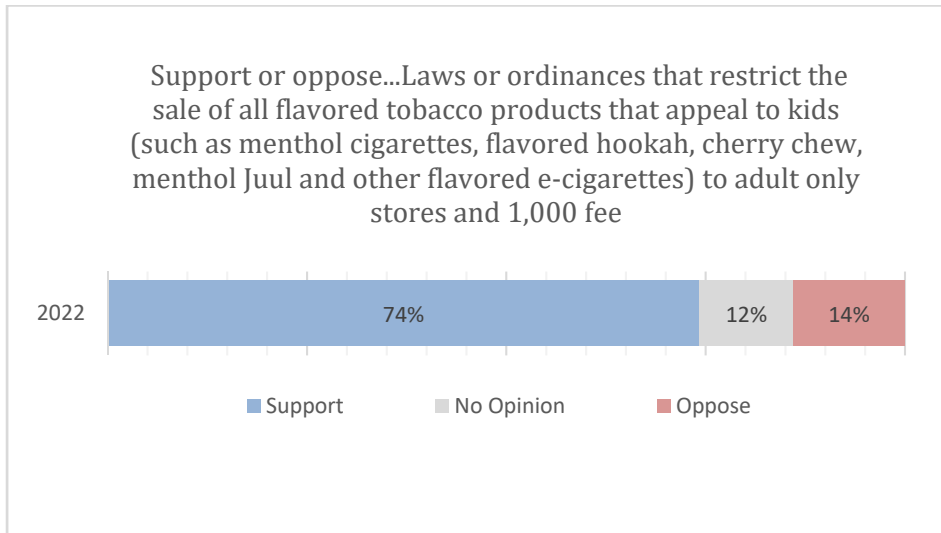


NOTE: Disagree includes the response choices of *Disagree* and *Strongly disagree* combined. Agree includes the response choices *Agree* and *Strongly agree* combined.

## Attitudes on Flavored Tobacco

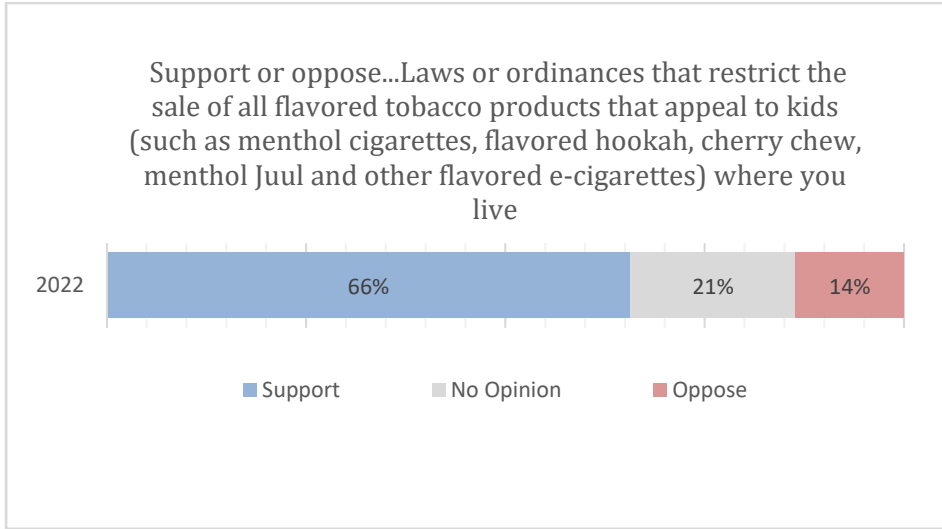
New on the 2022 survey instrument are questions regarding flavored tobacco products that appeal to kids. Question 5H asked respondents whether they support or oppose “Laws or ordinances that restrict the sale of all flavored tobacco products that appeal to kids (such as menthol cigarettes, flavored hookah, cherry chew, menthol Juul and other flavored e-cigarettes) to adult only stores and 1,000 feet from schools. Almost ¾ of North Dakotans (74%) support such a measure, with only 14% in opposition (Figure 21).

**Figure 21: North Dakotans’ Support/Opposition to Laws that Restrict the Sale of Flavored Tobacco Products to Adult-Only Stores**



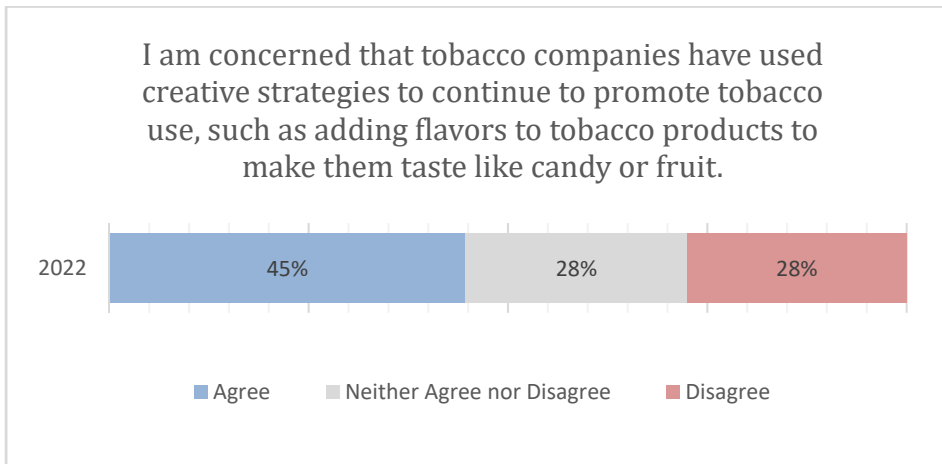
Respondents were also asked, in Question 5h more generally if they support or oppose “Laws or ordinances that restrict the sale of all flavored tobacco products that appeal to kids (such as menthol cigarettes, flavored hookah, cherry chew, menthol Juul and other flavored e-cigarettes) where you live.” Less respondents indicate their support (66%) than in the previous question, although the same percentage of respondents indicate that they oppose this measure. See Figure 22 on the next page for the full break down.

**Figure 22: North Dakotans’ Support/Opposition to Laws that Restrict the Sale of Flavored Tobacco Products Where They Live**



Finally, Question 8g asked respondents to rate their level of agreement with the statement, “I am concerned that tobacco companies have used creative strategies to continue to promote tobacco use, such as adding flavors to tobacco products to make them taste like candy or fruit.” More North Dakotans agree (45%) than disagree (28%) with the statement.

**Figure 23: North Dakotans’ Agreement/Disagreement That They are Concerned that Tobacco Companies Add Flavors to Tobacco**



NOTE: Disagree includes the response choices of *Disagree* and *Strongly disagree* combined. Agree includes the response choices *Agree* and *Strongly agree* combined.

# Complete Survey Results

## *State-wide Estimates*

In the following tables, the percentage distributions and raw frequency counts of responses to all questions on the survey are presented for 2015, 2017, 2019, and 2022 at the state level. Where statistically significant differences between 2015 and 2022 are found ( $p < 0.05$ ; overall Pearson Chi-square test performed), a notation is present. All percentage distributions are calculated using weighted data. Regional distributions are presented in a separate appendix to this report.

Questionnaire items are presented in the order they appeared on the survey; question text is presented verbatim.

The following approach was used in declaring missing values.

For all questions, No answer/Refused and Don't know/Not sure responses are excluded from the valid percent calculations. However, their proportion in the total number of responses is presented as a percentage for each item on the survey in the same tables as the valid percent distributions.



Q1. In your opinion how much of a problem is the use of each of the following substances in your community among adults and among youth?

**Alcohol – Adults:**

**Table 3 Alcohol Use in Community as a Problem among Adults**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	138	8.7	191	9.2	172	10.4	191	11.2	
Minor problem	260	18.9	325	17.0	276	16.2	323	16.8	
Moderate problem	733	44.5	990	44.9	879	43.6	950	43.2	
Serious problem	499	28.0	669	28.9	594	29.7	663	28.8	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1630</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>2175</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1921</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2127</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
Don't know	158	7.3	178	6.1	155	6.1	185	7.4	
No answer	14	.5	32	1.2	28	0.9	16	0.4	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

**Alcohol – Youth:**

**Table 4 Alcohol Use in Community as a Problem among Youth**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	98	7.8	106	7.0	98	7.5	105	8.1	
Minor problem	240	18.5	277	16.6	202	13.5	213	13.8	
Moderate problem	631	43.6	759	41.9	693	40.3	764	40.5	
Serious problem	473	30.1	715	34.4	725	38.8	784	37.6	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1442</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1857</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1718</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1866</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
Don't know	289	15.0	332	13.1	261	11.7	310	13.3	
No answer	71	4.3	196	7.5	125	5.2	152	5.6	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Tobacco – Adults:**

**Table 5 Tobacco Use in Community as a Problem among Adults**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	168	10.6	213	10.3	183	11.4	209	11.1
Minor problem	344	22.9	445	22.2	370	19.8	426	22.0
Moderate problem	722	43.0	903	40.6	811	42.0	911	41.2
Serious problem	386	23.6	609	26.8	523	26.8	535	25.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1620</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2170</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1887</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2081</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	166	7.1	175	6.2	159	6.3	197	7.2
No answer	16	0.7	40	1.5	58	2.7	50	1.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

**Tobacco – Youth:**

**Table 6 Tobacco Use in Community as a Problem among Youth**

Statewide								
	2022		2019*		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	109	7.8	117	6.7	111	8.0	124	8.8
Minor problem	229	15.6	311	18.0	319	19.8	353	22.6
Moderate problem	561	36.8	656	34.1	685	41.6	752	39.4
Serious problem	586	39.8	821	41.3	577	30.6	588	29.3
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1485</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1905</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1692</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1817</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	252	11.4	299	11.3	266	12.0	340	14.0
No answer	65	2.7	181	7.0	146	6.4	171	6.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant ( $p < 0.05$ ); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Marijuana – Adults:**

**Table 7 Marijuana Use in Community as a Problem among Adults**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	321	27.0	376	23.8	320	24.3	313	22.2
Minor problem	342	26.2	471	27.3	387	27.4	417	26.4
Moderate problem	431	28.9	523	28.4	477	29.9	516	30.6
Serious problem	285	17.8	428	20.5	327	18.3	396	20.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1379</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1798</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1511</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1642</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	410	18.7	546	18.4	552	22.5	647	24.4
No answer	13	0.6	41	1.3	41	1.3	39	1.4
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Marijuana – Youth:**

**Table 8 Marijuana Use in Community as a Problem among Youth**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	169	15.2	193	14.8	172	14.2	153	13.6
Minor problem	290	25.5	316	19.9	274	21.5	281	20.1
Moderate problem	432	32.2	557	34.0	464	33.0	492	31.1
Serious problem	367	27.1	546	31.4	490	31.3	581	35.2
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1258</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1612</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1400</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1507</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	470	22.2	583	21.0	575	24.5	665	26.7
No answer	74	3.0	190	7.2	129	5.4	156	5.6
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Inhalants – Adults:**

**Table 9 Inhalants Use in Community as a Problem among Adults**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	391	40.8	543	43.8	409	41.1	494	48.6
Minor problem	320	33.7	386	33.6	354	34.1	355	30.5
Moderate problem	166	14.6	193	15.0	171	15.5	184	13.4
Serious problem	98	10.9	109	7.6	105	9.4	98	7.4
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>975</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1231</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1039</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1131</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	802	41.0	1115	43.1	1017	46.1	1159	46.8
No answer	25	1.1	39	1.3	48	1.8	38	1.6
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Inhalants – Youth:**

**Table 10 Inhalants Use in Community as a Problem among Youth**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	271	31.1	306	29.5	243	29.2	271	32.2
Minor problem	296	32.2	364	33.1	306	31.8	321	31.0
Moderate problem	223	21.6	264	22.5	250	22.1	285	22.1
Serious problem	148	15.1	182	14.9	190	17.0	174	14.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>938</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1116</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>989</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1051</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	800	41.3	1076	41.9	991	46.0	1121	46.4
No answer	64	2.7	193	7.5	124	5.2	156	5.7
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

**Cocaine – Adults:**

**Table 11 Cocaine Use in Community as a Problem among Adults**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	270	24.7	382	30.1	326	30.5	375	36.7
Minor problem	292	31.9	336	27.7	282	24.8	326	28.1
Moderate problem	262	24.7	298	22.2	275	24.2	257	19.9
Serious problem	204	18.7	293	20.1	286	20.5	239	15.3
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1028</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1309</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1169</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1197</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	760	38.4	1038	40.2	902	40.5	1099	45.1
No answer	14	0.6	38	1.3	33	1.0	32	1.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Cocaine – Youth:**

**Table 12 Cocaine Use in Community as a Problem among Youth**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	275	30.9	346	35.8	274	31.0	300	36.8
Minor problem	278	34.1	285	27.5	268	26.5	297	27.7
Moderate problem	195	18.7	229	18.3	231	21.0	239	21.7
Serious problem	148	16.3	219	18.4	267	21.6	198	13.7
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>896</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1079</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1040</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1034</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	842	43.4	1116	43.8	940	43.0	1139	46.9
No answer	64	2.7	190	7.4	124	5.2	155	5.9
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

**Heroin – Adults:**

**Table 13 Heroin Use in Community as a Problem among Adults**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	263	23.6	370	26.7	287	24.1	386	36.2
Minor problem	231	24.3	283	23.1	249	21.3	287	25.5
Moderate problem	231	21.6	281	22.5	242	19.3	230	19.4
Serious problem	295	30.5	368	27.6	453	35.4	262	18.9
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1020</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1302</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1231</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1165</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	767	38.2	1039	39.3	839	36.6	1129	46.2
No answer	15	0.6	44	1.4	34	1.1	34	1.2
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Heroin – Youth:**

**Table 14 Heroin Use in Community as a Problem among Youth**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	278	31.7	331	31.6	235	24.4	318	37.9
Minor problem	238	27.5	266	25.6	252	23.8	258	26.1
Moderate problem	175	17.1	205	18.1	228	19.4	225	20.6
Serious problem	194	23.6	281	24.7	377	32.3	190	15.4
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>885</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1083</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1092</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>991</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	852	43.8	1110	43.2	891	40.3	1174	48.2
No answer	65	2.5	192	7.4	121	5.1	163	6.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Ecstasy – Adults:**

**Table 15 Ecstasy Use in Community as a Problem among Adults**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	303	33.7	443	41.8	352	37.6	411	44.4	
Minor problem	253	32.9	315	30.2	258	28.6	283	27.5	
Moderate problem	187	20.9	199	17.8	184	18.4	170	16.1	
Serious problem	121	12.5	127	10.2	182	15.4	154	12.0	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>864</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1084</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>976</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1018</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
Don't know	918	46.8	1249	48.1	1085	48.1	1264	50.5	
No answer	20	0.9	52	1.8	43	1.4	46	2.3	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Ecstasy – Youth:**

**Table 16 Ecstasy Use in Community as a Problem among Youth**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	262	32.3	317	34.6	240	30.6	293	37.9	
Minor problem	227	30.7	272	29.0	231	26.5	242	26.6	
Moderate problem	187	21.4	209	22.2	206	21.8	191	18.9	
Serious problem	133	15.6	160	14.2	216	21.0	190	16.5	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>809</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>958</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>893</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>916</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
Don't know	922	46.9	1221	47.6	1079	48.3	1230	49.7	
No answer	71	3.0	206	8.1	132	5.3	182	6.9	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

**Methamphetamine – Adults:**

**Table 17 Methamphetamine Use in Community as a Problem among Adults**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	145	10.6	219	12.6	190	12.8	236	18.3
Minor problem	171	14.0	220	13.1	141	9.3	194	11.6
Moderate problem	343	26.0	423	24.8	372	26.3	398	24.7
Serious problem	665	49.4	879	49.4	801	51.6	786	45.4
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1324</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1741</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1504</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1614</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	460	22.9	592	22.1	561	23.8	671	28.3
No answer	18	0.8	52	1.9	39	1.3	43	1.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Methamphetamine – Youth:**

**Table 18 Methamphetamine Use in Community as a Problem among Youth**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	174	16.9	198	16.6	151	14.0	180	18.6
Minor problem	211	20.2	264	21.1	177	13.8	205	15.0
Moderate problem	283	23.4	327	22.4	322	24.6	345	24.1
Serious problem	460	39.5	631	39.9	653	47.5	629	42.3
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1128</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1420</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1303</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1359</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	607	31.5	768	29.9	674	30.9	791	33.8
No answer	67	2.8	197	7.8	127	5.4	178	6.6
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	



**Over-the-Counter Drugs – Adults:**

**Table 19 Over-the-Counter Drugs Use in Community as a Problem among Adults**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	225	19.7	296	18.2	231	18.4	295	23.9
Minor problem	311	28.1	355	22.5	288	21.1	339	24.5
Moderate problem	366	31.0	525	34.1	418	30.9	447	28.2
Serious problem	239	21.3	394	25.2	410	29.7	359	23.4
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1141</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1570</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1347</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1440</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	645	31.0	775	28.2	726	32.3	858	36.2
No answer	16	0.5	40	1.5	31	0.9	30	0.9
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

**Over-the-Counter Drugs – Youth:**

**Table 20 Over-the-Counter Drugs Use in Community as a Problem among Youth**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	199	20.0	221	17.1	179	17.0	211	21.6
Minor problem	186	28.0	343	25.0	253	21.1	288	23.2
Moderate problem	321	30.1	424	32.1	381	31.2	396	28.2
Serious problem	222	21.8	348	25.8	397	30.7	360	27.0
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1028</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1336</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1210</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1255</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	708	34.6	852	32.0	777	34.9	913	37.8
No answer	66	2.6	197	7.4	117	4.7	160	5.4
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

**Prescription Drugs – Adults:**

**Table 21 Prescription Drugs Use in Community as a Problem among Adults**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	170	12.4	250	14.1	213	15.8	283	21.3
Minor problem	243	19.5	324	19.2	208	14.8	276	18.2
Moderate problem	424	33.9	522	31.5	420	28.1	484	30.7
Serious problem	448	34.2	582	35.2	591	41.3	485	29.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1285</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1678</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1432</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1528</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	504	25.0	674	24.5	647	28.1	775	32.2
No answer	13	0.5	33	1.3	25	0.9	25	1.1
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Prescription Drugs – Youth:**

**Table 22 Prescription Drugs Use in Community as a Problem among Youth**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	199	18.6	233	17.5	175	15.2	235	23.4
Minor problem	280	26.3	310	22.8	256	21.5	285	21.7
Moderate problem	320	29.3	404	28.7	329	26.2	381	28.0
Serious problem	277	25.7	409	30.9	465	37.1	372	26.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1076</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1356</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1225</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1273</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	660	32.5	834	31.4	757	33.4	902	36.9
No answer	66	2.6	195	7.5	122	4.9	153	5.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

**Synthetic Drugs – Adults:**

**Table 23 Synthetic Drugs Use in Community as a Problem among Adults**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	324	38.3	414	36.4	343	37.7	412	44.9
Minor problem	227	30.2	300	29.0	269	31.2	255	25.0
Moderate problem	136	14.7	225	21.2	171	17.5	183	16.0
Serious problem	138	16.9	150	13.3	146	13.6	145	14.1
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>825</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1089</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>929</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	958	48.8	1257	47.4	1138	51.6	1304	52.7
No answer	19	0.7	39	1.5	37	1.2	29	1.0
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

**Synthetic Drugs – Youth:**

**Table 24 Synthetic Drugs Use in Community as a Problem among Youth**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	281	36.4	299	31.2	268	34.0	318	41.4
Minor problem	215	29.8	245	27.0	227	28.5	221	23.9
Moderate problem	136	16.5	246	24.4	177	20.2	190	18.8
Serious problem	129	17.3	168	17.3	166	17.4	167	15.9
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>761</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>958</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>838</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>896</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	975	49.5	1235	47.0	1137	52.6	1284	51.8
No answer	66	2.7	192	7.4	129	5.2	148	5.6
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

**Intravenous (IV) Drugs – Adults:**

**Table 25 Intravenous (IV) Drugs Use in Community as a Problem among Adults**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	295	32.8	402	39.6	289	36.8	317	43.7
Minor problem	231	28.0	257	25.9	257	30.7	204	22.4
Moderate problem	169	19.6	173	16.4	181	18.7	190	19.6
Serious problem	157	19.6	198	18.1	143	13.8	155	14.4
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>852</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1030</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>870</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>866</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	937	47.2	1241	48.3	1120	52.0	1302	52.0
No answer	13	0.7	114	3.5	114	3.7	160	6.1
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Intravenous (IV) Drugs – Youth:**

**Table 26 Intravenous (IV) Drugs Use in Community as a Problem among Youth**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	287	37.4	415	42.2	303	34.8	411	45.3
Minor problem	232	30.0	245	25.6	208	23.6	251	25.1
Moderate problem	120	15.1	165	16.5	207	21.0	186	17.8
Serious problem	127	17.5	170	15.7	213	20.7	136	11.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>766</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>931</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>984</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	969	49.5	1264	48.5	1112	50.5	1313	52.5
No answer	67	2.8	126	5.5	61	3.3	31	1.1
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

**Q2. In your opinion how much of a problem is each of the following in your community?**

**Q2a. Contribution of drug and alcohol use to crashes or injuries (such as automobile, hunting, boating, snowmobiling)**

**Table 27 Contribution of Drugs/Alcohol to Crashes/Injuries**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	93	6.4	127	5.8	93	5.4	120	7.2
Minor problem	305	19.3	392	19.2	297	18.7	330	18.4
Moderate problem	604	38.9	784	37.2	728	39.3	734	35.2
Serious problem	544	35.3	777	37.8	706	36.6	876	39.3
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1546</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2080</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1824</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2060</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	243	11.4	280	9.1	257	10.9	247	10.8
No answer	13	0.6	25	1.1	23	0.7	21	0.6
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

**Q2b. Contribution of drug and alcohol use to crimes**

**Table 28 Contribution of Drugs/Alcohol to Crimes**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not a problem	89	5.7	111	5.2	101	5.9	130	8.4
Minor problem	206	13.4	243	13.5	195	12.8	240	12.9
Moderate problem	466	31.1	716	35.0	568	33.1	632	32.9
Serious problem	775	49.8	970	46.3	939	48.2	992	45.9
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1536</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2040</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1803</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1994</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	246	12.2	315	11.2	274	11.7	307	13.1
No answer	20	0.8	30	1.1	27	0.8	27	1.0
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

**Q2c. Contribution of drug and alcohol use to health problems, including cancer, heart disease, and liver disease**

**Table 29 Contribution of Drugs/Alcohol to Health Problems**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	92	6.7	124	6.2	103	7.2	135	9.5	
Minor problem	219	17.4	287	16.3	218	14.9	288	18.1	
Moderate problem	489	35.1	719	39.6	605	38.6	651	38.7	
Serious problem	565	40.8	690	37.9	656	39.4	632	33.7	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1365</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1820</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1582</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1706</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
Don't know	420	20.0	541	18.4	489	20.7	590	23.4	
No answer	17	0.7	24	1.0	33	1.4	32	1.2	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q2d. Contribution of drug use to the spread of chronic diseases, such as HIV and hepatitis**

**Table 30 Contribution of Drug Use to the Spread of Disease**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	151	13.6	219	14.1	176	14.9	257	22.4	
Minor problem	285	28.2	366	26.8	269	24.1	330	25.2	
Moderate problem	349	32.0	474	33.8	453	34.5	402	30.8	
Serious problem	287	26.2	378	25.3	379	26.6	313	21.6	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1072</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1437</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1277</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1302</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
Don't know	712	35.6	920	34.3	800	36.4	997	39.4	
No answer	18	0.8	28	1.0	27	0.8	29	0.9	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q3. To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?**

**3a. It is okay for youth to drink at parties as long as they don't get drunk**

**Table 31 Okay for Youth to Drink at Parties if they Don't Get Drunk**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	850	41.5	1197	46.3	1118	48.5	1249	48.7	
Disagree	602	33.9	819	34.3	652	31.4	764	33.2	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	234	16.3	223	11.9	217	13.4	207	12.0	
Agree	93	7.2	97	6.5	80	5.0	79	4.7	
Strongly Agree	14	1.0	25	1.1	24	1.7	23	1.4	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1793</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2361</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2091</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2322</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	9	0.6	24	1.0	13	0.4	6	0.3	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q3b. Youth should be able to drink as long as they don't drive afterwards**

**Table 32 Okay for Youth to Drink if they Don't Drive**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	900	44.3	1279	50.1	1168	51.8	1320	51.4	
Disagree	601	34.7	753	32.4	619	29.4	717	32.9	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	165	11.2	176	9.3	158	10.0	155	8.9	
Agree	102	8.5	112	7.1	103	6.6	80	4.6	
Strongly Agree	17	1.3	25	1.1	30	2.3	34	2.3	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1785</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2345</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2078</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2306</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	17	1.0	40	1.5	26	0.9	22	0.7	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q3c. It is okay for youth to smoke cigarettes**

**Table 33 Okay for Youth to Smoke Cigarettes**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Strongly Disagree	1147	62.1	1549	65.3	1328	62.0	1485	61.2
Disagree	511	28.1	670	28.8	611	30.8	676	30.8
Neither Agree nor Disagree	110	8.5	102	4.7	111	5.6	109	6.0
Agree	13	1.0	14	0.7	16	0.8	19	1.0
Strongly Agree	8	0.3	18	0.5	16	0.8	16	0.9
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1789</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2353</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2082</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2305</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No answer	13	0.9	32	1.1	22	0.9	23	0.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q3d. It is okay for youth to use e-cigarettes**

**Table 34 Okay for Youth to Use E-cigarettes**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Strongly Disagree	1179	62.6	1543	63.1	1310	60.3	1443	58.6
Disagree	478	27.5	648	28.8	595	29.3	672	30.5
Neither Agree nor Disagree	103	8.0	125	6.2	130	7.3	140	7.7
Agree	19	1.6	23	1.4	29	2.1	34	2.1
Strongly Agree	7	0.3	19	0.5	19	0.9	20	1.2
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1786</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2358</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2083</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2309</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No answer	16	1.0	27	1.0	21	0.7	19	0.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.



Q3e. Youth who experiment with alcohol or other drugs almost always grow out of it

**Table 35 Youth Will Grow Out of Experimentation with Alcohol/Drugs**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Strongly Disagree	757	38.3	1000	39.3	865	38.2	1009	41.0
Disagree	622	34.6	873	37.2	791	38.3	809	34.9
Neither Agree nor Disagree	323	20.6	382	18.8	349	18.4	369	18.0
Agree	72	5.4	77	3.9	65	4.0	94	4.8
Strongly Agree	16	1.2	25	0.8	15	1.0	23	1.3
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1790</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2357</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2085</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2304</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No answer	12	0.7	28	1.1	19	0.6	24	1.2
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

Q3f. It is okay for parents to offer alcoholic beverages in their home to youth (other than their own children)

**Table 36 Okay for Parents to Give Others' Kids Alcohol**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Strongly Disagree	1123	56.6	1551	61.9	1348	59.5	1539	61.2
Disagree	481	28.5	619	27.9	552	28.2	599	28.3
Neither Agree nor Disagree	128	9.8	120	6.4	131	8.8	116	6.8
Agree	46	4.1	39	2.5	44	2.4	48	2.9
Strongly Agree	10	1.0	26	1.3	16	1.1	13	0.7
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1788</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2355</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2091</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2315</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No answer	14	0.9	30	1.2	13	0.4	13	0.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q3g. In my community, drinking among teenagers is acceptable

**Table 37 Teen Drinking Accepted in Community**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Strongly Disagree	450	22.0	671	26.3	552	25.8	703	29.2
Disagree	509	29.7	734	30.9	638	30.0	709	30.1
Neither Agree nor Disagree	403	24.3	463	21.2	489	25.2	442	20.6
Agree	363	21.3	403	18.7	342	16.8	390	17.2
Strongly Agree	54	2.7	68	2.8	50	2.2	60	3.0
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1779</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2339</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2071</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2304</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No answer	23	1.1	46	1.5	33	1.0	24	0.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q3h. Driving under the influence of drugs/alcohol is okay

**Table 38 Okay to Drive Under the Influence**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Strongly Disagree	1504	82.7	1959	83.7	1738	82.4	1930	81.0
Disagree	245	14.7	340	13.6	286	14.2	326	16.3
Neither Agree nor Disagree	29	2.0	28	1.5	30	2.0	34	1.7
Agree	8	0.4	13	0.5	12	0.6	6	0.4
Strongly Agree	6	0.3	22	0.7	23	0.8	22	0.6
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1792</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2362</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2089</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2318</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No answer	10	0.7	23	0.9	15	0.6	10	0.4
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

**Q3i. It is okay to ride in a motor vehicle with someone under the influence of drugs and/or alcohol**

**Table 39 Okay to Ride with Someone Under the Influence**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
<b>Strongly Disagree</b>	1455	79.4	1882	79.6	1692	79.7	1854	76.7	
<b>Disagree</b>	272	16.6	397	16.5	311	15.2	382	19.2	
<b>Neither Agree nor Disagree</b>	41	2.8	45	2.2	46	3.2	47	2.7	
<b>Agree</b>	12	0.9	17	1.0	14	0.7	15	0.8	
<b>Strongly Agree</b>	7	0.3	18	0.6	25	1.3	18	0.7	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1787</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2359</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2088</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2316</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
<b>No answer</b>	15	1.0	26	1.1	16	0.7	12	0.4	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

**Q3j. Law enforcement should be spending more time enforcing the minimum drinking age**

**Table 40 More Time Enforcing Minimum Drinking Age**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	127	7.9	150	7.1	124	7.7	140	6.7	
Disagree	237	16.7	268	13.7	259	14.8	248	13.0	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	638	36.8	766	35.2	688	32.6	726	32.1	
Agree	547	27.0	832	31.5	725	30.3	846	34.4	
Strongly Agree	240	11.6	320	12.4	293	14.7	351	13.7	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1789</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2336</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2089</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2311</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	13	0.0	49	1.7	15	0.7	17	0.6	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q3k. Schools need to be more active in dealing with alcohol, tobacco, and other drug problems**

**Table 41 Schools Dealing with Alcohol/Drug Problems**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	88	4.9	91	3.8	95	4.6	112	6.0	
Disagree	166	10.5	160	7.5	136	6.7	165	8.5	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	465	27.1	505	22.7	445	23.3	489	23.0	
Agree	694	37.8	1059	43.7	904	41.9	1039	41.6	
Strongly Agree	374	19.7	539	22.2	500	23.4	510	21.0	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1787</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2354</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2080</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2315</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	15	0.9	31	1.3	24	0.9	13	0.4	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q3l. It is possible to reduce alcohol and drug problems through prevention**

**Table 42 Reduce Alcohol/Drug Problems Through Prevention**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	58	3.7	56	2.4	66	3.7	69	3.2	
Disagree	124	7.7	126	6.1	128	6.8	109	4.9	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	367	21.8	441	18.8	365	19.0	445	21.7	
Agree	924	49.9	1250	52.0	1116	51.4	1252	52.1	
Strongly Agree	308	16.9	486	20.7	409	19.1	435	18.0	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1781</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2359</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2084</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2310</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	21	1.1	26	1.1	20	0.7	18	0.7	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q3m. Alcohol and other drug prevention programs are a good investment because they save lives and money**

**Table 43 Alcohol/Drug Prevention Programs are a Good Investment**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	67	4.3	62	2.6	75	4.5	68	3.5	
Disagree	94	6.2	113	6.2	100	5.1	96	4.5	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	352	21.3	381	17.6	340	18.8	400	20.3	
Agree	887	48.2	1183	48.5	1028	48.8	1185	49.3	
Strongly Agree	384	20.1	606	25.1	538	22.9	557	22.3	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1784</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2345</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2081</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2306</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	18	1.1	40	1.5	23	0.7	22	1.1	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q3n. The community has the responsibility to set up prevention programs to help people avoid alcohol and other drug problems**

**Table 44 Alcohol/Drug Prevention Programs are Responsibility of Community**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	60	4.0	64	3.0	72	3.8	75	3.6	
Disagree	120	7.8	145	7.4	139	7.1	139	6.2	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	493	27.5	625	26.9	545	27.8	592	27.9	
Agree	792	43.8	1075	44.3	937	43.5	1070	44.4	
Strongly Agree	321	16.9	449	18.5	384	17.7	429	17.8	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1786</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2358</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2077</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2305</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	16	1.0	27	1.2	27	0.8	23	1.0	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

**Q4. To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?**

**Q4a. Public service announcements are a good way to change attitudes about alcohol, tobacco, and other drug use**

**Table 45 PSAs Change Attitudes About Alcohol/Drug use**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	91	7.0	80	3.8	89	5.1	95	5.4	
Disagree	293	19.1	301	15.1	278	14.9	265	12.7	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	590	32.3	684	30.0	579	29.9	640	28.4	
Agree	671	34.7	1066	43.2	916	41.4	1066	44.1	
Strongly Agree	132	6.9	222	7.9	211	8.8	238	9.4	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1777</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2353</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2073</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2304</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	25	1.1	32	1.2	31	0.9	24	0.6	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q4b. Taxes on alcohol should be increased**

**Table 46 Taxes on Alcohol Should be Increased**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	202	14.9	234	12.3	213	12.4	248	13.9	
Disagree	460	28.4	521	24.4	429	22.5	494	23.4	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	523	26.5	623	25.6	535	25.4	606	25.3	
Agree	374	18.4	612	23.7	564	23.9	601	23.7	
Strongly Agree	225	11.8	366	14.0	342	15.8	362	13.7	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1784</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2356</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2083</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2311</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	18	1.0	29	1.3	21	0.7	17	0.5	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q4c. Taxes on tobacco products should be increased**

**Table 47 Taxes on Tobacco Products Should be Increased**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	168	12.1	173	8.1	186	10.6	211	11.5	
Disagree	291	16.7	359	16.3	293	14.8	349	16.1	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	395	20.5	466	18.9	395	17.9	475	20.2	
Agree	490	24.8	673	27.5	613	27.7	657	27.4	
Strongly Agree	438	26.0	684	29.3	595	29.1	621	24.8	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1782</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2355</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2082</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2313</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	20	1.3	30	1.1	22	0.8	15	0.6	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

**Q4d. E-cigarettes should be taxed at the same rate as other tobacco products**

**Table 48 E-cigarettes Should be Taxed Same as Other Tobacco**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	74	5.1	73	3.5	85	4.6	98	5.0	
Disagree	67	4.1	90	4.3	100	5.3	135	6.3	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	224	12.2	233	9.8	276	14.5	321	16.1	
Agree	762	40.8	1021	42.7	918	41.4	1029	42.4	
Strongly Agree	655	37.8	942	39.7	704	34.2	732	30.2	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1782</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2359</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2083</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2315</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	20	1.0	26	1.2	21	0.7	13	0.5	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q4e. Drinking and driving laws are enforced in my local community**

**Table 49 Drinking and Driving Enforced in Community**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	40	2.3	55	2.2	55	2.8	47	2.3	
Disagree	133	6.8	172	7.0	126	6.0	164	7.3	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	386	20.2	382	15.3	344	16.9	366	16.0	
Agree	978	54.5	1367	57.2	1241	56.3	1333	55.6	
Strongly Agree	241	16.2	377	18.2	316	18.0	404	18.9	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1778</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2353</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2082</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2314</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	24	1.5	32	1.2	22	0.7	14	0.5	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q4f. There should be a law prohibiting giving alcohol to your own children**

**Table 50 Should Prohibit Giving Alcohol to Own Children**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	203	14.7	217	11.9	190	11.4	210	10.0	
Disagree	319	19.7	368	18.2	324	16.8	355	17.5	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	552	31.3	653	27.6	583	28.1	631	27.8	
Agree	430	20.7	635	23.6	580	25.2	623	24.2	
Strongly Agree	277	13.6	483	18.7	403	18.5	488	20.5	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1781</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2356</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2080</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2307</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	21	1.2	29	1.1	24	1.0	21	1.0	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.



**Q4g. There should be a law requiring servers and bartenders at restaurants and bars to be specially trained on how to serve alcohol responsibly**

**Table 51 Servers/Bartenders Should be Specially Trained**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	64	4.4	66	3.1	75	4.7	75	4.1	
Disagree	151	10.4	180	8.4	157	7.9	169	7.8	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	347	19.7	461	22.3	429	23.0	415	20.2	
Agree	764	42.0	1036	42.6	897	40.6	1020	43.0	
Strongly Agree	459	23.5	613	23.6	527	23.8	637	25.0	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1785</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2356</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2085</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2316</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	17	1.1	29	1.2	19	0.7	12	0.5	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant ( $p < 0.05$ ); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q5. Do you support or oppose each of the following measures?**

**Q5a. Minimum legal drinking age of 21**

**Table 52 Support/Oppose Minimum Legal Drinking Age of 21**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Support	1429	75.7	1993	81.1	1758	80.1	1927	80.5	
Oppose	209	16.1	233	13.2	205	12.8	254	13.4	
No Opinion	136	8.3	123	5.7	129	7.2	130	6.2	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1774</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2349</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2092</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2311</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	28	1.5	36	1.7	12	0.4	17	0.6	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant ( $p < 0.05$ ); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q5b. Penalties for adults who provide alcohol to youth**

**Table 53 Support/Oppose Penalties for Adults that Buy Alcohol for Youth**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
<b>Support</b>	1409	72.3	1976	81.0	1756	79.9	1977	81.7
<b>Oppose</b>	113	9.6	115	7.0	102	6.3	109	6.5
<b>No Opinion</b>	247	18.1	250	11.9	233	13.7	224	11.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1769</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2341</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2091</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2310</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>No answer</b>	33	1.6	44	1.9	13	0.4	18	0.7
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q5c. Compliance checks (used to identify alcohol establishments that sell alcohol to underage youth)**

**Table 54 Support/Oppose Compliance Checks**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Support	1520	83.4	2055	86.4	1825	84.4	2053	86.7
Oppose	84	6.4	111	6.5	94	5.6	93	4.5
No Opinion	154	10.2	160	7.1	151	10.1	141	8.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1758</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2326</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2070</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2287</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No answer	44	2.0	59	2.4	34	1.1	41	1.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q5d. Laws restricting the type of alcohol discounts or specials, that merchants are allowed to offer (e.g. two-for-one drink sales, or all-you-can-drink specials for a flat fee)**

**Table 55 Support/Oppose Restrictions on Alcohol Discounts**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Support	562	28.4	863	32.4	808	34.8	929	36.4	
Oppose	693	44.8	835	42.4	696	38.1	786	37.9	
No Opinion	519	26.8	643	25.2	579	27.1	593	25.7	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1774</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2341</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2083</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2308</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	28	1.5	44	2.0	21	0.7	20	0.8	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q5e. DUI checkpoints (used by law enforcement to deter or detect a drunk driver through the use of roadblocks or sobriety checkpoints)**

**Table 56 Support/Oppose DUI Checkpoints**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Support	1233	64.3	1651	67.7	1594	72.7	1751	71.3	
Oppose	305	21.9	413	20.6	265	14.9	323	17.2	
No Opinion	234	13.8	276	11.7	219	12.4	226	11.5	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1772</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2340</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2078</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2300</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	30	1.5	45	2.2	26	1.2	28	1.1	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q5f. Legalizing the possession of small amounts of marijuana for personal use**

**Table 57 Support/Oppose Legalization of Marijuana for Personal Use**

		Statewide							
		2022		2019		2017		2015	
		Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Support		666	43.9	811	40.0	687	38.2	576	30.7
Oppose		800	40.3	1141	44.5	998	43.0	1315	50.4
No Opinion		308	15.9	382	15.5	396	18.8	416	18.9
<b>Valid Total</b>		<b>1774</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2334</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2081</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2307</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No answer		28	1.6	51	2.1	23	0.8	21	0.8
<b>Total Count</b>		<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q5g. A measure requiring youth who receive a Minor in Possession (of either marijuana or alcohol) to participate in an evidence based early intervention program**

**Table 63 Support/Oppose Required Evidence-Based Interventions for Youth with MIPs**

Statewide		
2022		
	Freq.	Wtd. %
<b>Support</b>	1296	68.3
<b>Oppose</b>	192	13.8
<b>No Opinion</b>	279	17.9
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1767</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>No answer</b>	35	1.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>	

Q5h. Laws or ordinances that restrict the sale of all flavored tobacco products that appeal to kids (such as menthol cigarettes, flavored hookah, cherry chew, menthol Juul and other flavored e-cigarettes) to adult only stores and 1,000 feet from schools

**Table 64 Support/Oppose Restricting Flavored Tobacco Products to Adult-Only Stores**

Statewide		
	2022	
	Freq.	Wtd. %
Support	1386	74.2
Oppose	197	14.0
No Opinion	192	11.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1775</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No answer	27	1.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>	

Q5i. Laws or ordinances that restrict the sale of all flavored tobacco products that appeal to kids (such as menthol cigarettes, flavored hookah, cherry chew, menthol Juul and other flavored e-cigarettes) where you live

**Table 65 Support/Oppose Restricting Flavored Tobacco Products Where You Live**

Statewide		
	2022	
	Freq.	Wtd. %
Support	1386	65.7
Oppose	197	20.7
No Opinion	192	13.6
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1775</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No answer	27	1.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>	

Q5j. The law which requires youth to be age 21 to purchase and possess tobacco

**Table 66 Support/Oppose Restricting Tobacco Sale and Possession to Persons Age 21 and Over**

Statewide		
	2022	
	Freq.	Wtd. %
Support	1297	68.8
Oppose	284	20.9
No Opinion	232	10.3
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1765</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No answer	37	1.9
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>	

Q6. In your opinion, how difficult is it for youth in your community to...

Q6a. Buy beer, wine, or hard liquor at stores themselves?

**Table 58 Difficulty of Youth Buying Alcohol**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	145	11.7	215	11.3	183	12.0	212	14.1	
Slightly difficult	164	11.7	265	15.7	236	16.6	258	15.2	
Somewhat difficult	322	27.5	408	24.6	377	25.8	458	25.6	
Quite difficult	385	35.6	514	32.7	433	32.6	461	30.1	
Extremely difficult	157	13.5	230	15.7	168	13.0	207	15.0	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1173</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1632</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1397</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1596</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
Don't know	601	31.2	711	27.3	687	29.5	714	28.1	
No answer	28	1.5	42	1.7	20	0.7	18	0.7	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q6b. Get an older person to buy alcohol for them?**

**Table 59 Difficulty of Youth Getting an Adult to Buy Them Alcohol**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	551	41.5	737	41.2	670	43.1	797	48.2	
Slightly difficult	349	27.7	492	30.0	406	29.1	453	26.0	
Somewhat difficult	245	21.3	337	19.7	308	21.5	304	18.0	
Quite difficult	97	8.1	116	7.2	81	4.3	86	5.6	
Extremely difficult	18	1.5	33	1.9	28	2.0	34	2.2	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1260</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1715</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1493</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1674</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
Don't know	514	26.8	629	23.8	590	25.2	634	26.0	
No answer	28	1.5	41	1.7	21	0.7	20	0.9	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q6c. Order a drink at a bar?**

**Table 60 Difficulty of Youth Ordering a Drink at a Bar**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	68	5.0	81	4.5	57	4.2	63	4.3	
Slightly difficult	151	11.5	202	11.0	201	12.8	208	12.6	
Somewhat difficult	300	23.6	418	23.8	360	24.0	430	23.2	
Quite difficult	471	35.1	670	38.3	538	35.9	631	36.3	
Extremely difficult	297	27.7	399	22.4	317	23.1	352	23.6	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1287</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1770</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1473</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1684</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
Don't know	481	24.5	574	21.3	606	26.5	617	25.1	
No answer	34	1.8	41	1.7	25	0.9	27	0.8	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

**Q6d. Sneak alcohol from their home or a friend’s home?**

**Table 61 Difficulty of Youth Sneaking Alcohol From Home**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not at all difficult	757	57.0	948	55.9	889	60.3	976	59.0
Slightly difficult	341	27.3	460	29.5	340	23.7	361	22.3
Somewhat difficult	143	11.6	210	10.9	164	12.1	206	13.3
Quite difficult	38	3.2	47	1.6	43	2.9	38	3.0
Extremely difficult	14	0.9	35	2.0	19	1.0	31	2.4
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1293</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1700</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1455</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1612</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	479	24.9	638	22.6	622	28.3	693	29.5
No answer	30	1.6	47	2.0	27	0.9	23	0.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q6e. Get their parents to give them alcohol?**

**Table 62 Difficulty of Youth Getting Alcohol From Parents**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not at all difficult	216	16.8	225	14.6	222	16.2	275	17.9
Slightly difficult	335	30.2	432	28.1	377	28.5	422	27.3
Somewhat difficult	342	30.8	442	30.3	394	32.0	394	27.0
Quite difficult	169	16.1	287	18.9	231	16.8	261	18.4
Extremely difficult	61	6.0	113	8.1	82	6.5	115	9.4
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1123</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1499</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1306</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1467</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	647	34.8	838	32.1	773	34.6	836	33.6
No answer	32	1.7	48	1.7	25	1.0	25	1.0
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.



**Q6f. Get other family member to give them alcohol?**

**Table 63 Difficulty of Youth Getting Alcohol From Other Family Member**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not at all difficult	306	25.3	354	21.8	340	25.8	372	25.3
Slightly difficult	390	33.0	493	31.8	417	30.5	482	30.9
Somewhat difficult	296	25.5	433	28.2	363	29.4	403	25.8
Quite difficult	133	12.9	199	12.3	152	10.8	172	12.4
Extremely difficult	40	3.3	85	5.9	53	3.5	71	5.6
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1165</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1564</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1325</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1500</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	607	32.3	779	29.7	750	33.7	805	33.3
No answer	30	1.6	42	1.7	29	1.2	23	0.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

**Q6g. Buy tobacco products (cigarettes, chewing tobacco, e-cigarettes)?**

**Table 64 Difficulty of Youth Buying Tobacco Products**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not at all difficult	287	21.8	448	24.2	367	24.6	399	24.9
Slightly difficult	315	24.4	469	27.4	393	27.0	413	24.8
Somewhat difficult	287	23.6	422	23.0	364	24.4	418	22.5
Quite difficult	243	21.4	287	17.1	223	14.4	284	17.6
Extremely difficult	100	8.8	147	8.3	130	9.6	149	10.2
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1232</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1773</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1477</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1663</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	535	28.7	571	21.7	600	26.1	644	26.2
No answer	35	1.9	41	1.7	27	1.2	21	0.9
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant ( $p < 0.05$ ); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q7. In your opinion, how difficult is access to each of the following substances for adults or youth in your community?**

**Q7a. Marijuana for a medical purpose if a doctor prescribes it**

**Table 65 Difficulty of Accessing Marijuana for a Medical Purpose**

	Statewide							
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not at all difficult	402	38.3	222	16.3	159	14.7	n/a	n/a
Slightly difficult	190	18.2	219	16.6	129	13.6	n/a	n/a
Somewhat difficult	193	18.6	278	20.1	187	17.1	n/a	n/a
Quite difficult	121	13.1	279	20.7	245	26.2	n/a	n/a
Extremely difficult	100	11.9	338	26.2	257	28.4	n/a	n/a
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1006</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1336</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>977</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>n/a</b>	<b>n/a</b>
Don't know	758	41.1	1002	39.5	1105	49.3	n/a	n/a
No answer	38	2.2	47	1.9	22	0.8	n/a	n/a
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>n/a</b>	<b>n/a</b>

**Q7b. Marijuana for personal use**

**Table 66 Difficulty of Accessing Marijuana for Personal Use**

	Statewide							
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not at all difficult	461	39.2	609	38.7	546	42.6	n/a	n/a
Slightly difficult	282	26.1	383	26.9	316	26.0	n/a	n/a
Somewhat difficult	193	18.4	259	18.3	225	18.2	n/a	n/a
Quite difficult	101	10.4	133	8.4	88	7.2	n/a	n/a
Extremely difficult	58	5.9	117	7.6	65	5.9	n/a	n/a
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1095</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1501</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1240</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>n/a</b>	<b>n/a</b>
Don't know	664	35.6	830	31.8	836	36.0	n/a	n/a
No answer	43	2.4	54	2.1	28	1.2	n/a	n/a
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>n/a</b>	<b>n/a</b>

Q7c. Inhalants

**Table 67 Difficulty of Accessing Inhalants**

	Statewide							
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not at all difficult	747	74.1	1048	74.7	901	72.8	983	71.5
Slightly difficult	147	12.9	219	13.8	176	15.6	227	14.3
Somewhat difficult	74	6.9	98	6.2	90	6.2	105	7.9
Quite difficult	38	3.6	53	2.6	41	2.7	46	3.5
Extremely difficult	26	2.4	41	2.7	34	2.7	29	2.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1032</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1459</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1242</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1390</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	731	38.2	869	33.4	844	37.9	915	37.8
No answer	39	2.3	57	2.2	18	0.7	23	0.6
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

Q7d. Cocaine

**Table 68 Difficulty of Accessing Cocaine**

	Statewide							
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not at all difficult	132	16.5	221	18.4	207	20.4	223	19.4
Slightly difficult	154	20.5	214	20.9	201	20.6	238	21.2
Somewhat difficult	222	34.2	292	27.4	260	28.6	282	29.2
Quite difficult	109	17.9	188	21.7	155	20.6	157	15.9
Extremely difficult	70	10.9	113	11.6	88	9.7	106	14.2
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>687</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1028</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>911</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1006</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	1073	58.7	1312	53.4	1173	53.8	1298	54.1
No answer	42	2.4	45	1.9	20	0.9	24	0.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2019 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q7e. Heroin**

**Table 69 Difficulty of Accessing Heroin**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	135	17.8	236	20.3	223	21.7	205	19.1	
Slightly difficult	147	20.3	221	21.9	224	23.6	221	21.2	
Somewhat difficult	206	31.7	259	26.2	226	25.3	251	24.9	
Quite difficult	108	19.0	167	18.6	142	17.9	173	18.7	
Extremely difficult	73	11.2	127	12.9	103	11.5	121	16.2	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>669</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1010</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>918</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>971</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
Don't know	1088	60.0	1332	54.0	1162	53.1	1331	55.9	
No answer	45	2.4	43	1.7	24	1.2	26	0.8	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q7f. Ecstasy (MDMA, molly, XTC)**

**Table 70 Difficulty of Accessing Ecstasy**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	124	16.8	192	17.4	179	17.9	208	19.6	
Slightly difficult	156	24.2	205	22.8	206	24.1	230	22.6	
Somewhat difficult	178	30.1	245	27.0	237	29.6	234	25.3	
Quite difficult	94	16.2	181	21.5	119	17.4	151	18.4	
Extremely difficult	71	12.7	97	11.3	91	11.1	98	14.0	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>623</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>920</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>921</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
Don't know	1133	61.9	1413	56.9	1244	56.8	1380	57.6	
No answer	46	2.4	52	2.1	28	1.4	27	1.2	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

**Q7g. Methamphetamine**

**Table 71 Difficulty of Accessing Methamphetamine**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not at all difficult	329	32.1	448	31.1	427	35.5	509	38.0
Slightly difficult	243	28.1	361	29.4	319	28.5	358	26.1
Somewhat difficult	188	24.1	282	23.2	241	22.9	231	19.2
Quite difficult	70	9.6	117	10.3	74	7.6	106	9.3
Extremely difficult	46	6.0	69	6.0	64	5.5	63	7.4
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>876</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1277</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1125</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1267</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	877	49.5	1046	43.4	951	42.5	1028	43.8
No answer	49	2.9	62	2.3	28	1.0	33	1.1
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q7h. Over-the-Counter Drugs (abuse of cough medicines, Dramamine, diet pills, sleeping pills, etc.)**

**Table 72 Difficulty of Accessing Over-the-Counter Drugs**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not at all difficult	620	53.8	892	55.4	744	52.5	761	51.9
Slightly difficult	302	26.1	412	24.0	351	26.7	364	23.2
Somewhat difficult	179	13.1	257	14.1	221	14.6	231	14.6
Quite difficult	55	4.8	78	4.2	63	4.2	85	6.1
Extremely difficult	27	2.2	43	2.4	32	2.1	52	4.1
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1183</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1682</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1411</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1493</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	580	31.1	656	25.7	673	30.6	816	34.6
No answer	39	2.3	47	1.9	20	1.0	19	0.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q7i. Prescription pain medication (abuse of)**

**Table 73 Difficulty of Accessing Prescription Drugs**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not at all difficult	259	24.5	375	29.7	131	16.5	235	23.8
Slightly difficult	331	34.6	363	29.4	148	17.4	247	25.0
Somewhat difficult	298	26.8	292	23.4	199	27.8	274	25.8
Quite difficult	100	9.6	157	12.3	164	24.0	132	13.2
Extremely difficult	41	4.5	63	5.1	109	14.3	120	12.1
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1029</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1250</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>751</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1008</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	728	39.2	1088	45.1	1327	61.4	1298	55.0
No answer	45	2.5	47	1.9	26	1.3	22	0.6
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q7j. Synthetic Drugs (K2, "Bath Salts", "Spice", etc.)**

**Table 74 Difficulty of Accessing Synthetic Drugs**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Not at all difficult	188	28.1	254	24.9	376	30.2	368	27.9
Slightly difficult	177	27.1	197	19.8	419	32.1	353	29.1
Somewhat difficult	146	23.9	212	26.8	305	25.2	295	24.6
Quite difficult	67	11.4	141	16.1	114	8.5	112	10.8
Extremely difficult	52	9.5	97	12.3	56	4.1	72	7.6
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>630</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>901</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1270</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1200</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	1129	61.9	1433	58.2	813	36.3	1106	45.8
No answer	43	2.3	51	2.0	21	0.9	22	0.9
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

**Q7k. Intravenous (IV) Drugs (abuse of)**

**Table 75 Difficulty of Accessing Intravenous (IV) Drugs**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	99	15.6	283	24.1	285	31.1	242	24.3	
Slightly difficult	106	17.5	332	30.2	226	26.1	226	26.0	
Somewhat difficult	169	28.9	280	23.8	191	24.4	201	21.5	
Quite difficult	128	22.2	156	13.6	70	11.7	140	17.1	
Extremely difficult	92	15.8	98	8.3	54	6.7	85	11.1	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>594</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1149</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>826</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>894</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
Don't know	1162	62.9	1194	45.3	1252	57.8	1413	59.1	
No answer	46	2.5	42	1.8	26	1.0	21	0.7	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q8. To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?**

**Q8a. Preventing alcohol and other drug use among youth is important.**

**Table 76 Preventing Alcohol/Drug Use among Youth is Important**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	50	2.7	77	3.4	73	3.2	74	3.2	
Disagree	17	1.4	15	0.7	16	1.0	10	0.8	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	79	6.5	72	4.4	90	6.4	80	5.5	
Agree	597	36.1	806	37.7	647	33.2	753	34.6	
Strongly Agree	1012	53.2	1370	53.8	1257	56.1	1397	56.0	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1755</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2340</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2083</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2314</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	47	2.8	45	2.1	21	0.8	14	0.4	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

**Q8b. I am concerned about whether my community has sufficient alcohol and other drug abuse prevention programs.**

**Table 77 Sufficient Alcohol/Drug Abuse Prevention Programs in Community**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	46	3.7	55	2.9	52	2.8	52	3.1	
Disagree	125	9.5	158	8.7	140	9.1	185	9.3	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	598	37.3	745	34.0	658	34.6	751	36.2	
Agree	588	30.2	824	33.8	737	33.0	832	33.5	
Strongly Agree	393	19.2	547	20.6	485	20.5	470	17.8	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1750</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2329</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2072</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2290</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	52	3.1	56	2.2	32	1.3	38	1.1	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

**Q8c. There are leaders in my community who are interested in reducing access and abuse of alcohol and other drugs.**

**Table 78 Leaders in Community Want to Reduce Alcohol/Drug Use/Abuse**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	48	2.9	57	2.5	37	2.5	51	2.5	
Disagree	126	7.0	111	5.1	104	7.0	129	5.9	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	805	48.3	924	42.5	834	42.4	902	42.7	
Agree	587	32.4	932	38.6	821	37.3	925	37.5	
Strongly Agree	174	9.3	293	11.2	264	10.9	287	11.4	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1740</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2317</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2060</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2294</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	62	3.4	68	2.6	44	1.8	34	1.1	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.



**Q8d. I know who to go to if I need help for myself or family member(s) who are abusing alcohol or other drugs.**

**Table 79 Know Where to Go For Help with Drug/Alcohol Abuse**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	93	5.3	108	4.4	95	4.3	92	4.2	
Disagree	254	15.3	323	14.3	300	16.3	258	12.5	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	353	20.1	446	18.2	416	20.1	426	19.1	
Agree	761	42.4	1040	46.1	911	43.4	1064	44.6	
Strongly Agree	284	17.0	397	17.0	336	15.9	442	19.5	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1745</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2314</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2058</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2282</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	57	3.3	71	2.6	46	1.6	46	1.4	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q8e. My community is actively instituting policies that address the misuse of alcohol and other drugs.**

**Table 80 Community Policies Address Misuse of Alcohol/Drugs**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	104	5.5	114	5.0	95	5.5	96	4.8	
Disagree	258	13.9	320	13.7	311	16.8	282	12.5	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	912	53.4	1146	49.9	988	47.6	1083	47.0	
Agree	375	22.3	596	26.0	551	25.1	675	29.2	
Strongly Agree	87	5.0	140	5.4	112	5.0	152	6.5	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1736</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2316</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2057</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2288</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	66	3.6	69	2.6	47	2.1	40	1.4	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q8f. My community is taking strong action to prevent the misuse of alcohol and other drugs.**

**Table 81 Community Takes Action to Prevent Misuse of Alcohol/Drugs**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	125	6.8	145	6.5	112	6.4	114	5.5	
Disagree	333	18.4	389	16.5	371	18.5	355	16.1	
Neither Agree nor Disagree	884	50.4	1089	47.0	980	48.7	1077	46.8	
Agree	317	19.6	566	25.1	491	21.4	604	25.5	
Strongly Agree	83	4.7	124	4.9	107	5.0	142	6.1	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1742</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2313</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2061</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2292</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	60	3.4	72	2.8	43	1.6	36	1.4	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q8g. I am concerned that tobacco companies have used creative strategies to continue to promote tobacco use, such as adding flavors to tobacco products to make them taste like candy or fruit**

**Table 87 Tobacco Companies Using Flavored Tobacco Products to Promote Use**

Statewide		
	2022	
	Freq.	Wtd. %
Strongly Disagree	80	6.4
Disagree	102	7.3
Neither Agree nor Disagree	342	20.7
Agree	651	35.4
Strongly Agree	566	30.2
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1741</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No answer	61	3.2
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>	

Q9. What is your age?

**Table 82 Age**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
18-20	15	2.1	12	1.3	20	2.7	21	2.4	
21-24	58	8.2	64	7.4	57	7.6	73	8.6	
25-44	490	36.2	613	36.4	540	34.3	612	32.8	
45-64	581	32.1	814	34.5	779	35.4	854	36.1	
65 and older	614	21.4	840	20.4	691	20.0	741	20.1	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1758</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2343</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2087</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2301</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
No answer	44	2.7	42	2.0	17	0.8	27	1.1	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

Q10. Gender

**Table 83 Gender**

Statewide									
	2022		2019		2017		2015		
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	
Male	587	49.4	902	49.2	686	49.4	765	49.3	
Female	1151	50.6	1418	50.8	1379	50.6	1515	50.7	
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1738</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2376</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2065</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2280</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
Other	11	3.2	9	0.4	5	0.4	8	0.7	
No answer	53	0.9	56	2.6	34	1.5	40	1.5	
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>		

Q11. Which of the following represent your race or ethnic background? (Mark all that apply.)

**Table 84 Race/Ethnic Background**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Caucasian*	1614	97.3	2161	92.8	1915	89.8	2081	86.2
Black or African American*	14	4.2	44	3.0	22	1.6	24	1.4
American Indian or Alaska Native*	66	10.3	56	2.3	47	3.2	78	5.2
Asian*	22	5.3	25	1.6	36	2.7	37	2.5
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	7	1.6	6	0.3	5	0.3	3	0.2
Other (please specify)	60	9.7	70	2.7	80	3.9	64	3.3
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1686</b>		<b>2310</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2096</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2322</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No answer	116		75	2.9	8	0.3	6	0.2
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2022 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q12. Are you of Hispanic origin?

**Table 85 Hispanic Origin**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Yes	32	2.5	33	1.6	38	3.0	32	2.0
No	1680	97.5	2258	98.4	2009	97.0	2210	98.0
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1712</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2291</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2047</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2242</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	90	1.4	61	1.6	21	0.7	26	1.4
No answer	23	3.8	33	2.7	36	1.2	60	2.6
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

**Q13. Which one of the following best describes your employment status?**

**Table 86 Employment**

		Statewide							
		2022		2019		2017		2015	
		Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Full time employed		871	59.6	1131	59.3	1025	58.2	1134	58.7
Part time employed		163	9.4	250	10.1	213	10.2	261	10.8
Full time with second job		35	2.4	58	3.2	32	1.8	42	2.1
Not employed - Looking for a job		20	1.4	35	1.9	27	1.8	37	2.3
Not employed - Not looking for a job		660	27.1	836	25.4	782	28.0	784	26.0
<b>Valid Total</b>		<b>1749</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2310</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2079</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2258</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No answer		53	3.1	75	2.9	25	1.0	70	2.9
<b>Total Count</b>		<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

Q14. In which sector of the economy are you currently employed? (If not currently working, check category of last employment)

**Table 87 Employment Sector**

	Statewide							
	2022		2019*		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
Agriculture	171	8.3	269	9.5	193	9.3	281	14.7
Manufacturing	55	4.2	96	5.3	69	4.2	94	5.6
Transportation/ Utilities	70	5.0	110	5.5	90	5.5	93	5.2
Wholesale	18	1.3	21	1.3	20	0.8	16	1.0
Retail	121	6.4	192	9.0	179	9.6	156	6.9
Finance and Real Estate	71	4.3	75	3.7	67	4.0	70	4.0
Business and Repair Services	63	4.6	75	3.4	56	3.6	67	3.3
Professional	300	17.9	352	17.3	335	16.6	346	14.7
Government	193	12.0	191	9.8	198	10.1	194	8.6
Leisure and Hospitality	30	2.2	53	2.6	43	2.4	44	2.2
Education	258	13.3	276	10.6	239	10.6	295	12.8
Other (please specify)	345	20.5	482	22.0	496	23.3	482	21.1
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1695</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2192</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1985</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2138</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No answer	107	5.0	193	6.0	119	4.1	190	6.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

\*Statewide differences between 2015 and 2019 are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q15. How many children live in your home?**

**Table 88 Children**

Statewide								
	2022		2019		2017		2015	
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %	Freq.	Wtd. %
0	1202	66.4	1590	64.3	1449	66.4	1636	66.5
1	179	11.8	224	11.9	213	11.5	250	12.2
2	194	13.1	249	13.6	210	12.6	246	11.5
3	78	5.5	122	6.8	101	5.2	117	5.7
4	34	2.0	47	2.4	49	3.1	51	3.0
5	6	0.4	10	0.5	11	0.6	12	0.5
6	5	0.4	7	0.3	6	0.3	4	0.2
7	2	0.1	1	0.0	3	0.2	11	0.3
8	1	0.0	6	0.2	1	0.0	1	0.0
9	1	0.1	1	0.0	1	0.0	0	0.0
10+	1	0.1	0	0.0	1	0.1	0	0.0
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1703</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2257</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2045</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2328</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No answer	99		128	4.7	59	1.9	0	0.0
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>2385</b>		<b>2104</b>		<b>2328</b>	

**Comments. Do you have any comments that you want to share?**

Responses to all open-ended question are available in the separate document from this report.

## *State-wide and Population Density Area Estimates*

In the following tables using weighted data, the percentage distributions of responses to all questions on the survey are presented for each of the three density areas—urban, rural, and frontier, and for the state overall side by side. Data from 2015, 2017, 2019, and 2022 are present in the tables. Raw frequency counts are presented for the state level data only. Where statistically significant differences are found between population density areas in the 2022 data ( $p < 0.05$ ; overall Pearson Chi-square test performed), a notation is present.

All items are presented in the order the questions were asked of respondents; question text is presented verbatim.

The three population density areas were defined using the following criteria.

1. If the respondent lived in a county that had a population density of less than six people per square mile then they were considered to have a Frontier address.
2. Respondents who lived in counties with population densities of 6 or more people per square mile were classified as living at a Rural or Urban address.
  - a. Cities with populations of 15,000 people or more were considered to be Urban. These cities included: Minot, Grand Forks City, Fargo, West Fargo, Jamestown, Bismarck, Mandan, Dickinson, and Williston. Respondents with zip codes in these cities are considered to have an Urban address.
  - b. People living outside of the identified cities or who lived in these higher density counties are considered to have a Rural address.

The following approach was used in declaring missing values. For all questions, No answer/Refused and Don't know/Not sure responses are excluded from the valid percent calculations. However, their proportion in the total number of responses is presented as a percentage for each item on the survey in the same table as the valid percent distributions



Q1. In your opinion how much of a problem is the use of each of the following substances in your community among adults and among youth?

**Alcohol – Adults:**

**Table 89 Alcohol Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %
Not a problem	138	8.7	9.5	11.2	7.8	8.4	11.5	10.7	10.2	9.9	11.6	8.1	13.9	10.0
Minor problem	260	18.9	16.1	17.3	15.6	18.5	19.1	15.6	14.6	18.5	20.9	20.9	20.3	19.4
Moderate problem	733	44.5	45.0	43.4	44.7	43.1	43.1	44.5	46.5	45.0	45.8	47.9	47.8	47.7
Serious problem	499	28.0	29.4	28.0	31.9	30.0	26.3	29.3	28.8	26.6	21.7	23.0	18.0	22.9
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1630</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	158	7.3	6.4	5.6	5.7	6.7	9.2	8.9	5.4	8.6	6.5	8.1	8.3	10.2
No answer	14	0.5	0.2	0.8	1.0	0.6	1.0	0.8	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.4	0.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

**Alcohol – Youth:**

**Table 90 Alcohol Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	98	7.8	5.4	8.9	6.7	8.1	10.1	6.7	6.4	8.5	10.5	5.3	7.9	8.4
Minor problem	240	18.5	12.7	12.5	15.1	17.2	11.3	13.5	18.3	21.6	20.0	19.1	19.9	22.1
Moderate problem	631	43.6	42.2	40.1	40.6	43.1	42.5	41.8	40.1	40.5	38.8	43.1	45.1	46.5
Serious problem	473	30.1	39.7	38.6	37.6	31.6	36.1	38.0	35.3	29.4	30.8	32.5	27.1	23.1
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1442</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	289	14.5	12.2	11.9	12.5	13.6	15.0	11.0	10.5	13.8	13.5	15.7	16.9	20.5
No answer	71	2.9	5.3	4.8	6.6	2.7	5.6	7.0	8.9	4.9	6.7	5.5	10.0	3.0
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Tobacco – Adults:**

**Table 91 Tobacco Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	168	10.6	9.2	12.1	9.7	10.2	13.3	10.2	11.8	11.6	13.3	11.8	12.4	12.4
Minor problem	344	22.9	21.3	20.6	20.0	21.6	23.1	20.1	20.6	24.3	24.7	22.0	29.6	26.3
Moderate problem	722	43.0	43.2	39.3	39.6	42.2	41.0	44.5	45.4	41.6	39.5	45.6	41.0	45.6
Serious problem	386	23.6	26.3	28.0	30.6	25.9	22.6	25.1	22.2	22.5	22.6	20.5	17.1	15.7
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1620</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	166	7.1	7.0	5.9	5.3	5.8	7.3	8.7	6.7	9.0	7.1	6.8	7.7	12.0
No answer	16	0.7	1.5	2.3	1.5	0.7	2.4	1.5	1.3	1.2	2.1	3.8	1.3	0.2
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

**Tobacco – Youth:**

**Table 92 Tobacco Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	109	7.8	5.9	8.7	6.1	7.2	9.6	6.3	8.6	8.6	13.9	9.8	8.8	12.7
Minor problem	229	15.6	20.3	17.5	15.6	13.5	21.8	19.4	18.9	23.3	27.9	30.2	26.4	21.9
Moderate problem	561	36.8	44.0	40.4	32.2	36.6	37.7	42.3	36.7	31.5	34.8	36.9	37.1	40.7
Serious problem	586	39.8	29.8	33.3	46.1	42.7	31.0	32.1	35.8	36.5	23.3	23.1	27.8	24.7
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1485</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	252	11.4	12.7	10.6	9.9	9.2	13.3	13.4	11.7	15.9	15.4	15.0	17.6	19.5
No answer	65	2.7	6.1	5.4	6.1	2.5	7.3	7.3	8.6	4.2	6.7	7.4	9.7	3.2
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Marijuana – Adults:**

**Table 93 Marijuana Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	321	27.0	19.7	26.2	24.0	26.6	21.6	23.8	18.8	26.3	27.9	18.8	26.9	27.8
Minor problem	342	26.2	26.8	26.7	26.4	26.1	25.2	25.4	27.2	23.0	30.7	35.1	28.7	23.4
Moderate problem	431	28.9	32.5	27.4	28.4	27.4	30.4	29.8	29.3	32.8	25.6	31.8	25.1	33.5
Serious problem	285	17.8	21.0	19.7	21.2	19.9	22.7	21.0	24.7	17.9	15.8	14.3	19.4	15.4
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1379</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	410	18.7	21.6	20.1	16.3	16.8	27.4	28.0	20.9	20.3	28.6	27.4	26.7	26.1
No answer	13	0.6	1.4	1.2	0.9	0.4	1.4	1.5	2.0	1.3	1.5	2.4	1.8	0.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Marijuana – Youth:**

**Table 94 Marijuana Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	169	14.4	10.6	17.7	15.3	14.4	14.9	9.0	11.7	17.9	19.5	12.8	14.4	19.9
Minor problem	290	25.1	20.3	17.5	17.9	25.1	18.2	25.5	25.0	24.6	23.1	31.5	24.4	23.3
Moderate problem	432	32.0	32.2	31.5	35.2	32.0	28.7	35.3	31.7	26.6	31.6	31.9	30.9	35.2
Serious problem	367	28.5	36.9	33.3	31.6	28.5	38.3	30.2	31.6	31.0	25.8	23.8	30.3	21.6
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1258</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	470	19.8	23.2	22.7	18.9	19.8	28.0	27.1	22.5	25.0	31.4	30.8	28.9	32.0
No answer	74	2.9	5.4	4.6	6.2	2.9	7.1	8.2	9.4	4.2	6.1	5.6	9.6	3.7
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Inhalants – Adults:**

**Table 95 Inhalants Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	391	40.8	41.5	39.2	38.9	41.0	49.4	44.3	49.6	36.4	66.7	55.4	65.6	53.4
Minor problem	320	33.7	32.3	34.5	34.9	32.4	32.2	30.9	30.9	35.0	23.3	30.7	26.6	30.8
Moderate problem	166	14.6	17.4	16.0	17.4	14.8	12.5	16.7	10.8	21.1	7.2	7.0	4.6	10.8
Serious problem	98	10.9	8.8	10.3	8.8	11.7	5.9	8.1	8.7	7.5	2.8	6.9	3.1	5.0
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>975</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	802	41.0	45.4	42.9	42.6	40.0	47.4	47.1	40.4	42.4	48.3	52.1	48.1	45.6
No answer	25	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.2	0.9	1.8	1.8	1.4	2.5	1.0	2.6	1.0	0.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Inhalants – Youth:**

**Table 96 Inhalants Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	271	31.5	24.9	26.3	25.1	31.5	32.9	31.7	36.4	26.1	51.2	41.6	47.1	44.3
Minor problem	296	30.1	28.4	31.7	33.8	30.1	29.8	28.7	31.3	36.6	32.7	34.4	36.3	33.2
Moderate problem	223	22.8	28.6	23.5	24.8	22.8	24.5	24.4	16.7	23.9	10.3	15.7	12.4	13.7
Serious problem	148	15.6	18.1	18.4	16.3	15.6	12.9	15.3	15.5	13.3	5.7	8.3	4.1	8.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>938</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	800	39.8	45.0	43.2	40.4	39.8	46.3	44.7	39.6	43.1	47.6	53.1	50.3	47.4
No answer	64	2.4	5.5	4.4	6.8	2.4	6.8	7.6	8.9	5.3	6.1	5.6	9.4	3.2
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.



**Cocaine – Adults:**

**Table 97 Cocaine Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	270	24.7	26.5	26.0	23.1	21.6	43.6	36.3	36.0	31.2	56.6	43.8	53.4	43.2
Minor problem	292	31.9	29.8	25.5	29.5	32.9	24.7	27.3	27.5	24.4	28.1	23.3	20.2	28.4
Moderate problem	262	24.7	24.5	25.1	23.7	24.3	18.3	20.6	20.9	26.4	11.3	19.4	17.2	20.0
Serious problem	204	18.7	19.3	23.4	23.8	21.2	13.3	15.8	15.6	18.0	4.0	13.5	9.2	8.4
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1028</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	760	38.4	41.7	36.1	38.9	35.0	48.2	45.4	41.7	39.9	48.6	46.9	44.9	46.2
No answer	14	0.6	1.2	0.9	1.0	0.5	1.6	1.0	1.9	1.2	1.0	2.0	1.6	0.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Cocaine – Youth:**

**Table 98 Cocaine Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	275	30.9	27.2	26.8	29.3	28.5	41.1	31.6	41.8	38.1	56.7	46.3	57.8	48.4
Minor problem	278	34.1	30.9	28.0	29.7	34.0	22.8	24.7	28.2	28.7	27.2	26.4	15.0	30.9
Moderate problem	195	18.7	23.8	20.6	20.3	19.8	22.9	25.9	14.4	19.6	11.0	14.3	14.6	14.0
Serious problem	148	16.3	18.1	24.5	20.7	17.7	13.2	17.8	15.5	13.6	5.1	13.0	12.6	6.7
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>896</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	842	43.4	44.3	40.4	42.4	41.2	48.4	46.4	44.0	44.0	51.1	48.0	50.1	50.7
No answer	64	2.7	5.6	4.5	6.4	2.5	6.9	7.5	8.4	4.0	6.1	6.0	9.9	3.2
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Heroin – Adults:**

**Table 99 Heroin Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	263	23.6	26.7	18.6	20.0	18.9	43.8	32.7	36.6	29.5	61.8	43.4	54.8	50.6
Minor problem	231	24.3	26.0	21.0	22.7	24.6	26.8	23.5	22.6	22.0	25.9	21.7	24.1	23.3
Moderate problem	231	21.6	23.7	19.7	25.1	22.7	16.5	18.0	21.3	21.6	5.3	14.7	10.4	14.6
Serious problem	295	30.5	23.6	40.7	32.1	33.7	12.9	25.7	19.5	26.9	7.0	20.2	10.7	11.5
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1020</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	767	38.2	42.1	31.0	36.9	35.3	50.0	45.0	42.9	40.8	52.4	46.9	47.1	48.6
No answer	15	0.6	1.0	1.2	1.4	0.4	2.0	0.8	2.0	2.3	0.7	1.5	1.1	0.7
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>		<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Heroin – Youth:**

**Table 100 Heroin Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	278	31.7	28.6	19.4	25.5	28.5	46.0	29.3	42.4	35.0	60.6	44.9	57.5	54.8
Minor problem	238	27.5	27.1	22.7	26.2	28.5	23.3	26.8	26.5	27.6	26.3	24.2	20.7	25.5
Moderate problem	175	17.1	24.8	20.6	19.7	17.6	19.5	17.2	14.1	20.4	7.8	15.7	10.8	11.1
Serious problem	194	23.6	19.4	37.2	28.6	25.5	11.2	26.7	17.0	17.0	5.3	15.2	10.9	8.6
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>885</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	852	43.8	45.0	36.2	41.3	41.7	50.5	45.1	45.0	46.8	53.2	48.5	51.0	51.4
No answer	65	2.5	5.8	4.3	6.6	2.3	6.7	7.1	8.5	4.1	6.4	5.3	9.7	3.4
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>		<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Ecstasy – Adults:**

**Table 101 Ecstasy Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %
<b>Not a problem</b>	303	33.7	33.3	32.9	33.1	30.4	52.2	43.0	52.6	39.1	67.1	56.1	67.5	57.6
<b>Minor problem</b>	253	32.9	32.4	29.0	33.7	33.5	22.7	24.9	26.6	28.5	18.5	22.3	18.5	26.1
<b>Moderate problem</b>	187	20.9	18.4	20.8	21.6	22.3	13.8	15.9	11.2	19.2	9.6	12.5	8.7	9.7
<b>Serious problem</b>	121	12.5	15.9	17.3	11.6	13.9	11.3	16.3	9.6	13.1	4.8	9.1	5.4	6.6
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>864</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Don't know</b>	918	46.8	47.2	44.4	46.8	45.0	52.9	51.7	50.0	47.9	55.2	53.9	53.4	53.8
<b>No answer</b>	20	0.9	1.5	1.5	1.6	0.5	3.1	1.3	1.8	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Ecstasy – Youth:**

**Table 102 Ecstasy Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	262	32.3	27.5	25.6	28.5	28.8	43.3	32.9	47.7	38.1	59.5	48.2	57.4	55.0
Minor problem	227	30.7	28.3	26.4	30.1	31.4	23.0	27.7	27.7	27.4	21.6	24.4	24.5	23.4
Moderate problem	187	21.4	23.5	24.5	26.3	23.3	17.0	17.2	12.2	20.9	8.2	16.3	7.5	13.5
Serious problem	133	15.6	20.7	23.5	15.1	16.4	16.6	22.2	12.4	13.5	10.7	11.1	10.6	8.1
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>809</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	922	46.9	46.2	45.3	46.5	45.3	51.9	51.2	48.2	48.3	52.9	54.5	53.9	54.2
No answer	71	3.0	6.0	4.7	7.0	2.4	8.7	7.2	9.1	5.0	7.6	5.6	11.1	4.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>		<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Methamphetamine – Adults:**

**Table 103 Methamphetamine Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
<b>Not a problem</b>	145	10.6	12.1	13.0	9.4	11.2	19.3	14.2	13.3	10.8	29.6	16.1	24.9	14.4
<b>Minor problem</b>	171	14.0	10.6	9.1	11.6	11.9	11.7	10.7	13.9	9.6	18.1	13.0	19.8	22.6
<b>Moderate problem</b>	343	26.0	27.0	23.4	23.7	24.9	26.5	28.3	26.3	25.9	23.9	31.4	25.1	28.2
<b>Serious problem</b>	665	49.4	50.4	54.5	55.3	52.0	42.4	46.9	46.6	53.6	28.5	39.5	30.3	34.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1324</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Don't know</b>	460	22.9	22.6	20.0	19.5	20.9	27.7	27.7	21.3	24.3	35.7	34.7	30.3	29.6
<b>No answer</b>	18	0.8	1.7	1.3	1.7	0.5	1.9	1.1	2.0	2.3	1.5	2.2	1.8	1.4
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Methamphetamine – Youth:**

**Table 104 Methamphetamine Use in Community as a Problem Among youth by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	174	16.9	12.6	13.6	12.7	17.1	19.4	13.8	20.3	16.6	30.4	19.2	27.0	24.9
Minor problem	211	20.2	16.5	13.5	20.9	18.2	11.8	15.9	17.4	19.6	19.6	19.7	23.6	24.2
Moderate problem	283	23.4	25.6	24.6	22.5	24.5	24.9	24.9	24.1	18.6	25.5	25.9	19.3	24.5
Serious problem	460	39.5	45.2	48.2	44.0	40.1	43.9	45.4	38.1	45.2	24.4	35.2	30.0	26.4
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1128</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	607	31.5	30.3	28.1	28.0	29.8	33.9	32.7	28.1	33.8	38.8	42.0	40.5	38.5
No answer	67	2.8	6.3	4.7	6.8	2.6	7.1	7.1	8.8	4.0	7.6	6.0	9.9	3.4
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.



**Over-the-Counter Drugs – Adults:**

**Table 105 Over-the-Counter Drugs Use in Community as a Problem Among adults by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	225	19.7	18.9	16.5	14.5	17.4	25.4	20.0	21.0	23.6	33.1	23.9	32.6	31.5
Minor problem	311	28.1	23.9	21.8	22.5	27.3	20.7	20.1	24.1	25.0	29.8	26.6	25.8	27.1
Moderate problem	366	31.0	33.2	31.1	35.6	32.5	26.2	26.5	28.1	32.9	23.8	29.4	27.3	25.0
Serious problem	239	21.3	24.0	30.6	27.3	22.8	27.7	33.4	26.8	18.6	13.3	20.2	14.2	16.4
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1141</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	645	31.0	31.8	26.8	26.9	28.5	37.6	38.1	28.9	36.7	40.1	42.1	37.6	41.4
No answer	16	0.5	1.3	0.9	1.1	0.5	0.8	0.7	2.0	1.3	0.7	1.9	1.4	0.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Over-the-Counter Drugs – Youth:**

**Table 106 Over-the-Counter Drugs Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
<b>Not a problem</b>	199	20.0	15.9	15.3	13.5	17.8	22.4	17.3	21.7	22.7	33.2	23.7	28.9	34.9
<b>Minor problem</b>	286	28.0	22.3	19.0	24.2	26.9	22.0	20.2	27.9	28.8	28.9	33.2	31.4	33.9
<b>Moderate problem</b>	321	30.1	33.2	31.7	34.7	32.1	27.4	30.0	25.0	27.5	23.5	27.4	23.3	19.4
<b>Serious problem</b>	222	21.8	28.6	34.0	27.5	23.2	28.2	32.4	25.4	21.0	14.4	15.7	16.3	11.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1028</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Don't know</b>	708	34.6	34.1	29.9	30.5	32.2	39.1	38.0	31.3	42.8	42.6	45.9	42.7	45.6
<b>No answer</b>	66	2.6	5.7	4.2	6.5	2.4	6.0	6.9	8.7	3.9	6.2	4.8	10.0	3.6
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Prescription Drugs – Adults:**

**Table 107 Prescription Drugs Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
<b>Not a problem</b>	170	12.4	16.0	13.7	10.0	10.7	20.8	17.5	18.0	18.3	31.7	23.6	27.5	20.5
<b>Minor problem</b>	243	19.5	19.8	14.3	18.0	17.0	16.7	16.0	20.0	20.3	24.8	17.9	30.7	31.2
<b>Moderate problem</b>	424	33.9	33.4	28.2	33.3	33.8	28.2	22.7	28.3	30.2	25.8	33.8	23.1	26.3
<b>Serious problem</b>	448	34.2	30.8	43.8	38.7	38.6	34.3	43.8	33.8	31.1	17.7	24.8	18.7	22.0
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1282</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Don't know</b>	504	25.0	27.7	24.4	21.6	21.8	32.5	33.8	26.6	29.3	38.4	35.3	37.7	36.2
<b>No answer</b>	13	0.5	1.2	0.8	1.1	0.4	0.6	0.7	1.3	1.2	0.6	1.7	1.2	0.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Prescription Drugs – Youth:**

**Table 108 Prescription Drugs Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %
<b>Not a problem</b>	199	18.6	16.3	12.6	14.2	16.1	22.5	19.5	21.0	27.4	38.1	25.4	30.3	33.0
<b>Minor problem</b>	280	26.3	23.6	20.1	21.8	25.6	21.0	18.6	24.2	25.1	24.5	31.9	31.7	27.7
<b>Moderate problem</b>	320	29.3	31.0	27.3	31.2	29.6	25.8	24.5	24.4	24.6	23.7	22.3	22.2	25.6
<b>Serious problem</b>	277	25.7	29.1	40.1	32.8	28.8	30.7	37.4	30.4	22.9	13.8	20.3	15.7	13.7
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1076</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Don't know</b>	660	32.5	33.2	30.1	28.8	29.2	37.4	35.0	32.8	40.7	41.6	44.0	44.5	44.6
<b>No answer</b>	66	2.6	5.6	4.3	6.7	2.3	5.9	7.0	9.2	4.0	6.2	5.7	9.8	3.7
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Synthetic Drugs – Adults:**

**Table 109 Synthetic Drugs Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
<b>Not a problem</b>	324	38.3	35.1	32.9	32.4	35.7	47.0	39.5	47.1	40.8	69.7	56.9	68.5	62.8
<b>Minor problem</b>	227	30.2	29.9	29.2	27.0	29.4	22.7	33.5	25.9	30.8	18.6	23.9	18.9	18.4
<b>Moderate problem</b>	136	14.7	21.8	20.7	19.1	15.4	19.7	14.8	10.5	17.4	6.1	13.0	7.4	9.3
<b>Serious problem</b>	138	16.9	13.1	17.2	21.5	19.6	10.7	12.2	16.4	11.1	5.6	6.2	5.2	9.5
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>825</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Don't know</b>	958	48.8	50.3	45.8	47.3	45.7	56.6	56.1	50.3	51.5	54.5	57.3	55.7	57.5
<b>No answer</b>	19	0.7	1.2	1.3	2.5	0.8	0.8	1.5	5.3	1.6	0.7	1.8	5.4	0.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>		<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Synthetic Drugs – Youth:**

**Table 110 Synthetic Drugs Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
<b>Not a problem</b>	281	36.4	30.9	30.6	35.4	34.1	45.4	33.9	49.9	40.9	68.1	56.0	68.2	58.6
<b>Minor problem</b>	215	29.8	24.8	27.0	26.8	29.0	22.0	28.1	24.0	29.9	17.5	23.6	19.2	26.2
<b>Moderate problem</b>	136	16.5	24.4	21.5	20.1	18.1	22.2	20.9	9.8	14.9	8.3	14.0	6.1	7.5
<b>Serious problem</b>	129	17.3	19.9	21.0	17.7	18.8	10.4	17.1	16.3	14.3	6.1	6.4	6.5	7.7
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>761</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Don't know</b>	975	49.5	50.4	47.9	47.9	46.9	55.9	55.6	49.6	53.5	53.0	57.8	56.1	57.7
<b>No answer</b>	66	2.7	6.0	4.8	5.3	2.5	6.4	7.5	5.6	4.1	6.1	6.3	6.5	3.4
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Intravenous (IV) Drugs – Adults:**

**Table 111 Intravenous (IV) Drugs Use in Community as a Problem Among Adults by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	295	32.8	34.3	31.2	29.9	31.6	49.9	36.9	44.7	35.1	68.5	58.9	63.7	56.0
Minor problem	231	28.0	29.2	31.3	30.8	27.1	19.8	29.6	27.4	30.0	21.1	21.9	22.5	25.9
Moderate problem	169	19.6	21.7	21.4	23.7	19.4	14.4	20.9	15.5	15.3	5.6	10.1	9.6	10.5
Serious problem	157	19.6	14.7	16.0	15.6	21.9	16.0	12.6	12.4	19.6	4.9	9.1	4.2	7.6
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>852</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	937	47.2	49.7	46.1	46.4	45.1	54.2	56.2	50.7	49.8	56.5	57.1	55.8	57.5
No answer	13	0.7	1.2	3.7	1.2	0.5	0.6	5.3	2.2	1.1	0.7	5.2	1.0	3.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Intravenous (IV) Drugs – Youth:**

**Table 112 Intravenous (IV) Drugs Use in Community as a Problem Among Youth by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	287	37.4	31.8	28.1	25.5	36.5	42.7	38.9	43.4	41.7	65.0	58.4	55.1	52.8
Minor problem	232	30.0	26.0	22.9	28.8	29.5	24.7	24.5	19.3	33.1	19.6	18.0	27.1	24.2
Moderate problem	120	15.1	22.8	23.5	26.9	15.4	19.4	22.6	22.3	11.4	6.8	12.3	8.6	13.7
Serious problem	127	17.5	19.4	25.5	18.8	18.6	13.1	14.1	14.9	13.9	8.6	11.3	9.2	9.2
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>766</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	969	49.5	48.6	46.0	45.7	47.4	53.3	55.8	49.7	52.6	56.5	55.7	56.7	55.4
No answer	67	2.8	5.6	2.6	6.3	2.5	6.4	3.9	9.3	4.2	5.2	3.0	9.9	1.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.



**Q2. In your opinion how much of a problem is each of the following in your community?**

**Q2a. Contribution of drug and alcohol use to crashes or injuries (such as automobile, hunting, boating, snowmobiling)**

**Table 113 Contribution of Drugs/Alcohol to Crashes/Injuries by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %
Not a problem	93	6.4	5.0	5.4	3.7	5.5	7.3	5.9	7.2	9.5	12.5	7.8	13.8	10.9
Minor problem	305	19.3	15.1	14.5	15.5	16.8	20.5	23.4	24.2	21.8	26.4	29.1	33.8	35.5
Moderate problem	604	38.9	37.2	40.3	39.0	39.6	37.4	39.4	38.6	43.4	30.1	38.7	32.5	31.9
Serious problem	544	5.3	42.7	39.9	41.8	38.1	34.7	31.3	30.1	25.3	31.1	24.4	19.9	21.7
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1546</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	243	11.4	8.3	9.5	7.8	10.7	14.7	10.6	12.0	13.2	9.3	15.8	13.5	17.2
No answer	13	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	1.1	0.4	0.4	1.3	1.3	0.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q2b. Contribution of drug and alcohol use to crimes

**Table 114 Contribution of Drugs/Alcohol to Crimes by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	89	5.7	4.8	5.7	3.5	4.5	9.5	6.8	6.4	8.3	17.5	9.1	11.7	12.7
Minor problem	206	13.4	10.2	10.1	9.7	11.7	12.7	16.9	15.5	17.1	22.2	17.6	25.4	23.2
Moderate problem	466	31.1	35.1	32.5	35.5	30.1	38.0	33.9	37.0	33.9	29.3	38.5	38.4	32.8
Serious problem	775	49.8	49.9	51.6	51.3	53.6	39.8	42.4	41.2	40.7	31.0	34.8	24.6	31.1
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1536</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	246	12.2	9.7	10.8	9.4	10.6	16.2	11.8	13.1	14.3	16.0	16.6	17.0	17.8
No answer	20	0.8	1.0	0.7	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.7	1.2	0.5	0.6	1.5	1.3	1.0
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q2c. Contribution of drug and alcohol use to health problems, including cancer, heart disease, and liver disease

**Table 115 Contribution of Drugs/Alcohol to Health Problems by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	92	6.7	7.2	6.8	4.2	5.4	9.9	8.8	8.4	9.8	14.1	9.6	12.6	13.6
Minor problem	219	17.4	16.0	14.0	13.8	14.9	15.1	16.2	17.4	21.3	28.3	17.9	24.8	25.5
Moderate problem	489	35.1	42.1	38.4	39.9	35.1	40.4	36.0	38.1	30.1	29.1	42.9	44.6	35.5
Serious problem	565	40.8	34.7	40.8	42.0	44.6	34.6	39.1	36.2	38.9	28.5	29.5	18.1	25.3
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1365</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	420	20.0	21.5	18.7	18.0	18.2	25.4	21.6	19.1	21.4	23.3	25.0	25.4	29.3
No answer	17	0.7	1.2	1.2	0.5	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.7	0.7	0.6	1.4	1.4	0.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q2d. Contribution of drug use to the spread of chronic diseases, such as HIV and hepatitis

**Table 116 Contribution of Drug Use to the Spread of Disease by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not a problem	151	13.6	15.0	11.8	8.4	11.0	26.5	19.1	20.9	20.6	45.9	27.7	36.5	28.8
Minor problem	285	28.2	29.1	23.2	26.5	27.4	22.8	26.7	26.5	23.7	21.8	25.8	33.8	36.3
Moderate problem	349	32.0	33.7	34.2	36.4	33.7	29.6	33.2	27.6	29.3	17.8	29.1	19.8	20.5
Serious problem	287	26.2	22.2	30.8	28.7	28.0	21.1	21.0	24.9	26.4	14.5	17.4	9.8	14.4
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1072</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	712	35.6	36.1	32.4	31.9	34.1	42.6	39.8	37.6	36.7	46.3	40.8	43.8	46.7
No answer	18	0.8	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.6	1.1	1.5	0.7	1.3	1.2	0.7
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q3. To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?**

**Q3a. It is okay for youth to drink at parties as long as they don't get drunk**

**Table 117 Okay for Youth to Drink at Parties Without Getting Drunk by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	850	41.5	46.4	47.7	46.8	41.5	55.6	48.7	52.9	42.4	50.9	49.3	42.6	42.9
Disagree	602	33.9	35.4	30.7	33.9	33.5	27.6	32.1	33.8	32.6	33.9	33.1	39.7	36.3
Neither Agree nor Disagree	234	16.3	12.3	13.7	11.7	15.8	11.6	12.1	7.9	20.3	9.6	13.3	12.7	13.5
Agree	93	7.2	4.6	5.4	6.5	8.0	3.2	7.0	4.1	4.7	5.4	3.7	4.5	6.8
Strongly Agree	<b>14</b>	<b>1.0</b>	1.3	2.5	1.1	<b>1.3</b>	2.1	0.2	1.3	0.0	0.2	0.6	0.6	<b>0.5</b>
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1793</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	9	0.6	0.3	0.2	1.1	0.6	0.1	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.0	0.8	0.9	0.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q3b. Youth should be able to drink as long as they don't drive afterwards

**Table 118 Okay for Youth to Drink if they Don't Drive by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %
Strongly Disagree	900	44.3	50.0	50.2	50.3	44.1	57.0	51.2	55.0	46.1	53.2	52.7	48.4	45.3
Disagree	601	34.7	33.3	30.7	31.3	33.9	29.7	29.6	34.6	33.4	31.8	29.1	35.4	39.0
Neither Agree nor Disagree	165	11.2	9.6	9.1	10.2	10.5	7.1	11.6	5.4	15.5	8.8	9.8	8.6	8.9
Agree	102	8.5	5.1	7.1	6.7	10.2	3.4	6.4	4.1	3.7	4.8	7.9	7.1	5.7
Strongly Agree	17	1.3	1.9	3.0	1.5	1.3	2.9	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.3	0.5	0.4	1.1
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1785</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	17	1.0	0.7	0.5	1.3	1.1	0.7	1.8	1.5	0.6	0.4	1.0	2.1	0.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q3c. It is okay for youth to smoke cigarettes

**Table 119 Okay for Youth to Smoke Cigarettes by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	1147	62.1	60.3	61.8	64.9	61.4	63.4	61.5	66.7	59.7	65.3	62.0	62.7	64.7
Disagree	511	28.1	32.0	29.4	28.1	28.8	28.0	32.7	29.1	30.9	29.6	29.0	31.9	28.4
Neither Agree nor Disagree	110	8.5	5.8	6.3	5.4	8.1	6.2	4.6	3.5	8.0	4.5	8.1	3.8	6.2
Agree	13	1.0	1.4	1.2	0.9	1.2	0.7	0.5	0.2	1.4	0.3	0.3	0.9	0.0
Strongly Agree	8	0.3	0.6	1.3	0.7	0.5	1.6	0.8	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.7
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1789</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	13	0.9	0.9	0.7	1.1	0.8	0.9	1.8	1.0	0.9	0.5	1.1	1.4	0.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q3d. It is okay for youth to use e-cigarettes

**Table 120 Okay for Youth to Use E-cigarettes by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	1179	62.6	56.3	59.9	62.2	61.3	62.3	60.1	67.0	65.2	63.6	59.7	64.0	65.4
Disagree	478	27.5	31.3	29.0	28.3	28.5	27.2	31.1	27.1	25.6	31.3	29.4	30.4	27.7
Neither Agree nor Disagree	103	8.0	8.7	7.0	6.8	7.9	7.5	7.3	4.8	8.1	3.7	8.4	4.7	5.9
Agree	19	1.6	2.7	2.7	1.9	1.9	1.5	0.3	0.5	0.9	1.0	2.0	0.3	0.4
Strongly Agree	7	0.3	0.9	1.4	0.7	0.4	1.4	1.2	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.5
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1786</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	16	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.8	111.1	0.6	2.0	1.4	0.8	0.6	0.7	1.5	0.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.



Q3e. Youth who experiment with alcohol or other drugs almost always grow out of it

**Table 121 Youth Will Grow Out of Experimentation with Alcohol/Drugs by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	757	38.3	38.8	37.9	37.9	38.0	45.5	37.4	45.8	35.0	38.5	39.2	41.0	39.6
Disagree	622	4.6	35.8	36.9	37.8	35.7	33.8	43.5	35.1	41.0	35.7	38.0	35.7	32.7
Neither Agree nor Disagree	323	20.6	19.2	19.9	19.1	19.0	16.1	14.7	14.5	20.6	19.1	18.4	19.0	20.8
Agree	72	5.4	5.4	4.3	4.1	5.9	3.1	3.2	4.1	3.4	5.7	3.5	3.0	5.9
Strongly Agree	16	1.2	0.7	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.2	0.5	0.0	1.2	0.8	1.3	1.0
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1790</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	12	0.7	1.1	0.6	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.9	1.3	1.9	0.9	0.8	1.0	0.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

**Q3f. It is okay for parents to offer alcoholic beverages in their home to youth (other than their own children)**

**Table 122 Okay for Parents to Give Others' Kids Alcohol by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %
Strongly Disagree	1123	56.6	59.0	58.3	61.3	55.9	68.9	57.8	65.8	56.9	62.0	62.3	61.3	61.0
Disagree	481	28.5	29.6	28.3	27.6	28.4	22.2	30.6	28.5	32.5	27.0	28.1	29.5	28.8
Neither Agree nor Disagree	128	9.8	7.2	8.2	6.6	9.7	4.5	9.5	4.0	8.8	8.3	7.6	6.3	8.2
Agree	46	4.1	3.3	3.6	2.8	4.9	3.4	1.6	1.1	1.5	2.4	1.8	2.2	1.1
Strongly Agree	10	1.0	0.9	1.6	1.8	1.1	0.9	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.7	0.9
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1788</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	14	0.9	0.5	0.3	1.1	0.7	0.2	0.9	1.2	2.2	0.4	0.7	1.0	0.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q3g. In my community, drinking among teenagers is acceptable

**Table 123 Teen Drinking Accepted in Community by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	450	22.0	27.3	26.9	27.9	23.9	30.7	24.5	25.0	21.3	28.7	20.9	22.8	19.9
Disagree	509	29.7	30.5	28.7	29.2	28.9	31.1	30.3	36.3	28.9	29.0	31.7	33.3	30.2
Neither Agree nor Disagree	403	24.3	23.2	26.3	20.8	24.4	16.7	26.2	19.3	22.8	18.5	23.8	22.9	22.7
Agree	363	21.3	16.0	16.3	19.2	20.5	18.8	15.7	16.3	23.6	21.1	20.7	18.7	23.0
Strongly Agree	54	2.7	3.1	1.8	3.0	2.3	2.7	3.3	3.0	3.4	2.6	2.9	2.3	4.2
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1779</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	23	1.1	0.9	1.3	1.2	1.1	0.6	1.1	1.4	2.0	0.7	1.1	3.4	0.6
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q3h. Driving under the influence of drugs/alcohol is okay

**Table 124 Okay to Drive Under the Influence by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	1504	82.7	84.2	83.4	85.1	83.4	78.9	78.1	79.2	77.2	80.6	80.0	78.9	82.3
Disagree	245	14.7	13.5	13.5	12.5	14.5	18.3	18.5	17.1	19.0	15.5	16.3	18.1	14.4
Neither Agree nor Disagree	29	2.0	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.4	0.9	2.2	2.4	3.4	2.5	2.4	0.9	2.8
Agree	8	0.4	0.0	0.6	0.3	0.4	1.0	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.5	1.2	0.5
Strongly Agree	6	0.3	0.6	0.9	0.7	0.3	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.2	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.0
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1792</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	10	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.9	1.0	1.4	0.2	0.7	0.9	0.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

**Q3i. It is okay to ride in a motor vehicle with someone under the influence of drugs and/or alcohol**

**Table 125 Okay to Ride with Someone Under the Influence by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %
Strongly Disagree	1455	79.4	78.5	79.4	80.6	80.0	76.6	78.0	77.6	76.3	75.8	78.2	74.8	78.5
Disagree	272	16.6	17.0	15.0	15.7	16.6	21.7	18.3	18.1	17.6	18.7	17.6	21.4	17.7
Neither Agree nor Disagree	41	2.8	3.4	3.7	1.8	2.3	0.5	2.5	2.9	4.5	3.3	2.2	2.5	3.6
Agree	12	0.9	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.5	1.2	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.0
Strongly Agree	7	0.3	0.6	1.3	0.7	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.9	0.5	1.6	1.2	0.3	0.3
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1787</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	15	1.0	0.4	0.6	1.1	0.9	0.4	0.8	1.0	1.7	0.2	0.8	1.2	0.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

Q3j. Law enforcement should be spending more time enforcing the minimum drinking age

**Table 126 More Time Enforcing Minimum Drinking Age by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %
Strongly Disagree	127	7.9	6.6	9.0	6.9	8.5	4.3	5.8	7.1	6.9	8.5	4.0	6.3	6.6
Disagree	237	16.7	15.2	16.8	14.5	17.3	8.1	15.8	12.5	14.4	11.9	12.8	12.3	13.7
Neither Agree nor Disagree	638	36.8	36.3	34.2	35.8	36.9	32.0	29.3	30.3	33.6	25.0	34.3	34.8	35.5
Agree	547	27.0	29.7	28.2	30.4	25.7	40.4	32.8	37.0	33.7	38.2	32.6	33.5	27.4
Strongly Agree	240	11.6	12.2	11.8	12.4	11.6	15.0	16.3	13.1	11.3	16.4	16.3	13.2	16.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1789</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	13	0.0	0.4	0.7	1.8	0.7	1.1	1.1	1.7	1.4	0.5	0.6	2.0	0.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q3k. Schools need to be more active in dealing with alcohol, tobacco, and other drug problems**

**Table 127 Schools Dealing with Alcohol/Drug Problems by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	88	4.9	5.7	4.5	4.4	4.7	4.9	5.1	2.9	5.1	6.0	3.7	2.6	4.5
Disagree	166	10.5	9.6	6.2	7.8	9.6	6.5	9.2	8.4	9.6	7.9	9.4	5.8	12.2
Neither Agree nor Disagree	465	27.1	22.8	23.7	22.2	26.4	24.8	23.6	22.1	28.1	22.9	20.8	26.0	28.0
Agree	694	37.8	41.1	42.7	42.3	37.5	43.6	37.3	45.0	39.8	40.9	45.0	46.0	35.5
Strongly Agree	374	19.7	20.8	22.9	23.3	21.8	20.2	24.8	21.6	17.4	22.2	21.0	19.6	19.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1787</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	15	0.9	0.4	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.1	1.3	1.5	1.4	0.4	0.7	1.5	0.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q31. It is possible to reduce alcohol and drug problems through prevention**

**Table 128 Reduce Alcohol/Drug Problems Through Prevention by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	58	3.7	3.5	4.0	3.0	4.2	1.7	4.0	1.3	2.5	3.7	2.2	2.0	2.4
Disagree	124	7.7	5.7	6.9	6.2	7.9	5.2	6.3	6.5	7.2	3.7	6.8	5.4	9.3
Neither Agree nor Disagree	367	21.8	20.6	19.3	20.2	21.8	19.7	20.8	16.6	25.8	23.9	17.1	18.6	18.9
Agree	924	49.9	51.1	49.7	48.7	48.7	54.4	50.1	56.1	50.7	52.8	57.1	57.9	51.3
Strongly Agree	308	16.9	19.2	20.1	21.8	17.4	18.9	18.8	19.6	13.7	15.9	16.8	16.1	18.2
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1781</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	21	1.1	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.2	0.6	1.0	1.2	2.4	0.7	0.8	1.4	0.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.



**Q3m. Alcohol and other drug prevention programs are a good investment because they save lives and money**

**Table 129 Alcohol/Drug Prevention Programs are Good Investment by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	67	4.3	4.0	5.3	3.0	4.7	1.9	3.6	1.7	2.7	3.3	1.8	2.6	3.2
Disagree	94	6.2	4.4	5.7	6.7	6.4	5.6	5.2	4.6	7.2	4.2	5.5	4.5	7.4
Neither Agree nor Disagree	352	21.3	21.2	18.0	18.5	20.2	17.8	21.6	13.6	27.9	19.2	17.5	21.2	20.2
Agree	887	48.2	46.6	47.3	44.5	48.1	52.5	48.5	58.5	45.9	53.8	51.4	52.8	47.7
Strongly Agree	384	20.1	23.7	23.8	27.3	20.6	22.3	21.0	21.6	16.5	19.5	23.7	18.9	21.5
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1784</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	18	1.1	0.5	0.6	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.1	0.9	2.4	0.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q3n. The community has the responsibility to set up prevention programs to help people avoid alcohol and other drug problems**

**Table 130 Alcohol/Drug Prevention Programs are Responsibility of Community by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	60	4.0	4.3	4.2	3.5	4.0	1.7	4.1	1.9	4.3	3.3	3.0	2.8	3.6
Disagree	120	7.8	5.5	5.5	7.3	6.9	7.0	9.0	7.5	8.2	5.6	9.6	5.6	9.9
Neither Agree nor Disagree	493	27.5	25.7	26.7	24.5	26.4	30.2	30.2	27.0	32.9	30.4	26.2	36.1	29.0
Agree	792	43.8	45.6	44.6	43.6	43.7	43.9	40.0	48.3	39.4	44.9	45.9	42.5	43.1
Strongly Agree	321	16.9	18.9	18.9	21.0	19.0	17.2	16.8	15.3	15.3	15.7	15.4	13.0	14.4
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1786</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	16	1.0	0.8	0.8	1.0	0.9	1.5	1.2	1.0	1.6	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.6
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

**Q4. To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?**

**Q4a. Public service announcements are a good way to change attitudes about alcohol, tobacco, and other drug use**

**Table 131 PSAs Change Attitudes About Alcohol/Drug use by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %
Strongly Disagree	91	7.0	6.1	6.5	4.4	7.3	4.3	2.2	3.4	6.9	2.1	4.1	2.7	4.1
Disagree	293	19.1	13.6	17.0	16.1	18.0	12.4	13.5	14.2	12.5	12.5	14.4	11.4	18.5
Neither Agree nor Disagree	590	32.3	30.1	28.6	29.7	33.3	25.5	29.7	27.2	28.1	28.5	30.2	33.6	34.7
Agree	671	34.7	41.0	39.9	41.4	33.9	48.7	45.2	45.4	39.5	47.7	41.0	45.1	33.5
Strongly Agree	132	6.9	9.3	7.9	8.5	7.6	9.2	9.3	9.9	4.0	9.2	10.3	7.2	9.1
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1777</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	25	1.1	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.1	0.7	1.3	2.4	0.9	0.9	1.4	1.1	1.7
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q4b. Taxes on alcohol should be increased

**Table 132 Taxes on Alcohol Should be Increased by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	202	14.9	13.1	13.7	13.0	15.5	14.6	14.7	9.7	12.5	15.5	8.5	11.5	13.8
Disagree	460	28.4	24.5	24.1	23.8	29.0	22.8	22.8	25.5	31.6	22.7	20.6	23.3	25.3
Neither Agree nor Disagree	532	26.5	25.5	24.1	24.1	25.1	27.5	24.0	24.4	26.8	22.7	28.7	29.9	29.7
Agree	374	18.4	23.2	23.3	22.8	18.4	20.8	22.0	27.4	18.4	25.4	26.4	25.8	20.2
Strongly Agree	225	11.8	13.8	14.9	16.3	11.9	14.3	16.5	13.0	10.8	13.7	15.9	9.5	11.1
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1784</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	18	1.0	0.7	0.6	1.0	1.1	0.4	0.9	1.3	1.1	0.3	1.5	1.6	0.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q4c. Taxes on tobacco products should be increased**

**Table 133 Taxes on Tobacco Products Should be Increased by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	168	12.1	10.1	11.3	8.0	11.9	12.0	12.1	8.6	12.1	11.7	7.3	8.9	12.7
Disagree	291	16.7	16.6	14.9	14.9	17.9	14.6	17.2	17.5	21.1	16.8	13.6	17.7	14.9
Neither Agree nor Disagree	395	20.5	18.9	16.2	17.7	18.9	21.8	16.6	20.5	22.6	21.4	22.6	22.8	23.3
Agree	490	24.8	27.6	27.6	26.2	24.4	26.5	25.1	30.3	24.4	26.7	30.1	29.0	27.6
Strongly Agree	438	26.0	26.8	29.9	33.1	26.9	25.1	28.9	23.1	19.7	23.5	26.5	21.7	21.6
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1782</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	20	1.3	0.5	0.8	1.1	1.4	0.8	1.0	0.9	1.1	0.2	1.0	1.4	0.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

Q4d. E-cigarettes should be taxed at the same rate as other tobacco products

**Table 134 E-cigarettes Should be Taxed Same as Other Tobacco by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	74	5.1	5.5	5.6	3.9	4.9	4.7	4.5	3.5	3.3	3.0	2.3	2.7	6.5
Disagree	67	4.1	6.1	5.7	4.1	4.3	5.9	4.3	3.6	4.5	6.7	6.4	5.2	4.3
Neither Agree nor Disagree	224	12.2	15.3	13.8	9.7	12.2	15.6	15.3	8.8	14.0	13.6	13.7	12.1	15.6
Agree	762	40.8	41.0	40.2	40.2	40.0	42.3	42.2	45.2	44.1	49.0	45.7	45.5	42.2
Strongly Agree	655	37.8	32.1	34.6	42.0	38.6	31.5	33.7	38.9	34.0	27.7	31.9	34.6	31.4
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1782</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	20	1.0	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.1	0.2	0.9	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.8	1.6	0.6
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q4e. Drinking and driving laws are enforced in my local community**

**Table 135 Drinking and Driving Enforced in Community by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	40	2.3	2.1	1.5	2.1	2.2	1.8	3.3	2.8	4.1	2.3	4.7	2.6	3.9
Disagree	133	6.8	5.9	3.4	5.4	6.3	5.9	7.2	7.9	6.3	11.0	10.2	12.3	10.0
Neither Agree nor Disagree	386	20.2	14.1	14.9	15.3	18.6	16.1	17.9	13.0	21.8	18.4	20.7	16.9	22.5
Agree	978	54.5	58.3	61.3	56.6	56.0	56.8	57.3	61.0	52.8	52.5	50.9	56.7	53.5
Strongly Agree	241	16.2	19.6	19.0	20.7	17.0	19.4	14.3	15.3	15.1	15.8	13.5	11.5	10.0
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1778</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	24	1.5	0.5	0.6	1.1	1.6	0.6	1.2	1.2	1.0	0.3	1.1	1.4	0.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q4f. There should be a law prohibiting giving alcohol to your own children**

**Table 136 Should Prohibit Giving Alcohol to Own Children by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	203	14.7	12.2	13.3	12.7	14.7	9.5	10.8	4.6	12.2	10.1	8.8	13.8	13.3
Disagree	319	19.7	16.9	17.5	17.8	20.9	14.9	16.6	18.4	17.8	17.7	17.3	15.3	17.3
Neither Agree nor Disagree	552	31.3	28.3	28.3	27.5	29.6	27.9	24.6	26.4	34.5	31.0	30.4	30.1	31.6
Agree	430	20.7	24.2	24.4	22.9	20.4	25.7	25.9	28.7	23.3	21.6	25.9	25.0	23.5
Strongly Agree	277	13.6	18.5	16.4	19.2	14.4	22.0	22.1	22.0	12.2	19.6	17.5	15.8	14.3
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1781</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	21	1.2	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.2	0.5	1.6	1.8	1.5	0.9	0.7	1.2	0.6
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.



**Q4g. There should be a law requiring servers and bartenders at restaurants and bars to be specially trained on how to serve alcohol responsibly**

**Table 137 Servers/Bartenders Should be Specially Trained by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	64	4.4	4.3	4.8	2.9	4.4	3.5	4.8	3.4	5.5	3.8	3.2	5.2	4.9
Disagree	151	10.4	8.0	9.6	8.9	10.1	7.8	5.2	7.1	9.1	8.6	8.0	8.6	8.8
Neither Agree nor Disagree	347	19.7	18.7	22.2	20.9	17.8	22.9	23.1	20.8	23.4	21.8	22.8	22.9	24.7
Agree	764	42.0	42.2	41.0	41.8	42.2	43.5	42.6	45.0	39.3	42.3	42.6	43.4	42.8
Strongly Agree	459	23.5	26.8	22.4	25.5	25.5	22.3	24.4	23.7	22.7	23.6	23.5	19.9	18.7
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1785</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	17	1.1	0.5	1.0	1.2	1.1	0.1	0.9	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.6	1.4	0.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q5. Do you support or oppose each of the following measures?

**Q5a. Minimum legal drinking age of 21**

**Table 138 Support/Oppose Minimum Legal Drinking Age of 21 by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Support	1429	75.7	78.4	78.1	80.0	74.7	81.1	78.8	83.8	79.9	81.3	85.2	83.6	82.0
Oppose	209	16.1	15.2	14.9	14.0	16.9	12.5	13.7	10.3	10.5	14.0	9.0	12.0	12.7
No Opinion	136	8.3	6.4	7.0	6.0	8.5	6.4	7.6	5.9	9.6	4.7	5.8	4.4	5.3
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1774</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No Answer	28	1.5	0.6	0.4	1.5	1.6	0.7	0.7	1.3	1.2	0.3	0.3	1.7	1.6
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q5b. Penalties for adults who provide alcohol to youth

**Table 139 Support/Oppose Penalties for Adults that Buy Alcohol for Youth by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Support	1409	72.3	81.8	76.8	80.9	70.8	81.8	80.2	83.1	77.9	82.4	86.4	83.4	81.0
Oppose	113	9.6	6.6	7.8	7.7	11.0	5.2	7.7	4.0	4.7	7.6	2.6	4.5	6.4
No Opinion	247	18.1	11.6	15.4	11.4	18.2	13.0	12.1	12.8	17.3	10.0	11.0	12.1	12.6
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1769</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>10.0</b>
No Answer	33	1.6	0.7	0.4	1.9	2.0	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.6	2.1	1.1
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>182</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q5c. Compliance checks (used to identify alcohol establishments that sell alcohol to underage youth)**

**Table 140 Support/Oppose Compliance Checks by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Support	1520	83.4	88.0	83.5	87.4	83.1	86.5	83.9	86.2	82.7	85.7	87.8	83.7	84.4
Oppose	84	6.4	5.3	6.5	6.2	6.9	3.9	5.9	5.7	6.6	4.4	4.2	5.0	4.7
No Opinion	154	10.2	6.7	9.9	6.4	9.9	9.6	10.1	8.1	10.7	9.9	8.0	11.3	10.9
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1758</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1000.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No Answer	44	2.0	1.3	0.9	2.0	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	1.7	1.7	1.4	2.6	1.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q5d. Laws restricting the type of alcohol discounts or specials, that merchants are allowed to offer (e.g. two-for-one drink sales, or all-you-can-drink specials for a flat fee)

**Table 141 Support/Oppose Restrictions on Alcohol Discounts by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Support	562	28.4	34.7	33.2	33.3	27.7	37.7	34.5	37.0	28.9	33.8	37.9	28.4	28.2
Oppose	693	44.8	42.2	41.3	42.9	47.3	33.6	37.7	36.3	40.9	38.8	33.8	40.4	38.5
No Opinion	519	26.8	23.1	25.6	23.8	25.0	28.7	27.8	26.7	30.2	27.4	28.3	31.1	33.3
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1774</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No Answer	28	1.5	0.7	0.9	1.8	1.8	0.3	0.7	2.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	2.3	1.0
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q5e. DUI checkpoints (used by law enforcement to deter or detect a drunk driver through the use of roadblocks or sobriety checkpoints)**

**Table 142 Support/Oppose DUI Checkpoints by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Support	1233	64.3	72.6	72.0	67.1	64.8	70.4	69.8	67.1	61.9	71.1	74.6	67.7	63.8
Oppose	305	21.9	18.6	15.5	21.3	21.7	17.7	18.3	21.9	21.3	16.1	15.2	18.3	23.0
No Opinion	234	13.8	8.8	12.5	11.6	13.5	12.0	12.0	11.0	16.8	12.8	10.2	14.0	13.2
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1772</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No Answer	30	1.5	1.0	1.1	1.9	1.8	1.3	1.6	2.2	1.1	0.8	1.0	1.4	1.0
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q5f. Legalizing the possession of small amounts of marijuana for personal use

**Table 143 Support/Oppose Legalizing Marijuana for Personal Use by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Support	666	43.9	31.9	42.8	44.5	46.9	28.3	30.7	33.7	36.2	24.0	31.4	25.9	34.7
Oppose	800	40.3	49.8	40.8	41.1	38.0	54.2	48.5	51.4	45.2	56.6	50.1	55.6	47.2
No Opinion	308	15.9	18.3	16.3	14.4	15.1	17.5	20.7	14.9	18.6	19.4	18.6	18.4	18.2
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1774</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No Answer	28	1.6	0.8	1.3	1.8	1.9	0.4	0.8	1.9	1.0	0.7	0.4	2.3	0.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q5g. A measure requiring youth who receive a Minor in Possession (of either marijuana or alcohol) to participate in an evidence based early intervention program**

**Table 154 Support/Oppose Required Evidence-Based Interventions for Youth with MIPs**

	Statewide		Urban	Rural	Frontier
	2022	2022	2022	2022	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %
<b>Support</b>	1296	68.3	68.0	68.0	69.5
<b>Oppose</b>	192	13.8	14.4	11.4	14.6
<b>No Opinion</b>	279	17.9	17.6	20.6	15.9
Valid Total	<b>1767</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>No Answer</b>	35	1.8	2.2	1.2	0.8
Total Count	<b>1802</b>		<b>1054</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>351</b>



Q5h. Laws or ordinances that restrict the sale of all flavored tobacco products that appeal to kids (such as menthol cigarettes, flavored hookah, cherry chew, menthol Juul and other flavored e-cigarettes) to adult only stores and 1,000 feet from schools

**Table 155 Support/Oppose Restricting Flavored Tobacco Products to Adult-Only Stores**

	Statewide 2022		Urban 2022	Rural 2022	Frontier 2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %
<b>Support</b>	1386	74.2	73.2	74.3	75.0
<b>Oppose</b>	197	14.0	14.7	12.2	11.7
<b>No Opinion</b>	192	11.8	12.1	13.6	13.3
Valid Total	<b>1775</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>No Answer</b>	27	1.5	1.9	0.9	0.5
Total Count	<b>1802</b>		<b>1054</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>351</b>

Q5i. Laws or ordinances that restrict the sale of all flavored tobacco products that appeal to kids (such as menthol cigarettes, flavored hookah, cherry chew, menthol Juul and other flavored e-cigarettes) where you live

**Table 156 Support/Oppose Restricting Flavored Tobacco Products Where You Live**

	Statewide 2022		Urban 2022	Rural 2022	Frontier 2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %
<b>Support</b>	1386	65.7	64.2	63.6	67.2
<b>Oppose</b>	197	20.7	22.1	19.4	16.0
<b>No Opinion</b>	192	13.6	13.7	17.0	16.9
Valid Total	<b>1775</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>No Answer</b>	27	1.8	blank	1.7	1.0
Total Count	<b>1802</b>		<b>1054</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>351</b>

Q5j. The law which requires youth to be age 21 to purchase and possess tobacco

**Table 157 Support/Oppose Restricting Tobacco Sale and Possession to Persons Age 21 and Over**

	Statewide 2022		Urban 2022	Rural 2022	Frontier 2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %
<b>Support</b>	1297	68.8	68.3	66.5	72.9
<b>Oppose</b>	284	20.9	21.4	21.1	17.5
<b>No Opinion</b>	232	10.3	10.3	10.3	9.6
Valid Total	<b>1765</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>No Answer</b>	37	1.9	2.4	1.4	0.9
Total Count	<b>1802</b>		<b>1054</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>351</b>

**Q6. In your opinion, how difficult is it for youth in your community to...**

**Q6a. Buy beer, wine, or hard liquor at stores themselves?**

**Table 144 Difficulty of Youth Buying Alcohol by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	145	11.7	12.0	10.4	11.5	11.9	16.8	12.5	14.5	16.3	10.7	14.0	10.4	10.7
Slightly difficult	164	11.7	15.8	16.9	17.5	12.7	11.9	17.7	13.2	12.6	15.6	12.1	10.7	11.0
Somewhat difficult	322	27.5	28.4	27.1	25.7	25.6	21.4	24.4	24.0	24.6	25.4	21.9	22.0	31.4
Quite difficult	385	35.6	31.3	33.0	30.4	36.7	30.2	33.7	34.1	32.5	30.5	34.6	39.8	29.1
Extremely difficult	157	13.5	12.5	12.6	14.8	13.1	19.8	11.7	14.2	14.00	17.8	17.5	17.2	17.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1173</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	601	31.2	26.5	29.7	26.9	30.9	29.6	28.9	27.6	30.0	27.6	28.9	28.4	33.6
No answer	28	1.5	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.9	0.1	0.7	1.9	1.3	0.8	0.5	1.6	0.89
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q6b. Get an older person to buy alcohol for them?

**Table 145 Difficulty of Youth Getting Adult to Buy Them Alcohol by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	551	41.5	47.5	42.8	42.5	43.2	45.8	41.2	44.5	41.8	44.2	42.6	37.4	41.4
Slightly difficult	349	27.7	27.1	28.0	32.2	26.9	26.4	28.9	26.3	24.2	26.8	27.5	25.3	28.8
Somewhat difficult	245	21.3	19.1	22.1	17.8	20.6	19.5	22.5	19.7	22.6	17.6	20.6	23.8	19.6
Quite difficult	97	8.1	5.1	4.9	5.6	7.4	5.6	6.7	8.0	9.3	7.8	6.1	10.9	9.2
Extremely difficult	18	1.5	1.2	2.3	1.9	1.8	2.7	0.6	1.5	2.1	3.5	3.2	2.6	0.9
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1260</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	514	26.8	23.3	25.4	23.3	26.2	29.4	25.4	25.0	26.7	27.4	26.0	25.2	29.3
No answer	28	1.5	1.3	1.0	1.3	1.8	0.3	0.9	2.1	1.6	0.3	0.5	2.1	0.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q6c. Order a drink at a bar?

**Table 146 Difficulty of Youth Ordering a Drink at a Bar by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	68	5.0	3.8	3.3	4.4	5.2	4.1	5.0	5.0	9.3	2.5	4.8	4.5	3.8
Slightly difficult	151	11.5	12.2	13.2	11.9	12.7	12.1	11.1	11.4	10.1	12.6	13.2	7.4	8.2
Somewhat difficult	300	23.6	26.4	25.4	26.5	23.6	21.6	25.0	17.2	20.8	22.4	19.3	16.8	21.8
Quite difficult	471	35.1	37.3	35.2	37.5	34.9	32.9	35.1	39.4	36.4	38.2	38.9	40.0	34.0
Extremely difficult	297	24.7	20.2	22.8	19.6	23.7	29.2	23.8	27.1	23.4	24.3	23.8	31.3	32.1
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1287</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	481	24.5	22.7	25.3	21.2	23.9	27.3	27.5	23.0	24.7	22.9	26.5	22.7	27.5
No answer	34	1.8	1.2	1.3	1.3	2.0	0.1	0.7	1.7	1.8	1.2	0.6	2.3	0.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q6d. Sneak alcohol from their home or a friend’s home?

**Table 147 Difficulty of Youth Sneaking Alcohol From Home by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	757	57.0	61.7	61.3	57.1	57.4	59.3	55.5	52.5	53.3	50.8	57.3	49.1	58.0
Slightly difficult	341	27.3	22.8	23.8	30.1	26.2	20.0	27.8	27.0	31.5	25.5	22.0	25.5	27.3
Somewhat difficult	143	11.6	12.6	10.8	9.6	12.2	15.3	12.3	15.5	12.4	12.5	14.6	17.5	10.1
Quite difficult	38	3.2	1.5	3.1	1.4	3.0	3.2	4.2	3.0	2.2	6.7	3.0	5.1	3.7
Extremely difficult	14	0.9	1.4	1.0	1.8	1.2	2.2	0.1	1.9	0.5	4.5	3.1	2.8	1.0
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1293</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	478	24.9	25.0	26.0	21.8	22.6	33.3	32.0	24.5	27.9	31.6	31.0	31.7	31.7
No answer	30	1.6	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.9	0.5	0.7	2.0	1.3	0.6	1.0	2.4	1.2
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q6e. Get their parents to give them alcohol?

**Table 148 Difficulty of Youth Getting Alcohol From Parents by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	216	16.8	18.3	16.2	14.3	18.4	19.8	13.4	14.9	18.4	13.9	18.9	13.0	20.0
Slightly difficult	335	30.2	30.9	27.0	30.5	28.6	19.9	34.3	24.4	30.6	27.2	27.0	25.3	26.8
Somewhat difficult	342	30.8	26.6	31.4	30.6	32.5	29.4	34.4	27.6	27.8	26.0	27.7	31.5	28.9
Quite difficult	169	16.1	17.5	18.1	17.4	15.0	20.0	13.3	23.5	16.3	22.8	20.4	22.7	18.8
Extremely difficult	61	6.0	6.7	7.4	7.1	5.5	10.9	4.7	9.6	6.9	10.1	6.0	7.5	5.5
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1123</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	647	34.8	31.2	33.6	31.7	32.1	35.6	37.3	34.0	36.5	35.9	34.3	36.3	41.6
No answer	32	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.3	2.1	0.6	1.2	2.3	1.6	0.3	0.7	2.3	0.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.



**Q6f. Get other family member to give them alcohol?**

**Table 149 Difficulty of Youth Getting Alcohol From Other Family Member by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	306	25.3	24.1	24.6	23.1	27.7	25.7	24.6	21.8	21.5	20.5	25.2	17.3	22.9
Slightly difficult	390	33.0	35.2	31.3	33.5	31.7	25.1	29.8	27.8	35.8	30.5	30.9	30.1	33.1
Somewhat difficult	296	25.5	26.7	28.8	27.0	24.9	30.8	33.2	28.7	32.3	21.8	24.1	31.9	21.4
Quite difficult	133	12.9	10.6	11.6	10.5	12.0	12.8	10.0	16.1	7.9	19.2	14.9	16.3	18.4
Extremely difficult	40	3.3	3.4	3.8	5.8	3.6	5.6	2.4	5.7	2.5	8.0	4.9	4.3	4.2
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1165</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	607	32.3	30.8	33.2	29.3	29.5	36.4	34.8	31.2	34.4	33.1	35.4	33.3	39.7
No answer	30	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.4	2.1	0.5	0.9	1.8	1.2	0.5	0.8	1.6	0.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q6g. Buy tobacco products (cigarettes, chewing tobacco, e-cigarettes)?

**Table 150 Difficulty of Youth Buying Tobacco Products by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	287	21.8	25.1	22.6	25.9	23.1	23.6	26.6	24.7	25.2	19.1	24.1	19.8	17.7
Slightly difficult	315	24.4	23.9	28.0	27.6	23.5	22.2	25.6	26.0	25.2	24.4	22.6	23.4	24.1
Somewhat difficult	287	23.6	26.4	24.9	23.7	23.4	23.2	22.3	24.1	21.1	19.7	25.1	21.6	24.6
Quite difficult	243	21.4	15.5	14.9	15.0	22.2	22.6	16.9	18.0	17.4	22.8	16.3	22.4	22.1
Extremely difficult	100	8.8	9.1	9.6	7.8	7.7	8.4	8.7	7.1	11.1	14.0	11.8	12.8	11.6
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1232</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	535	28.7	23.3	24.8	20.2	27.3	28.8	26.6	23.3	29.6	27.2	28.6	27.0	33.1
No answer	35	1.9	1.2	1.8	1.4	2.4	0.6	0.7	2.0	1.3	0.2	0.8	1.8	1.0
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q7. In your opinion, how difficult is access to each of the following substances for adults or youth in your community?**

**Q7a. Marijuana for a medical purpose if a doctor prescribes it**

**Table 151 Difficulty of Accessing Marijuana for a Medical Purpose by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %
Not at all difficult	402	38.3	n/a	14.3	17.3	41.7	n/a	12.4	13.7	38.3	n/a	18.4	15.6	27.6
Slightly difficult	190	18.2	n/a	11.9	17.2	17.3	n/a	15.7	13.6	21.9	n/a	12.2	13.2	20.3
Somewhat difficult	193	18.6	n/a	17.7	17.6	17.9	n/a	15.4	26.1	19.7	n/a	16.7	22.3	17.6
Quite difficult	121	13.1	n/a	25.8	21.0	12.5	n/a	27.5	20.5	10.4	n/a	25.7	23.4	17.3
Extremely difficult	100	11.9	n/a	30.3	26.9	10.7	n/a	29.0	26.1	9.7	n/a	27.1	25.5	17.2
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1006</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>n/a</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>n/a</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>n/a</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	758	41.1	n/a	46.3	38.2	39.5	n/a	53.5	41.8	40.7	n/a	49.9	47.7	48.7
No answer	38	2.2	n/a	1.1	1.8	2.4	n/a	0.7	1.7	1.6	n/a	1.0	1.9	1.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>n/a</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>n/a</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>n/a</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q7b. Marijuana for personal use

**Table 152 Difficulty of Accessing Marijuana for Personal Use by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	461	39.2	n/a	40.6	38.0	38.8	n/a	49.6	44.1	45.5	n/a	39.4	39.0	41.1
Slightly difficult	282	26.1	n/a	27.6	27.6	27.2	n/a	21.3	20.8	19.2	n/a	22.4	27.9	29.4
Somewhat difficult	193	18.4	n/a	18.3	18.8	17.8	n/a	17.6	16.6	18.7	n/a	23.1	16.7	15.9
Quite difficult	101	10.4	n/a	7.1	7.8	9.3	n/a	6.2	11.4	12.0	n/a	9.3	8.3	9.0
Extremely difficult	58	5.9	n/a	6.3	7.7	6.9	n/a	5.4	7.1	4.5	n/a	5.8	8.1	4.7
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1095</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>n/a</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>n/a</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>n/a</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	664	35.6	n/a	34.2	30.1	32.6	n/a	38.1	30.9	38.0	n/a	41.1	41.0	45.3
No answer	43	2.4	n/a	1.6	2.0	2.6	n/a	1.1	2.4	1.6	n/a	0.7	1.9	2.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>n/a</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>n/a</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>n/a</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

Q7c. Inhalants (glue, paint, aerosols. Solvents, etc.)

**Table 153 Difficulty of Accessing Inhalants by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	747	74.1	74.7	75.6	75.3	75.9	70.7	71.4	68.5	64.9	62.3	63.3	67.4	72.3
Slightly difficult	147	12.9	15.6	14.5	13.5	12.5	14.9	14.8	18.5	15.5	13.9	14.1	16.9	11.4
Somewhat difficult	74	6.9	6.8	5.6	6.8	5.6	7.4	6.9	5.4	11.6	9.5	11.1	5.8	9.2
Quite difficult	38	3.6	1.8	2.3	1.9	3.9	3.8	2.6	5.5	4.6	7.4	5.7	5.7	3.3
Extremely difficult	26	2.4	1.0	2.0	2.5	2.1	3.2	4.2	2.2	3.3	6.9	5.9	4.1	3.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1032</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	731	38.2	33.7	34.7	31.2	35.6	40.9	40.2	34.5	43.8	44.0	43.8	43.5	48.4
No answer	39	2.3	0.9	1.2	2.0	2.5	0.3	0.7	2.0	1.6	0.8	0.9	2.5	1.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

Q7d. Cocaine

**Table 154 Difficulty of Accessing Cocaine by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	132	16.5	20.0	19.8	18.2	17.1	23.0	18.7	23.7	15.3	12.8	18.9	17.2	20.4
Slightly difficult	154	20.5	23.2	21.8	22.4	21.4	17.4	21.9	15.7	25.4	17.2	16.0	18.9	13.8
Somewhat difficult	222	34.2	31.4	29.5	29.9	35.3	27.6	31.3	25.6	31.1	21.2	24.6	25.3	29.7
Quite difficult	109	17.9	14.6	20.1	19.8	16.0	19.6	18.6	27.2	16.9	25.8	23.6	16.2	20.8
Extremely difficult	70	10.9	10.8	8.7	9.6	10.3	12.3	9.6	7.8	11.4	22.9	16.9	22.4	15.3
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>687</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	1073	58.7	50.0	50.1	50.6	54.1	59.0	60.6	56.7	61.2	59.2	55.9	59.6	69.1
No answer	42	2.4	1.2	1.2	1.7	2.6	0.3	1.2	1.7	1.6	0.7	0.6	1.7	1.9
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

Q7e. Heroin

**Table 155 Difficulty of Accessing Heroin by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %
Not at all difficult	135	17.8	19.4	22.4	21.1	18.7	21.1	18.9	24.3	16.4	10.9	19.5	16.6	18.8
Slightly difficult	147	20.3	23.7	26.0	22.0	21.0	18.1	22.4	19.6	19.8	14.4	16.5	20.0	19.8
Somewhat difficult	206	31.7	27.8	25.3	30.8	31.7	24.0	28.2	19.0	31.7	17.6	21.2	18.1	27.9
Quite difficult	108	19.0	16.9	17.1	15.8	18.5	21.6	17.6	24.0	19.4	28.5	19.9	19.6	17.2
Extremely difficult	73	11.2	12.2	9.2	10.3	10.1	15.2	12.9	13.0	12.7	28.7	22.9	25.8	16.3
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>669</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	1088	60.0	51.1	49.2	51.9	55.8	61.0	59.8	56.1	61.5	61.1	57.2	62.5	70.4
No answer	45	2.4	1.2	1.5	1.3	2.6	0.2	0.7	1.9	1.9	1.1	1.1	2.3	2.1
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q7f. Ecstasy (MDMA, molly, XTC)

**Table 156 Difficulty of Accessing Ecstasy by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	124	16.8	20.8	18.9	18.2	17.0	21.7	15.9	21.9	19.0	11.4	18.4	14.8	21.6
Slightly difficult	156	24.2	26.7	25.2	23.5	23.6	18.9	24.3	16.5	28.2	15.3	17.2	19.2	19.6
Somewhat difficult	178	30.1	28.0	32.6	31.3	30.5	23.5	27.6	22.3	15.6	20.5	21.1	16.7	27.0
Quite difficult	94	16.2	15.6	16.0	18.5	17.6	21.3	16.9	28.7	10.5	26.3	20.4	25.7	14.0
Extremely difficult	71	12.7	8.8	7.3	8.4	11.3	14.5	15.4	10.6	16.7	26.6	22.9	23.6	17.7
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>623</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	1133	61.9	52.6	52.5	55.2	58.5	62.4	62.8	58.1	62.1	63.1	61.6	64.4	71.6
No answer	46	2.4	1.2	1.8	1.7	2.8	1.0	0.9	2.0	1.9	0.7	1.2	2.3	1.9
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>



Q7g. Methamphetamine

**Table 157 Difficulty of Accessing Methamphetamine by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	329	32.1	36.9	34.6	30.7	31.4	41.8	37.6	39.3	40.9	28.9	31.5	30.5	38.0
Slightly difficult	243	28.1	30.4	29.6	30.3	28.4	21.5	28.2	25.2	27.1	25.6	24.9	30.5	26.9
Somewhat difficult	188	24.1	21.5	22.1	23.8	24.2	17.8	23.1	21.5	20.8	15.3	25.1	20.4	19.7
Quite difficult	70	9.6	6.8	9.2	9.9	10.5	12.2	5.5	10.9	5.5	15.3	6.7	9.4	8.4
Extremely difficult	46	6.0	4.3	4.5	5.3	5.6	6.7	5.6	3.0	5.6	15.0	11.9	9.2	7.0
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>876</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	877	49.5	40.7	41.4	42.7	48.2	44.2	44.6	38.5	44.4	50.2	46.9	47.6	54.2
No answer	49	2.9	1.4	1.4	1.9	3.0	1.1	1.2	1.9	1.6	0.6	1.1	3.2	3.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q7h. Over-the-Counter Drugs (abuse of cough medicines, Dramamine, diet pills, sleeping pills, etc.)

**Table 158 Difficulty of Accessing Over-the-Counter Drugs by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	620	53.8	55.2	56.0	57.3	54.8	51.2	49.4	50.4	44.9	39.9	48.5	45.5	54.0
Slightly difficult	302	26.1	24.8	23.7	24.6	25.6	21.4	29.8	24.2	25.1	23.1	24.4	25.3	23.2
Somewhat difficult	179	13.1	14.4	15.0	12.7	13.0	13.1	14.6	16.6	21.3	19.8	14.3	18.7	17.1
Quite difficult	55	4.8	3.3	3.4	3.6	4.5	11.2	4.0	5.6	6.6	8.6	7.9	6.7	2.8
Extremely difficult	27	2.2	2.3	1.7	1.8	2.1	3.1	2.2	3.2	2.1	8.5	4.9	3.8	2.9
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1183</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	580	31.1	30.9	28.6	23.5	27.0	37.1	30.7	27.6	38.4	39.9	36.4	33.8	44.7
No answer	39	2.3	0.8	1.2	1.6	2.5	0.2	1.1	2.0	1.6	0.8	0.8	2.1	1.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q7i. Prescription pain medication (abuse of)

**Table 159 Difficulty of Accessing Prescription Drugs by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	259	24.5	22.9	19.1	25.5	25.2	30.9	13.2	28.1	24.5	13.8	10.6	18.4	23.5
Slightly difficult	331	34.6	27.4	19.2	30.8	32.8	15.5	18.7	21.4	37.1	20.8	14.9	33.1	30.5
Somewhat difficult	298	26.8	29.6	29.4	24.4	28.4	26.3	29.2	22.1	27.4	23.9	17.0	23.3	25.8
Quite difficult	100	9.6	10.6	20.6	12.6	8.5	15.9	20.2	20.1	8.4	20.2	32.5	9.9	15.3
Extremely difficult	41	4.5	9.4	11.6	6.7	5.0	11.3	18.6	8.3	2.6	21.2	24.9	15.3	4.9
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1029</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	728	39.2	48.8	57.4	42.0	36.5	59.4	66.3	48.9	44.8	61.2	64.6	60.1	49.8
No answer	45	2.5	1.2	1.4	1.5	2.7	0.1	2.2	1.8	1.7	0.4	0.8	1.9	2.0
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q7j. Synthetic Drugs (K2, “Bath Salts”, “Spice”, etc.)

**Table 160 Difficulty of Accessing Synthetic Drugs by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	188	28.1	31.0	31.8	30.6	28.7	29.5	30.0	31.2	26.6	21.7	25.7	24.6	32.6
Slightly difficult	177	27.1	33.2	34.2	30.4	26.8	25.6	28.2	24.4	25.4	20.2	32.3	25.8	18.5
Somewhat difficult	146	23.9	24.0	22.0	22.7	22.9	23.7	26.2	24.6	23.8	28.1	26.5	23.8	25.5
Quite difficult	67	11.4	7.0	8.3	11.4	12.6	14.6	9.8	13.1	11.4	15.9	9.8	19.6	10.4
Extremely difficult	52	9.5	4.9	3.6	4.9	8.9	6.6	5.8	6.7	12.9	14.1	5.8	6.2	13.0
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>630</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	1129	61.9	42.0	33.2	43.2	58.7	48.8	39.9	43.3	62.9	52.9	41.3	52.6	72.7
No answer	43	2.3	1.2	1.4	1.5	2.6	0.2	0.7	2.0	1.8	0.6	0.7	1.8	1.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

Q7k. Intravenous (IV) Drugs (abuse of)

**Table 161 Difficulty of Accessing Intravenous (IV) Drugs by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Not at all difficult	99	15.6	24.4	34.6	25.1	15.7	26.4	28.4	26.7	19.5	18.3	27.3	24.9	17.8
Slightly difficult	106	17.5	26.8	25.9	21.4	16.5	27.4	24.4	18.7	20.9	17.8	25.2	22.2	15.7
Somewhat difficult	169	28.9	26.4	24.1	28.9	30.1	17.5	24.2	22.0	23.5	16.0	23.3	12.8	19.7
Quite difficult	128	22.2	14.3	9.6	13.5	22.7	17.0	13.6	21.3	19.2	25.5	11.2	22.4	24.6
Extremely difficult	92	15.8	8.2	5.7	11.2	15.0	11.6	9.5	11.3	17.0	22.4	13.0	17.7	22.2
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>594</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	1162	62.9	54.9	52.9	56.0	60.2	62.4	62.6	59.6	64.5	64.1	62.9	67.2	71.7
No answer	46	2.5	1.1	1.4	1.8	2.8	0.1	0.8	2.0	1.9	0.6	0.9	1.9	1.9
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q8. To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?**

**Q8a. Preventing alcohol and other drug use among youth is important.**

**Table 162 Preventing Alcohol/Drug Use Among Youth is Important by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	50	2.7	3.1	3.7	3.4	2.3	4.1	2.2	3.1	3.1	2.0	3.6	3.5	3.8
Disagree	17	1.4	0.9	1.7	0.9	1.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	1.8	0.9	0.1	0.9	0.6
Neither Agree nor Disagree	79	6.5	5.6	6.5	5.0	7.5	3.8	7.2	3.3	3.9	4.1	4.3	2.8	4.5
Agree	597	36.1	35.9	33.6	36.6	36.2	34.1	34.2	38.2	37.8	37.3	35.5	38.4	38.6
Strongly Agree	1012	53.2	54.5	54.5	54.1	52.8	57.9	56.2	55.3	53.5	55.7	56.5	54.3	52.6
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1755</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	47	2.8	0.6	1.2	1.9	3.2	0.1	0.7	1.8	1.6	0.4	0.6	2.1	2.1
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

**Q8b. I am concerned about whether my community has sufficient alcohol and other drug abuse prevention programs.**

**Table 163 Sufficient Alcohol/Drug Abuse Prevention Programs in Community by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	46	3.7	3.8	2.7	3.5	3.4	2.9	4.0	2.7	5.1	1.4	3.1	1.2	2.7
Disagree	125	9.5	10.3	10.3	9.2	9.7	8.3	8.2	7.0	5.9	8.1	7.4	6.0	9.0
Neither Agree nor Disagree	598	37.3	36.7	35.0	33.2	36.5	35.0	33.2	35.3	37.1	36.2	35.8	38.6	39.2
Agree	588	30.2	33.4	30.9	32.7	29.8	34.2	34.6	32.5	36.6	37.6	35.3	36.6	30.0
Strongly Agree	393	19.2	15.9	21.0	21.4	20.7	19.6	20.0	22.5	15.3	16.8	18.4	17.7	19.2
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1750</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	52	3.1	1.7	1.7	2.1	3.3	0.6	1.2	2.4	2.8	1.1	1.2	3.1	2.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

**Q8c. There are leaders in my community who are interested in reducing access and abuse of alcohol and other drugs.**

**Table 164 Leaders in Community Want to Reduce Alcohol/Drug Use/Abuse by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	48	2.9	2.4	1.9	2.5	2.9	3.1	3.5	2.9	5.0	2.5	1.0	2.9	1.3
Disagree	126	7.0	5.4	5.5	5.3	6.6	4.0	8.6	6.6	8.2	8.6	6.7	5.3	9.9
Neither Agree nor Disagree	805	48.3	41.3	41.8	41.4	47.4	47.4	42.8	41.1	45.4	41.8	45.5	46.1	51.5
Agree	587	32.4	39.3	40.2	37.9	33.5	32.1	33.2	39.4	34.1	39.5	37.3	37.0	28.4
Strongly Agree	174	9.3	11.5	10.5	12.9	9.7	13.5	12.0	9.9	7.2	7.7	9.5	8.8	8.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1740</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	62	3.4	1.6	2.3	2.3	3.7	0.5	1.2	2.9	2.8	0.9	2.3	3.1	3.1
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.



**Q8d. I know who to go to if I need help for myself or family member(s) who are abusing alcohol or other drugs.**

**Table 165 Know Where to Go For Help with Drug/Alcohol Abuse by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	93	5.3	4.2	3.9	4.6	5.8	4.3	3.7	4.5	5.8	3.6	5.9	5.9	4.1
Disagree	254	15.3	12.6	19.0	14.2	16.2	11.1	12.3	15.2	13.3	13.1	13.0	14.0	15.7
Neither Agree nor Disagree	353	20.1	17.6	18.4	18.5	19.3	20.5	24.6	18.8	22.7	22.6	20.6	21.6	23.3
Agree	761	42.4	45.4	42.4	45.1	41.1	45.6	44.2	45.7	43.1	45.0	44.4	44.5	46.4
Strongly Agree	284	17.0	20.2	16.3	17.6	17.6	18.5	15.1	15.8	15.2	15.8	16.1	14.0	10.4
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1745</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	57	3.3	2.1	2.1	2.3	3.5	0.8	1.4	3.3	2.8	0.9	2.3	2.6	3.7
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant ( $p < 0.05$ ); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q8e. My community is actively instituting policies that address the misuse of alcohol and other drugs.

**Table 166 Community Policies Address Misuse of Alcohol/Drugs by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	104	5.5	3.9	4.5	4.3	5.0	6.6	4.3	5.1	9.7	3.8	6.3	8.0	6.2
Disagree	258	13.9	10.7	13.6	13.1	13.5	11.6	19.7	15.8	16.0	19.9	21.8	16.8	18.2
Neither Agree nor Disagree	912	53.4	46.4	47.3	49.6	53.0	48.5	49.3	52.0	49.5	50.5	48.8	50.4	55.6
Agree	375	22.3	32.2	28.6	26.8	23.9	26.9	21.7	21.8	19.5	21.6	20.2	20.8	15.7
Strongly Agree	87	5.0	6.8	6.1	6.2	4.5	6.5	4.9	5.3	5.3	4.2	2.9	3.9	4.3
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1736</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	66	3.6	1.6	2.0	2.3	0.0	1.0	2.1	3.3	3.4	1.1	3.0	2.8	3.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q8f. My community is taking strong action to prevent the misuse of alcohol and other drugs.**

**Table 167 Community Takes Action to Prevent Misuse of Alcohol/Drugs by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Strongly Disagree	125	6.8	4.6	4.9	5.8	6.5	7.0	6.3	6.3	9.3	5.8	6.4	9.3	6.8
Disagree	333	18.4	13.4	16.3	15.2	16.9	16.3	18.2	20.8	23.9	22.7	25.6	20.5	23.7
Neither Agree nor Disagree	884	50.4	46.8	47.0	46.6	50.0	48.9	52.0	48.0	46.4	47.7	48.1	48.8	53.0
Agree	317	19.6	29.0	25.9	26.7	21.7	22.2	18.1	20.3	15.8	19.4	16.4	17.6	11.9
Strongly Agree	83	4.7	6.2	5.8	5.7	4.8	5.5	5.4	4.5	4.5	4.4	3.5	3.8	4.6
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1742</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	60	3.4	1.6	2.2	2.5	3.6	1.1	1.8	3.0	3.1	1.1	1.6	3.5	3.3
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q8g. I am concerned that tobacco companies have used creative strategies to continue to promote tobacco use, such as adding flavors to tobacco products to make them taste like candy or fruit**

**Table 87 Tobacco Companies Using Flavored Tobacco Products to Promote Use**

	Statewide 2022		Urban 2022	Rural 2022	Frontier 2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %
Strongly Disagree	80	6.4	6.5	4.3	6.2
Disagree	102	7.3	8.0	7.7	7.4
Neither Agree nor Disagree	342	20.7	20.6	25.9	19.2
Agree	651	35.4	33.9	36.4	40.0
Strongly Agree	566	30.2	31.0	25.8	27.2
Valid Total	<b>1741</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Don't know</b>	61	3.2	3.4	2.9	3.8
Total Count	<b>1802</b>		<b>1054</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>351</b>

Q9. What is your age?

**Table 168 Age by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
18-20	15	2.1	3.4	3.3	1.3	2.8	1.1	3.0		0.9	1.2	0.0	1.3	0.6
21-24	58	8.2	10.7	9.9	6.9	9.8	3.8	4.8	3.0	5.3	7.6	2.6	3.5	3.0
25-44	490	36.2	38.7	40.0	42.5	40.1	30.3	30.4	32.2	32.5	27.0	28.0	30.2	30.6
45-64	581	32.1	30.4	29.4	30.7	27.5	39.9	37.0	38.2	33.4	36.6	39.1	36.2	33.6
65 and older	614	21.4	16.8	17.4	18.8	19.9	24.8	24.8	26.6	27.9	27.6	30.3	28.9	32.2
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1758</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	44	2.7	1.3	0.9	2.1	2.8	0.6	0.5	1.9	2.1	1.2	1.2	1.6	2.4
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q10. Gender

**Table 169 Gender by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Male	587	49.4	48.9	49.4	49.5	49.2	50.9	51.0	50.5	50.9	49.9	48.6	50.6	49.6
Female	1151	50.6	51.1	50.6	50.5	50.8	49.1	49.0	49.5	49.1	50.1	51.4	49.4	50.4
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1738</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Other	11	3.2	0.3	0.6	0.4	3.2	0.2	0.0	0	2.2	0.6	0.0	0.7	3.3
No Answer	53	0.9	1.5	1.4	2.5	0.6	1.9	1.8	2.8	1.6	2.2	1.9	2.3	0.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

Q11. Which of the following represent your race or ethnic background? (Mark all that apply.)

**Table 170 Race/Ethnic Background by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Caucasian	1614	97.3	0.0	0.0	92.2	96.9	0.0	0.0	93.2	95.3	0.0	0.0	93.9	95.4
Black or African American*	14	4.2	2.0	2.0	4.0	6.3	1.3	1.4	1.1	2.2	0.1	0.4	0.7	0.0
American Indian or Alaska Native*	66	10.3	2.2	0.6	2.2	9.7	6.5	3.6	5.1	17.9	3.9	5.3	1.3	10.1
Asian*	22	5.3	2.8	3.4	2.2	7.0	2.1	1.7	0.4	4.0	1.7	1.1	0.3	3.4
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	7	1.6	0.1	0.2	0.4	2.2	0.0	1.0	0.0	2.5	0.8	0.0	0.2	0.0
Other (please specify)	60	9.7	3.2	4.0	2.8	13	2.6	5.4	1.4	5.8	4.3	1.9	5.2	5.8
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1686</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
No Answer	116		0.2	0.7	2.9	9.1	0.0	0.0	2.9	5.9	0.6	0.3	2.9	5.1
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	1054	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>392</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

Q12. Are you of Hispanic origin?

**Table 171 Hispanic Origin by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Yes	32	2.5	1.9	3.6	2.0	3.0	2.2	3.3	0.9	0.6	1.7	0.3	1.8	1.1
No	1680	97.5	98.1	96.4	98.0	97.0	97.8	96.7	99.1	99.4	98.3	99.7	98.2	98.9
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1712</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	90	1.4	1.3	0.9	2.8	1.0	1.8	1.1	2.0	3.3	1.5	1.3	2.8	1.2
No Answer	23	3.8	2.1	1.5	1.7	4.0	2.7	0.5	1.1	2.6	2.9	2.8	0.6	3.8
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.

**Q13. Which one of the following best describes your employment status?**

**Table 172 Employment by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Full time employed	871	59.6	60.8	61.7	61.6	62.2	56.9	56.5	52.3	52.5	55.0	49.4	55.2	52.6
Part time employed	163	9.4	11.1	9.7	10.3	9.4	10.1	10.2	10.7	10.9	12.5	11.0	8.9	7.4
Full time with second job	35	2.4	2.0	2.0	2.8	2.3	3.0	0.9	4.1	3.0	2.2	3.3	3.2	2.6
Not employed – Looking for a job	20	1.4	2.0	1.4	2.0	1.4	3.1	3.3	2.6	1.6	0.8	1.1	0.3	1.4
Not employed – Not looking for a job	660	27.1	24.1	25.2	23.3	24.7	26.9	29.1	30.4	32.0	29.4	35.1	32.3	36.0
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1749</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	53	3.1	2.5	1.2	2.7	3.2	2.5	0.7	3.4	2.3	2.5	1.1	2.8	2.6
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

\*2022 pop. density area differences are statistically significant (p < 0.05); overall Pearson Chi-square test performed.



**Q14. In which sector of the economy are you currently employed? (If not currently working, check category of last employment)**

**Table 173 Employment Sector by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
Agriculture	171	8.3	4.0	3.1	3.9	3.2	22.7	12.6	21.7	20.2	32.0	25.4	27.6	25.9
Manufacturing	55	4.2	5.8	4.5	6.3	4.1	6.1	4.7	4.2	5.8	4.6	1.8	3.6	2.8
Transportation/ Utilities	70	5.0	5.2	5.9	5.1	4.9	4.3	3.3	4.4	5.6	5.3	6.7	8.8	5.7
Wholesale	18	1.3	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.9	0.5	0.2
Retail	121	6.4	9.6	9.2	9.5	6.8	4.2	11.4	6.6	5.6	3.4	7.1	7.5	6.0
Finance and Real Estate	71	4.3	3.6	4.3	3.3	4.7	3.8	0.9	4.1	2.1	2.8	3.7	3.6	3.6
Business and Repair Services	63	4.6	3.0	4.0	3.2	4.7	4.1	2.8	4.0	2.6	2.6	3.3	4.0	5.8
Professional	300	17.9	15.8	18.6	18.2	18.5	15.1	13.1	15.2	11.4	12.3	12.2	8.5	15.9
Government	193	12.0	10.9	10.8	11.2	12.4	6.7	14.0	6.0	15.8	6.8	7.1	5.4	6.7
Leisure and Hospitality	30	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.8	2.7	1.9	2.6	2.0	0.7	2.1	1.2	1.2	0.5
Education	258	13.3	14.1	11.4	11.5	13.3	12.4	11.0	10.8	12.7	7.5	10.4	10.0	14.1
Other (please specify)	345	20.5	24.7	24.6	23.7	23.2	18.0	22.8	20.2	16.9	20.0	20.2	19.3	12.9
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1695</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	107	5.0	6.3	4.2	6.4	4.8	6.9	3.7	6.8	5.0	5.3	5.1	5.7	7.5
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>

Q15. How many children live in your home?

**Table 174 Children by PDA**

	Statewide		Urban				Rural				Frontier			
	2022		2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022	2015	2017	2019	2022
	Freq.	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	Wtd. %	
0	1202	66.4	65.1	65.8	60.6	65.9	65.0	65.4	61.1	61.9	70.7	68.3	63.4	69.1
1	179	11.8	14.0	11.1	11.9	12.7	10.5	12.2	10.1	13.2	10.4	11.9	8.8	7.9
2	194	13.1	11.5	13.6	13.8	13.3	14.6	12.1	12.3	14.6	10.2	9.0	10.2	12.1
3	78	5.5	5.5	5.8	6.2	5.6	5.6	4.8	6.3	6.2	4.6	6.0	8.1	4.9
4	34	2.0	2.5	2.7	2.1	1.4	3.8	4.2	3.8	0.0	2.8	2.7	2.1	4.4
5	6	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.8	1.0	0.0	0.4	1.0	0.5	0.9
6	5	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0		3.5	0.2	1.1	0.2	0.8
7	2	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.0	0.4	0.0
8	1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0
9	1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10+	1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>Valid Total</b>	<b>1703</b>		<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>
Don't know	99		0.0	1.7	4.4	5.1	0.0	2.3	4.5	5.6	0.0	3.0	6.2	6.2
<b>Total Count</b>	<b>1802</b>		<b>1353</b>	<b>1134</b>	<b>1367</b>	<b>1054</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>412</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>502</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>351</b>